

## When in Need of Efficient Help

In your home, office, store or factory, call up the Post-Dispatch. Give or Central 6000—or leave the ad with your druggist.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

## NIGHT EDITION

VOL. 70, NO. 291.

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 10, 1918—20 PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## LAWYER'S TALK HALTS TRIAL OF DR. WEINSBERG

Judge Trieber Stops Chester H. Krum in Argument Against Constitutionality of Espionage Act.

## "DECLARATION OF WAR CAME TOO LATE"

Attorney Says Declaration Was Deferred to Permit Use of Slogan, "He Kept Us Out of War."

The trial of Dr. Charles H. Weinsberg, president of the lately disbanded Missouri branch of the German-American Alliance, on the charge of violating the espionage act, was deferred today when Judge Trieber, sitting for Judge Dyer in the United States District Court, stopped Attorney Chester H. Krum in his argument in behalf of a demurrer to the indictment.

The indictment of Dr. Weinsberg was based on an interview obtained by two Post-Dispatch reporters with him, which was published in the Post-Dispatch of April 13 last. In this interview he predicted that the war would end within six months, through the overwhelming of Italy and France by the Teutonic forces.

Attorney Krum, in his argument, attacked the constitutionality of the espionage act of June 15 last as being in violation of the constitutional guarantee of free speech. He also argued that Dr. Weinsberg, in the interview, had not been guilty of any attempt to induce disloyalty or refusal of duty on the part of anyone, and had merely been expressing his own opinion and judgment on the military situation then existing.

**Reads From Brief.**  
Krum read from a long printed brief, which began with the declaration that he (Krum) had favored a declaration of war on Germany ever since the Lusitania was sunk, and that he had "entertained no view deprecating of the war declared to exist April 6, 1917, except that unfortunately that declaration may have come too late."

Krum charged, in effect, that the declaration of war was delayed for political reasons. "It was conceded," he said, "that the outrages were acts of war. Yet the status was not declared for any other apparent reason than that although the imperial Government had deliberately prepared for and knew just when and where to deliver its felon stroke, and all of this was understood and appreciated in certain quarters, the idea of November, 1916, had not yet come. 'What would you have done?' had not been answered at the ballot box through the stupidity of all stupidities—the slogan, 'He kept us out of war.'"

When Krum took up the argument that Dr. Weinsberg had merely expressed his opinion, under the constitutional guarantee of free speech, Judge Trieber interrupted him, saying that the Constitution did not protect anyone in uttering disloyal remarks or urging violation of law. Krum proceeded to argue that Weinsberg had based his statements on facts, and the Judge again interrupted.

**"Danger in Truth," He Says.**  
"The truth may be more dangerous than falsehoods," the Court remarked. "What would you say of telling the truth about the movement of troops by water? Would not that be more dangerous than a falsehood?"

"There is no law against the publication of such facts," Krum replied. "If any such law were proposed, you could not hear yourself think, for the howl that the newspapers would raise against it." The point at which the Court stopped Krum's argument was when he was reading a special article written by John L. Balderston and printed in the Globe-Democrat of May 12. Krum argued that this article was much more likely to cause disloyalty and refusal of duty than any utterance made by Dr. Weinsberg. The phrase which he quoted from the article was a declaration that "Whole herds of oxen have been sitting on the tongues of Americans, because the American army has been on the wrong road for a period of nine months."

**Judge Refuses to Hear More.**  
The lawyer repeated this phrase, with sarcastic comments, until he was stopped by Judge Trieber, who said he did not wish to hear any more, and that he would not pass on the demurrer.

"Then," said Krum, "the case will be automatically continued to the next term of court." (This would be the September term.)

Assistant District Attorney White said he would oppose a continuance, and John P. Leahy, counsel for Dr. Weinsberg, said he was ready for

## MAJOR CARMACK DECORATED WITH FRENCH WAR CROSS

St. Louisan Who Was Wounded in Action Gets Medal When in Hospital.

Maj. John Frank Carmack of the 137th United States Infantry, formerly Captain of I Company and later a Major in the First Regiment in St. Louis, who was reported severely wounded in the casualty list of May 29, has been decorated with the French War Cross, according to a cablegram received from him by his wife, who is in New York. Mrs. Carmack telegraphed the news today to Maj. Carmack's sister, Miss Katherine Carmack, who is visiting at 6325 Washington boulevard.

Maj. Carmack stated that he was recovering from his wounds in a hospital and it was while lying there that the war cross was pinned on his breast. He said that the official reason for the award was that he had led his men "over the top."

Maj. Carmack was transferred from the 138th Infantry and sent to France ahead of the 137th Infantry, to which he was attached to receive intensive training in a school for officers in France.

## GEN. WOOD KEPT HOME FOR GOOD OF SERVICE, BAKER SAYS

Secretary Presents Plan for Naming Successors to Gen. Crozier and Sharpe.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, June 10.—Secretary Baker, appearing today before the Senate Military Committee at the start of the hearings on the army appropriation bill, said the orders holding Major-General Wood in this country were regarded "for the good of the service," and presented the plan for appointing successors to Major-Generals Crozier and Sharpe, who have been relieved respectively from their active jurisdiction over the ordnance and quartermaster's bureaus. Some Senators urged that Gen. Wood be sent across.

Secretary Baker proposed that an amendment be added to the bill authorizing the President to appoint two Major-Generals "at large," and that that amendment be so worded as to provide for the appointment of Gen. Wood to be sent across. Secretary Baker proposed that an amendment be added to the bill authorizing the President to appoint two Major-Generals "at large," and that that amendment be so worded as to provide for the appointment of Gen. Wood to be sent across.

Secretary Baker proposed that an amendment be added to the bill authorizing the President to appoint two Major-Generals "at large," and that that amendment be so worded as to provide for the appointment of Gen. Wood to be sent across.

## The Usual Expression of CONFIDENCE

Was again demonstrated by both Home and National Advertisers, yesterday, when they made the POST-DISPATCH a big favorite over both of the other Sunday newspapers combined.

The count for Sunday, June 9:

Total Paid Advertising— 306 Cols.  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 253 Cols.  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 53 Cols.

Home-Merchants' Advertising— 139 Cols.  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 116 Cols.  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 23 Cols.

National Advertising— 42 Cols.  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 29 Cols.  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 13 Cols.

Real Estate and Wants— 125 Cols.  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 108 Cols.  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 17 Cols.

Quality Advertising— 10,840  
Department Store Advertising— 16,180  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 16,180

Automobile Advertising— 9716  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 6251  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 3465

Musical Advertising— 1420  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 1128  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 292

Furniture Advertising— 11,447  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 4130  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 7317

Women's Apparel Advertising— 3920  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 3120  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 800

Shoe Advertising— 1623  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 200  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 1423

Men's Apparel Advertising— 838  
Globe-Democrat and Republic combined— 17  
POST-DISPATCH excess over both— 668

Mr. Prospective Advertiser: Give the buying public your store-news through the Quality and Quantity Circulation of

"St. Louis' ONE BIG Newspaper"

## MRS. KINSEY WINS DOWER RIGHT IN \$450,000 ESTATE

Probate Judge Also Refuses to Oust Her as Administrator of Her Husband's Property.

## "DESPOILING" OF HIS BODY ALLEGED

Her Attorneys Plan to Sue Thomas W. White for Having Autopsy Performed and Retaining Viscera.

Mrs. Jennie Ruth Kinsey of 4251 West Pine boulevard today won every point in her fight to retain a dower right in the \$450,000 estate of her husband, Thomas W. Kinsey, to establish the validity of her marriage to him, and to administer the estate. The decision was announced by Probate Judge Holtcamp, who heard the suit to oust her.

Harry and Marie Kinsey, the small grandchildren of Kinsey by his first wife, would have been the sole beneficiaries had Mrs. Kinsey been deprived of her share in the estate. As it is they will get half of the estate. A bill for services, filed by Randolph Laughlin, attorney for Mrs. Kinsey, disclosed that he is preparing to file a suit "in her behalf" against Thomas W. White, attorney for the petitioners, for "despoiling Kinsey's body." White admitted during the trial of the suit that he had an autopsy performed on the body, and that he had a fragment of the viscera at his home. Laughlin was allowed \$10,000 for defending Mrs. Kinsey.

One of the charges against Mrs. Jennie Kinsey was that she had relations with other men which were not condoned by Kinsey prior to his death. The Court said that "while Mrs. Kinsey may have been guilty of indiscreet conduct, it was shown that when she was out with a man there always was a third or more parties present." There was no evidence.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

## ROOSEVELT IN SECLUSION AT HIS HOTEL HERE

Accompanied by Physician and Is Under Orders Not to Do Anything But Fill Speaking Engagements.

## WILL TALK AT COLISEUM TONIGHT

Indicates He Wants Persons of German Antecedents to Hear Address on Their Duty to America.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who is in St. Louis to make an address on "Americanism" at 8:15 o'clock tonight at a public mass meeting in the Coliseum, expressed a desire during the day that St. Louisans of German antecedents particularly come to hear him. He indicated that he wished to remind them of their duty to the United States. Consequently, it has been arranged for several well-known St. Louisans of German origin to be on the platform with the Colonel.

Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt arrived last night from Omaha and were met at Union Station by a delegation of the National Security League, under whose auspices his St. Louis meeting was arranged.

The former President rested during the day at Hotel Jefferson, receiving only a few personal friends. More than 50 persons requested audiences. Col. Roosevelt, who is feeling the effects of a recent severe illness, said after arriving at the hotel that he was making every effort to fulfill, at this time, the schedule of speeches which he was obliged to cancel in February. He said that, for this purpose, he was accompanied by a physician and was under the physician's orders. He said his physician told him that if he refrained from doing anything but making the scheduled addresses he would probably be able to carry out the program.

"I have erysipelas in my left leg and at Chicago I had fever," the Colonel said, "to indicate the need for taking care of himself here. It had been hoped that Col. Roosevelt would be able to review the troops at Jefferson Barracks, and to receive delegations from some patriotic organizations during the day. But his secretary said, at breakfast time, that a quiet and secluded day was ahead of the Colonel."

Judge David P. Dyer of the United States District Court, called and was received at 11 a. m. Edward K. Love, president of the local branch of the Security League, and Robert Keiser were received for a short conference on plans for the Coliseum meeting. Love and Keiser, with Samuel C. Davis, will act as Roosevelt's escort to the Coliseum. The third exception was for Stephen Connell, his wife and daughter. Connell is superintendent of the local division of the United States secret service and during the seven years of Col. Roosevelt's tenure as President was attached to the White House.

Paul V. Bunn, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, who held an appointment under the Colonel during his administration as President, and Bunn's sister-in-law, Miss Temple Bailey, also were received. Col. Roosevelt spent the forenoon reading magazines and newspapers in his suite. In his party are his negro valet, who has been in his service 16 years, and John Leary of the New York Tribune, who is acting as the Colonel's secretary on the present tour.

Mrs. Roosevelt departed from the hotel shortly after noon with Mrs. Keiser and Mrs. Love to drive about the parks and residence section and to lunch at the St. Louis Country Club. It was rumored that she dressed with wartime simplicity.

At the Coliseum meeting the Great Lakes Naval Training Station Band will give a concert. The public will be admitted free. The doors will open at 7:30. Col. Roosevelt's speech is scheduled to begin at 8:15.

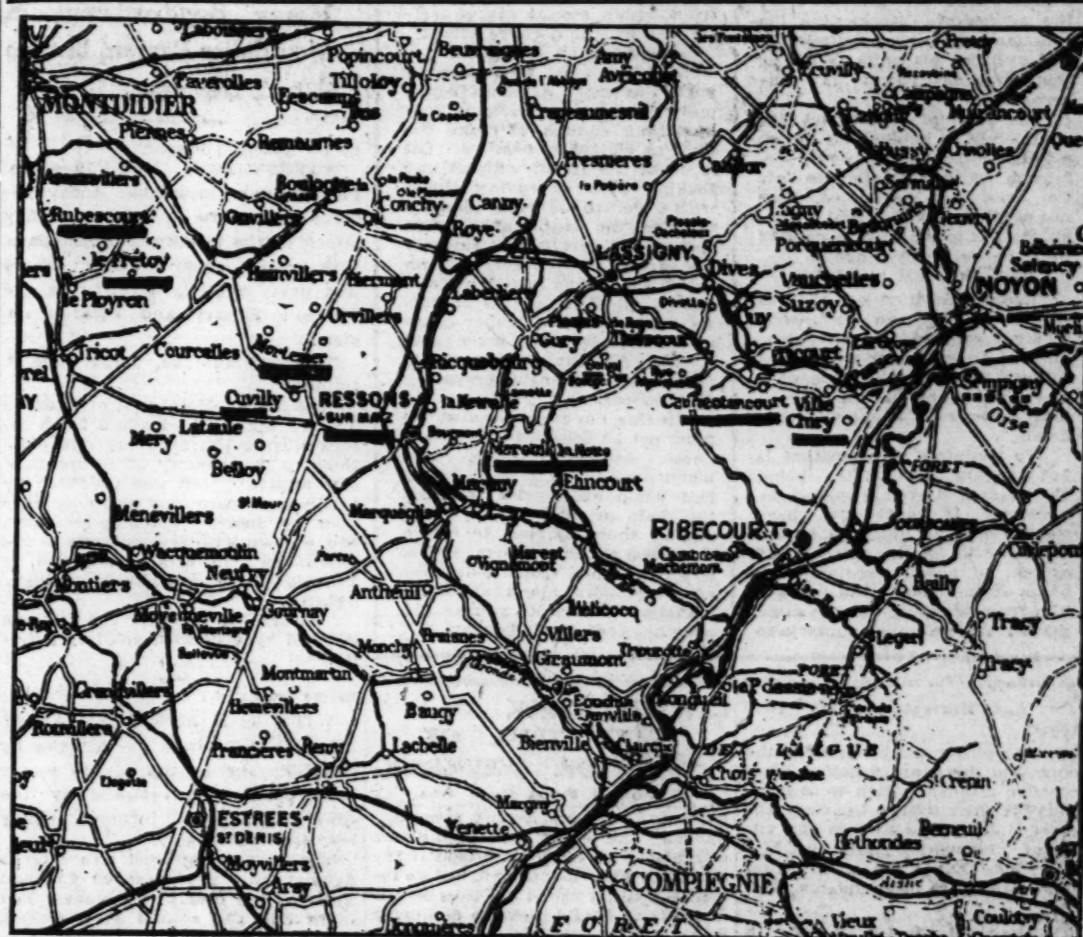
The Jefferson Hotel flew from Twelfth street windows the flags of all the allies in recognition of the presence of Col. Roosevelt.

## NEW BANK CLEARINGS RECORD

High Mark in St. Louis Today of \$42,578,493.  
The St. Louis bank clearings made a new high record today with a total of \$42,578,493.

# GERMANS MAKE LITTLE GAIN IN NEW OFFENSIVE; AMERICANS ADVANCE

Where the Germans Have Renewed Their Attack



The towns and villages taken by the enemy in his new offensive are heavily underscored.

## TICKET-BUYERS WAIT AS CLERKS STUDY RATES

Increase in Fares Does Not Decrease Travel—Travelers Patient Under New Conditions.

The new and increased rates for railroad travel, which went into effect this morning, caused some delay at Union Station ticket windows in the forenoon, through the unfamiliarity of ticket clerks with the new rates and through the need of explaining the increase to some of the travelers. The number of travelers seemed to be somewhat larger than usual on Monday morning.

The new tariffs did not reach this city until last Thursday, and extra clerks were put to work to shape the schedule for the ticket sellers. Barney W. Frauenthal, general agent of the Terminal Railroad Association, which sells tickets for all the railroads entering St. Louis, said he had not had sufficient time to prepare for the change in rates, which touches the fare to every point touched by railroad travel. He said they usually were given 30 days to prepare for a change in rates.

Each ticket seller, Frauenthal explained, works with a book containing a schedule of rates, but owing to the short notice given for this change in rates, it has been possible to prepare only one book, which is being used by all the ticket sellers. This fact causes some delay, but travelers were patient. No word of complaint against the delay or the raise in rates was made by those at the windows.

Tickets aggregating \$600,000 a month are sold at Union Station, and the increased rates will add substantially to this approximation. The rates were increased to 3 cents a mile from the old basis of about 2 1/2 cents by Director-General McAdoo to provide revenue for wage increases and higher costs of coal and other supplies this year. The increase, added to an increase of 25 per cent on freight rates, effective June 25, is expected to add \$800,000,000 to \$900,000,000 a year to railroad revenue.

## U. S. SOLDIERS NOW WEAR CAP

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, June 10.—A new cap without brim or peak and matching the army uniform in color is being worn now by all American soldiers overseas. A War Department statement says the cap adds to the safety of the men in the trenches, as in the case of tall men the hats could be seen above the parapets.

The cap can be worn under the steel trench helmet.

## BECOMES U. S. CITIZEN, KNOWING CAPTURE WILL MEAN EXECUTION

German Renounces Allegiance to Kaiser; Total of 11 Men From Scott Field Are Naturalized. Thirty-one noncommissioned officers and privates from Scott Field aviation camp, mechanics and men in the Quartermaster's Department, were naturalized in the Federal Court today. William F. Guenther was the only German in the number.

"Do you realize that by renouncing allegiance to the Emperor in time of war you are guilty of treason, under the German law, and would be executed if captured?" asked Judge Trieber. Guenther said he did.

"And you are willing, with that understanding, to become a citizen, and fight for the United States?" the Judge asked. "I certainly am," Guenther declared, with emphasis, and he was accepted.

## LOSES TWO HUSBANDS AND MARRIES A THIRD DURING WAR

Lady Michael Wardell Weds a British Officer Who Holds Commission in Royal Hussars. By the Associated Press.  
LONDON, June 10.—To have lost two husbands and married a third during the war has been the experience of Lady Michael Wardell, one of London's May day brides.

She is a daughter of Sir Daniel Cooper, an Australian millionaire. She married first the late Viscount Northland, who lost his life in active service in 1915 and left a will in which he expressed the hope that his widow would marry again. She fulfilled his hope when she was married to Capt. Geoffrey Mills, who was killed a year ago.

Her third husband is also a British officer, holding a commission in the Royal Hussars.

## FAIR AND CONTINUED WARM TODAY AND TOMORROW

High, 87, at 7:1 p. m.; low, 64 at 6 a. m. Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair and continued warm tonight and tomorrow; warmer in north portion. Stage of river at 7 a. m.: 17.5 feet, a rise of .6 of a foot.

## TELLS REICHSTAG U. S. IS ALLIES' LAST HOPE

New President of Body Asks if Anyone Now Believes Kaiser Will Recoil Before America.

By the Associated Press.  
AMSTERDAM, June 10.—The newly elected President of the Reichstag, Herr Fehrenbach, was loudly applauded during his speech in the Reichstag Saturday in which he referred to the Americans as the last hope of the allies.

"We are apparently confronted with a gigantic climax to the war," he said. "M. Clemenceau describes the situation as serious, but he has one hope, the Americans. We and our allies do not rely on foreign forces, but with the protection of the All Highest, upon invincible strength of the German army and the unquenchable perseverance of the German people."

"Is there still any man in the world who believes that the army which has overcome the greatest armies of Europe, reinforced by Canadians, Australians and Asiatic troops, will recoil before the army which, perhaps, America may yet send over against us?" "If it pleases the French to see that part of a beautiful France which is still undevastated converted into a battlefield, with Americans taking part, the responsibility for the pain and suffering falls not upon us but upon them. With steely unbroken strength, we will enter upon what is assuredly the last stage in this enormous struggle."

Alsace-Lorraine Situation. The military dictatorship in Alsace-Lorraine was denounced in the Reichstag yesterday by Herman Wendel, Socialist deputy. He said four-fifths of the population was strongly pro-German when the war began, but that now conditions were entirely reversed.

Deputy Waldstein, Progressive, corroborated Herr Wendel's statement. Gen. von Wrisberg stated that only two persons in Alsace-Lorraine had been imprisoned under the war emergency law, but Herr Waldstein interrupted him, shouting: "Hundreds!"

Herr Wendel was cheered when he said: "Alsace-Lorraine must have the same rights as the German federal states, namely, home rule."

## 1918 DRAFT MEN MAY ENLIST IN NAVY OR MARINE CORPS

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, June 10.—Men of the 1918 class of draft registrants may enlist in the navy and marine corps, according to a new ruling today by Provost Marshal-General Crowder.

## VIOLENT FIGHTING CONTINUES

Enemy, After Suffering Severe Losses, Advances Slightly in Center, Reaching Important Points, but French Right and Left Wings Hold Firmly.

## U. S. TROOPS ON MARNE GAIN GROUND

Operating With Poilus They Take 150 Prisoners—Hundreds of Germans Captured by French in Other Engagements.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, June 10.—The new German attack on the front between Mont Didier and Noyon continued last night with undiminished violence the War Office reports. On the French left wing serious German attacks, made time after time, were broken by the French.

In the center the enemy, bringing up reinforcements, made further progress, reaching the southern part of Cuvilly Wood and Rezonno-Sur-Matz.

On the French right wing along the front of the new attack bitter fighting continues. The French took more than 500 prisoners in various engagements. Prisoners report unanimously that the losses of the Germans thus far in the battle which began yesterday morning have been extremely heavy.

French and American troops, continuing their attacks in the region of Bussieres, on the Marne front, gained more ground and took prisoners.

"It was a perfectly satisfactory day," said Premier Clemenceau last night.

Latest advices from the battle front show that on the whole the enemy clearly suffered a check on Sunday's operations. "The enemy gained a slight advantage in the center on a front of three and three-quarters miles, about a fourth of the entire line of attack. On the wings he was stopped with such losses that five divisions have been put out of commission, or about one-third of the divisions identified up to the present as having taken part in the attack. This was done without the French reserves being called on."

Battle Continues With Violence. The statement follows: "The German push was continued yesterday and last night with the most ferocity."

"On the French left wing violent attacks were renewed on several occasions, but they were broken by the French fire and by counter attacks by our troops. The town of Courcelles was captured and recaptured and finally remained in our hands."

"On the right the French forces maintained their position to the southeast of Villers. Here there was bitter fighting. The French took more than 500 prisoners in the course of these various engagements."

"On the center the enemy advanced by bringing in fresh forces to continue his progress. He was successful in reaching the southern edge of Cuvilly Wood and Rezonno-Sur-Matz, on the plateau of Bellignies. Further to the east the fighting was continued in Thieucourt Wood."

"According to the unanimous reports of prisoners the battle up to the present time has cost the enemy enormous losses."

"To the north of Rheims there has been fairly spirited artillery fighting. French forces continued their operation on which they embarked yesterday to the east of Haute-Marne and took 150 prisoners."

Germans Suffered Heavily. "Between the Rivers Ource and Marne, French forces repulsed several German attacks east of Vimeux. Continuing their progress in the region of Brumettes, French and American troops gained ground brought up to 250 the number of

prisoners taken and captured 30 machine guns.

The Germans had to bring up their troops at the last moment in order to avoid giving alarm to the allies. As the columns arrived they were compelled to deploy from the column of march into the line of attack. This operation, which takes some hours, exposes the men to an unpleasant artillery fire unless the element of surprise is preserved.

The German attacking troops coming out to envelop the heights of Bouages and Riquebourg, dominating the Matz Valley, offered a splendid target to the French gunners. The enemy had to throw in division after division before he was able to drive his way forward to Resons-sur-Matz and Marcell along the Roy road, which was swept by French fire.

Resons-sur-Matz is a central position from which the enemy can direct attacks southward to Estreess-St. Denis or southeast to Compiègne. He is being strongly counter attacked, however.

## ENEMY ADVANCES ONLY IN CENTER; HIS LOSSES HEAVY

French Were Prepared for New Thrust—Every Foot of Ground Bitterly Contested.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sunday, June 9.—Notwithstanding the great forces the Germans threw into the line today when they opened their offensive between Montdidier and the Oise, they did not achieve any considerable advance. The enemy apparently hoped, by weight of numbers, to break the line on this sector, which he failed to do during the first half of April, when so many severe engagements resulted in the Germans being stopped short.

Time after time increasingly dense waves of infantry attempted to pierce the allied defenses. Southwest of Noyon, however, they could not produce any effect on the troops holding the front line. The defense, however, were as firm as rocks, and held the enemy tightly in check.

The Germans were able to make some immediate progress because the allies retired from the advanced posts which constituted the first line westward from Noyon. When the real line of resistance was reached, however, the enemy's advance was checked and small counter attacks delivered immediately by the allies were successful in regaining ground. Before the infantry attack, the Germans deluged the allies' lines to a depth of at least six miles with poison gas and high explosive shells. The allied guns replied immediately with a fire of terrific intensity in order to hinder the movements of the enemy troops getting ready to advance. When the infantry attack finally came it did not affect such a wide front as the artillery preparation.

In the center of the attacking front, where the allied line was weakest owing to terrain conditions, the Germans were able to reach Resons-sur-Matz and Marcell about three miles apart and marking an advance of two and a half miles.

Throughout the day, however, every foot of territory was contested bitterly and the line maintained perfect cohesion despite all the efforts of the Germans to pierce. The slight progress the Germans made could then be held.

The allied left flank held just as solidly as the right and the German advance was limited to the occupation of a few trenches without affecting the strength of the positions.

## British Improve Their Line South of the Somme.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, June 10.—A considerable local improvement of the British line just to the south of the Somme was effected last night through a slight advance carried out in the neighborhood of Bouscourt.

## Vienna Reports Increased Activity on Italian Front.

VIENNA, via London, June 10.—"Fighting activity continues," says an official communication from headquarters, "but the everywhere without result. In the Guldica and near Asiago, the enemy advanced against our position, but was repulsed by our fire. Very desperate fighting developed from repeated attacks on Mont Pertica, where the enemy after violent gunfire which increased to its greatest intensity at midday, pressed forward on a front one kilometer in breadth. His assaults failed against the effectiveness of our artillery fire and the bravery of the troops fighting in the trenches and the attacking forces, who suffered severely, withdrew to their lines. All the enemy's reconnoitering attempts at the mouth of the Piave failed."

## Attack on British Post North of Albert Repulsed.

LONDON, June 10.—German troops last night attacked a British post in Aveley Wood, to the north of Albert. The War Office announced today: "The enemy was repulsed."

## Last Night's Official Report of the Fighting

PARIS, June 10.—The official statement issued last night said: "A new offensive begun this morning by the German army developed with sustained violence on a front of 25 kilometers (approximately 21.8 miles) between Montdidier and the Oise. The enemy in great force, multiplied his efforts to drive through our line, but our troops everywhere sustained the shock along the entire battle line. Stubborn engagements stopped or seriously retarded the enemy thrust. On the left the Germans did not succeed in crossing our covering zone and were strongly held by our troops on the line of Rubecourt, Le

## Reserve Must Be Held as Bludgeon for Final Decisive Blow, Says Foch

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, June 10.—That battles can be won in the end only by the army which takes the offensive, is the significant declaration made by Gen. Foch, Commander in Chief of the Allies, in an important article contributed by him to the weekly Journal The Field, in which he discusses the problem of the soldier and the way to victory.

"Modern warfare, to arrive at its end and to impose its will on the enemy," says Gen. Foch, "recognizes only one means—destruction of the enemy's organized forces."

"War undertakes and prepares this destruction by battle, which brings about the overthrow of the adversary, disorganizes his command, destroys his discipline and nullifies his units as far as the fighting power is concerned."

"Our first aim must be that completely to achieve its object a battle must not be purely defensive. A purely defensive battle, even well conducted, does not result in a victor and a vanquished. It is simply a game that must be begun over again."

"From this it is an obvious corollary that an offensive, whether started at the beginning of an action or whether it follows the defensive, can only give results and in consequence must always be adopted at the finish."

"To maintain our position is not synonymous with being victorious and even prepared for a defeat. If we remain where we are and do not pass to the offensive to fix the direction of attack, to guard against the plans of the enemy and prevent him from carrying out the same maneuver, we must undertake

Fretoy and Mortemer, which they reached.

"On the center the progress of the enemy was more appreciable. After successive attacks, which were successful in taking foot in the villages of Resons-sur-Matz and Marcell, where our units of the first line continued to offer defense, foot by foot.

On the right, the enemy met with resistance not less energetic, and notwithstanding his repeated efforts held him on the front comprising Belval, Cannecourt and Ville."

The earlier announcement said: "The Germans began at midnight a violent preparatory artillery fire from the region north of Montdidier as far as to the east of the Oise. The French batteries immediately intensified their fire in counter-preparation."

"At 4:30 o'clock the German infantry made an attack on the French position between Montdidier and Noyon. Our troops are resisting with magnificent valor in the protected zone. The battle is continuing."

"Between the Oise and the Aisne the French this morning carried out a local operation east of Hautebray and gained ground, taking 20 prisoners. South of the Ourcq the French improved their positions east of Chesay. The Germans, who succeeded at 10 o'clock last night in penetrating the French lines near Vincy, were thrown out completely by a French counter attack. At the same hour the French captured Eloup Wood and this morning the wood directly south of Bussieres. In these operations we took 200 prisoners, including five officers."

"West of Rheims, after a spirited bombardment, the Germans attacked in the region of Virgny. They suffered serious losses without obtaining any results."

BERLIN, via London, June 10.—The official report from headquarters last evening says: "West of the Oise we captured the height of Guery and adjoining enemy lines."

The afternoon statement said: "The artillery duel increased many times in the evening and early this morning. It increased in intensity in the Kemel region south of the Somme and on the Aisne."

"Local attacks by the French south of Ypres and by the British north of the Somme were singularly repulsed."

"On the Oise fighting activity revived. Local French attacks on the southern bank of the Aisne and south of the Ourcq failed. Thrusts by our troops east of Oury resulted in the capture of 45 prisoners."

"Americans who attempted again to attack northwest of Chateau Thierry were driven back beyond their positions of departure with heavy losses and prisoners were captured."

"In a successful undertaking on the east bank of the Moselle we captured prisoners."

LONDON, June 10.—"English troops carried out successfully a raid last night south of Beaumont-Hamel and captured 30 prisoners," said yesterday's official communication. "A few prisoners were captured also by the French troops in a successful raid north of Bailloult. Hostile raids were repulsed yesterday evening and during the night southeast and east of Arras and in the neighborhood of Givency-le-la Bassée."

Mrs. Wilson's Thimble Brings \$1000. Said the St. Louis Dispatch.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's pet thimble, which was sent to the treasure and trinket fund of the Aviation committee of the National Special Aid Society, has been sold to Col. F. H. Green, son of the late Mrs. Hetty Green, for \$1000.

to carry on and sustain numerous combats, each with determined aim.

"But since there remains no doubt that decisive attack is the very keystone of a battle, all other actions which make up a battle must be envisaged, considered, organized, provided with forces in the measure in which they will prepare, facilitate and guarantee development of a decisive action characterized by its mass, its surprise, its speed and for which, in consequence, it is essential that there shall be the maximum reserve force possible of troops of maneuver. The reserve—that is to say, the prepared bludgeon—is organized and kept carefully instructed to execute the single act of battle from which results are expected, namely, the decisive attack."

Reserves as Bludgeon. "Reserves must be husbanded with the most extreme parsimony so that the bludgeon may be strong enough to make the blow as violent as possible. Let loose at the finish without any lurking idea of saving them, with a well-thought-out plan for winning the battle at a point chosen and determined, reserves are thrown in all together in an action surpassing in violence and energy all other phases of battle, an action with proper characteristics—surprise, mass and speed. All our forces really participate, either by preparing it or by carrying it out."

"In this, our supreme aim, we must not be deceived by appearances. Although theory fails when applied by feeble hands and when accessories obscure the main principle, history and reason show us that in battle there is a single aim, which is worth while, namely, decisive attack, which is alone capable of assuring the desired result—the overthrow of the adversary."

## LAWYER'S TALK HALTS TRIAL OF DR. WEINBERG

Continued From Page One.

trial, and was not asking a continuance. The Court told Leahy he had an immediate trial if the demurrer was withdrawn, but he repeated that he would not pass on the demurrer. Leahy said the demurrer would not be withdrawn.

The court then passed on to another case. Attorney White said later that he would try to get Judge Dyer or some other Judge to hear the demurrer, in order that the case might not go over.

After leaving the courtroom Judge Triebner was asked by a Post-Dispatch reporter why he had called a halt in Krum's argument and had stated he would not pass on the demurrer. "There are differences of opinion among the judges in this district and I don't wish to pass on it," Judge Triebner replied. "If this case were in my own district I would not hesitate to pass on the demurrer promptly. I have tried a number of such cases. But the judges in this district have had different opinions on this subject, consequently I think it proper that he should pass on this demurrer."

Judge Triebner's district is the Eastern part of Arkansas. He has been passing on other parts of Krum's argument. Judge Triebner previously said that the espionage act was a fact and had been upheld by the courts and that the war was a fact and did not need to be argued. Krum explained that he wished to show the state of mind of the people at the time of the passage of the espionage act, which he termed a hysterical piece of legislation.

An indictment obtained in the case was obtained, he argued, should be quashed on general principles, as it was contrary to public policy to put up a job on a man.

"In order to be seditious, a man must state what he knows to be untrue," Krum argued. "He has the right to express an opinion, and the right to say wise things also carries the right to say foolish ones."

Judge Triebner interrupted here to say that the only question to be decided was whether the statements made by Dr. Weinberg justified the indictment against him.

"I do not believe they do," Krum replied, and continued: "What is the statement that the German and Italian lines will break the Italian line but a statement of opinion. As to the fall of Arrmentieres, what was that statement but the truth?"

"What was the statement that the British line was in danger but the truth? Why are all these shrieks from France and England, 'Come, come, come and help us,' if that statement is not true?"

"Whether, with Germany controlling Europe, the United States would keep up the war very long, was nothing but an expression of opinion. Can such statements as these cause our Rainbow Division to mutiny, and Pershing to break his sword over his knee?"

"The statement that if America can't get what she wants, she'll have to take what she can get, whether it means, is an expression of opinion, and surely cannot cause disloyalty. I deny that the right of free speech has been taken from the people, or that an expression of opinion is seditious."

St. Louisans on Way to France. By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Miss Evangeline Booth, commander in chief of the Salvation Army in the United States, will sail soon for France. A party of 14 workers has arrived here from the West on their way to France. The party was led by Charles T. Wheeler, P. H. Howard of St. Louis.

## AMERICANS AGAIN REPULSE ATTACKS IN MARNE CENTER

Heavy Losses Inflicted Upon Enemy—French Successfully Defend Hill 204 West of Chateau Thierry.

FIRING ON THE TOUL FRONT DIMINISHES

Americans Are Subjected to Heavy Bombardment in Montdidier Region, but No Attack Develops.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Gen. Pershing's communique today reports the repulse of a heavy enemy attack in the vicinity of Boursches, with severe enemy losses. There was lively artillery fighting in the Chateau Thierry and Picardy regions.

The communique, dated June 9, follows: "Section A—Northwest of Chateau Thierry the enemy made a fresh attack during the night on our positions in the vicinity of Boursches. The attack, which was preceded by artillery preparations and accompanied by heavy machine-gun fire, broke down with severe losses to the assailants. In this region and in Picardy there was lively artillery fighting."

"On the Marne sector the day was marked by decreased artillery activity."

By the Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 9.—Attacks by the Germans in the Marne sector have again been repulsed by the Americans, who inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

The French repulsed two attacks against Hill 204 west of Chateau Thierry, the first at 10 o'clock last night and the second at 3 o'clock this morning. French troops captured a wood south of Bussieres last night. A new German division, the Fifth Grenadier Guards, was identified by the Americans for the first time yesterday.

While the Americans in the Montdidier region were subjected to a heavy bombardment today, no infantry attack against them developed during the first phase of the new battle.

The Americans are waiting and ready for whatever may happen. The artillery fire on the Toul front has slightly diminished in intensity. There has been little aerial activity.

## Captors of 3 Americans Unwittingly Head Them Into Allied Lines.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, June 10.—How the captors of three American soldiers on the sector northwest of Chateau Thierry unwittingly led them back into the allied lines was disclosed today in a dispatch from the front there, is told by the correspondent of the Times with the American army in France.

Corp. Sidney W. Rogers and Private Raymond Howard and Pte. Ridgeway were captured at Hill 204. Two Germans started with them to the rear, but became confused and walked straight into the French lines and themselves were taken prisoners.

The Americans reported that German officers had questioned them as to landing in Europe, and where they were trained. The Americans refused to answer. The Germans served the American prisoners with a nauseating compound of flour and water as food.

## MRS. KINSER WINS DOWER RIGHT IN \$450,000 ESTATE

Continued From Page One.

dence against her proving anything more serious than indiscretion, he said.

Her Divorce Valid. As to her conduct before the married Kinser, it had no bearing on the case, the Court held. He found that her divorce from John Holl, her first husband, was valid. It had been attacked. He also found that she is competent to administer the Kinser estate.

"It was only after Kinser's death and the subsequent bringing up of the question of money that Kinser's relatives found his wife objectionable," the Judge said. "Previous to that they were on friendly terms, the testimony shows."

Mrs. Maude Kinser, mother of the Harry and Marie Kinser, and her sister, Mrs. Edna Roach, all of whom live in Chicago, testified at the trial that Mrs. Jennie Kinser "was socially impossible."

The Court allowed Mrs. Kinser \$1600 for living expenses during the last six months, and \$3600 for the next year.

Suit to Include Others. Laughlin, in stating that a suit would be filed against White, so it had been prepared but withheld until Mrs. Kinser could establish her status as Kinser's widow. He said others would be made defendants in the suit.

Max Ruler, who assisted Laughlin in the Kinser case, had not yet put in his claim for services. He said it probably would be \$7500.

## ECONOMIC UNION OF GERMANY AND AUSTRIA PROPOSED

German Vice Chancellor Would Abolish Customs Duties and Frontiers Between the Two Countries.

WOULD ACCOUNT FOR PEACE OF EUROPE

Asserts Poland, Bulgaria and Turkey Could Be Brought Into His Mittel Europa Plan.

By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, June 10.—Permanent economic and military union between Germany and Austria-Hungary, "with the gradual disappearance of customs duties and frontiers," is proposed by Friedrich von Payer, Imperial Vice Chancellor of Germany, in a statement published in the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna and quoted in the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin.

Included in this scheme of a Mitteleuropa, under domination of the Central Powers, are Russia, Poland, Bulgaria and Turkey.

In his statement the Vice Chancellor said in part:

The present form of the alliance is inadequate. In view of the fact that vital questions are concerned, the duration of the alliance must not depend continually on the feelings at the moment. Successive treaties of short duration lapse. The union must be so intimate that the idea of separation practically would be out of the question and the center of gravity of the alliance must be laid in an economic union.

Here von Payer said that the advantages of such a union would be increased if Poland and the northern border states were joined economically with the central empires. They would be enhanced enormously if, in a loose form, Russia and Bulgaria, and perhaps Turkey, also participated. The Vice Chancellor continued:

"All must finally become a great united region of intercourse with uniform interests. Concurrently with the gradual disappearance of customs duties and frontiers there must be unification or a far-reaching rapprochement of economic legislation, especially trade and industrial tariffs and the care of labor. Certain forms of indirect taxation must be outlined similarly and railways, waterways and other means of communication must be made to serve the common interest."

"Such co-operation, however, is only to be thought of in conjunction with the maintenance of the political independence of the empires considered, while mutual consideration and action in connection with questions of foreign policy are necessary."

"Political co-operation must be supported by an understanding on military questions. If the states are bound together by a treaty of protection and mutual assistance, and all would then have an identical interest in the simplification and extension of military institutions."

"It would be, indeed, fine if general disarmament would be reached with the conclusion of peace," he continued. "Let us take a stand for the present, however, on facts, and make the alliance complete. Once Germany and Austria-Hungary are economically and politically united, they would have the world with them, whether alone or with others, to run against this bloc, especially when the war preparations of the allied empires are unified, when France is weakened to such a degree as she appears today to have no idea of the menace to her existence, neither a menace to its enemies nor a protection for political states, which play the role of perpetual disturbers of the peace and intrigues; when the Northern border states are the Polish followers of Germany; when Poland and when neither starvation nor the Central Powers nor dissonance between them can longer be counted upon."

## U-Boat Cruised Between Delaware Capes and Nantuxet Lightship

By the Associated Press.

NORFOLK, Va., June 10.—Sixteen members of the crew of the American freighter Pinar Del Rio, which was sunk by an enemy submarine off the Maryland coast Saturday, said on their arrival at Elizabeth City, N. C., today, en route for Norfolk, that shortly after the submarine sent their ship to the bottom they witnessed the sinking of a schooner a few miles away.

U-Boat Cruised Between Delaware Capes and Nantuxet Lightship. By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, June 10.—A German submarine raider cruising between the Delaware Capes to Nantuxet Lightship from May 25 to June 2, according to a letter received by the wife of Capt. John C. Sweeney of the schooner Happe, The Happe was sunk May 25 and her crew taken aboard the submarine, where they remained for eight days.

## WOULD AMERICANIZE ITS NAME

The St. Louis Elsass-Lothringen Unterstuetzungsband filed a petition in Judge Rosenfeld's court today for permission to change its name to the Alsace-Lorraine American Mutual Aid Society.

It is a benefit organization with about 300 members and was incorporated in 1903. John H. Matthews, attorney for the organization, said the 300 members were loyal to the United States, many being descendants of residents of Alsace and Lorraine before those provinces were wrested from Germany by Germany in the war of 1870.

## PIRAR DEL RIO'S CREW ALL LANDED AFTER SHIP IS SUNK

American Freighter Sent Down by U-Boat Off Maryland Coast; Lifeboats Become Separated.

SUBMARINES WORKING EAST OF CAPE HENRY

Naval and Air Forces Concentrate on Effort to Bag Sea Wolves in Waters East of Virginia.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Capt. J. Mackenzie and 16 members of the crew of the American steamship Pinar Del Rio, who have been missing since the vessel was sunk by a German submarine off the coast of Maryland, on June 8, reached here today on a Norwegian steamship, which rescued them from a small lifeboat about 70 miles off the coast of New Jersey.

All members of the crew are thus accounted for. The chief mate and 15 men were landed early this morning on the North Carolina coast. The U-boat did not torpedo the Pinar Del Rio, but sank her with gunfire after the crew had been given opportunity to get into the two lifeboats, Capt. Mackenzie said.

The Pinar Del Rio stopped after a shot from the submarine passed over her bow, about 75 miles off the Maryland coast. The Americans took their time, and it was half an hour before they left the vessel. The weather was rough, and the boats soon became separated. Capt. Mackenzie and his companions drifted 10 hours before being picked up by the Norwegian ship.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—A methodical survey of the entire Atlantic coast from the Mexican line to Halifax has failed to bring to light any evidence that German submarines have employed a shore base or have had touch with the shores at any point, Secretary Daniels said today.

This was taken as an official denial of reports that strange signals had been sent at night from remote sections of the coast. Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow, inspector of naval districts, has just made a report on the steps taken by commanders of the district to protect coastal shipping and to locate the raiding forces.

After a conference with Secretary Daniels, it was said the department still is unwilling to express any opinion as to the number of submarines operating in American waters. Secretary Daniels said he was without information to confirm the report that seven U-boats were known to have departed from their base for the raid.

Sinkings reported to the Navy Department since the submarines left the New Jersey coast district last Sunday have been off Maryland and Virginia. Several of them have been off Cape Henry. This indicates the U-boats are operating over a limited area, probably of not more than a few hundred square miles, but in the important shipping lanes.

Naval and air forces have concentrated their efforts in this region. The task of bagging the sea wolves even in so limited an area is not an easy one, as the vessels can submerge and lie on the bottom until danger is past.

## Pinar Del Rio Crew Tell of Sinking of a Schooner.

By the Associated Press.

NORFOLK, Va., June 10.—Sixteen members of the crew of the American freighter Pinar Del Rio, which was sunk by an enemy submarine off the Maryland coast Saturday, said on their arrival at Elizabeth City, N. C., today, en route for Norfolk, that shortly after the submarine sent their ship to the bottom they witnessed the sinking of a schooner a few miles away.

U-Boat Cruised Between Delaware Capes and Nantuxet Lightship. By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, June 10.—A German submarine raider cruising between the Delaware Capes to Nantuxet Lightship from May 25 to June 2, according to a letter received by the wife of Capt. John C. Sweeney of the schooner Happe, The Happe was sunk May 25 and her crew taken aboard the submarine, where they remained for eight days.

## WOULD AMERICANIZE ITS NAME

The St. Louis Elsass-Lothringen Unterstuetzungsband filed a petition in Judge Rosenfeld's court today for permission to change its name to the Alsace-Lorraine American Mutual Aid Society.

It is a benefit organization with about 300 members and was incorporated in 1903. John H. Matthews, attorney for the organization, said the 300 members were loyal to the United States, many being descendants of residents of Alsace and Lorraine before those provinces were wrested from Germany by Germany in the war of 1870.

## TWO ST. LOUIS MARINES WOUNDED IN ACTION



John P. Jaas and Florian L. Frillman Listed Among Casualties of June 3.

By the Associated Press.

The names of two St. Louismen, John Preston Jaas, 23 years old, son of Mrs. J. M. Jaas, 5991A Minerva avenue, and Florian Louis Frillman, 20, grandson of Mrs. Mary Messer, 4032 Connecticut street, appeared in yesterday's casualty list of the Marine Corps. Both were wounded June 3, the opening day of the marines' recent victorious battle with the Germans.

Jaas was a shipping clerk for the Carleton Dry Goods Co. when he enlisted last June, going to France in November. Frillman, a former McKinley High School student, was in the merchant marine, having made four trips to Europe before the United States entered the war. He returned to the United States from Liverpool and enlisted when he received word of the entry of the United States. Jaas is a member of the Eighty-third Company and Frillman of the Eighty-sixth Company, Sixth Regiment, Marine Corps.

Mrs. Jaas received a letter from her son on June 1, in which he told of his second visit to the trenches, when he stayed 20 days. The letter was dated May 8 and described a "surprise" attack of the Germans, which the marines repulsed after an hour and a half of fighting, during which they killed and wounded 50 Germans. "I don't think they will try another 'surprise' for some time," Jaas wrote.

He declared that because a man is afraid of shell fire he isn't a coward. "The shells fall all the time," he wrote, "and very few men are not afraid."

## U-BOAT COMMANDER 'SPARES A SCHOONER' ON CAPTAIN'S PLEA

American Whaler Told to Go When Its Officer Explains That He Is a Poor Man.

By the Associated Press.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 10.—Two whalers which have arrived here reported they had been held up by a German submarine off Cape Cod. The U-boat commander, according to the schooner A. M. Nicholson, said that on his pleading with the Captain of the U-boat that he was a poor man and that the loss of his vessel meant ruin, he was allowed to proceed with it and 130,000 cargo of sperm oil unharmed.

After leaving the Nicholson the submarine headed for the schooner Ellen A. Swift, also returning from the whaling grounds, but before reaching her the U-boat commander sighted a steamer and went after her, sending her to the bottom.

Capt. Gonsalves of the Nicholson said the submarine suddenly appeared alongside the schooner June 9 and sent a shot across the bow. In response to commands shouted from the deck of the raider the crew of 25 men tumbled into their small boats without pausing even to drop their sails. They rowed up to within easy talking distance of the submarine and the commander asked them the name of the ship and what cargo. Capt. Gonsalves told him and added:

"God's sake, Captain, don't sink the vessel. I am a poor man and it will ruin me. I'm a big owner in her."

"Don't you know that it's a poor time to buy vessel property when people are at war?" the German retorted.

## BILL PROPOSES COMPLETE PROHIBITION DURING WAR

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—A proposal for complete prohibition during the war was presented in the Senate today by Senator Jones of Washington, as an amendment to the \$11,000,000 emergency agricultural appropriation bill. It is designed to meet President Wilson's objections to the Randall amendment, which would prevent use of \$6,000,000 of the appropriation unless the President should exercise his authority to prohibit manufacture of beer and wines.

The Jones amendment would prohibit the sale or transportation of distilled spirits during the war; prohibit manufacture of beer and wines 30 days after passage of the bill and in addition would provide that no whiskey held in storage should be withdrawn for beverage purposes.

## WANT AMERICAN GIRLS' NAMES

Mayor Kiel today received a letter from two French soldiers who want him to supply them with the names of two American girls. The letter, written in laborious English, says the girls are wanted to be "war god mothers." It says that the writers have seen American soldiers in France and express the belief that their presence means "a few times a definite and glorious peace."

The letter is signed by Andre Vincent, Eighty-first Regiment, A. L. Fifty-first Battery, A Ville Sraque, Montereau, Seine et Marne, France, and Lucien Nacu of the same regiment and address.

## TWO ST. LOUISIANS IN MARINES WOUNDED

John P. Jaas and Florian L. Frillman Listed Among Casualties of June 3.

By the Associated Press.

The names of two St. Louismen, John Preston Jaas, 23 years old, son of Mrs. J. M. Jaas, 5991A Minerva avenue, and Florian Louis Frillman, 20, grandson of Mrs. Mary Messer, 4032 Connecticut street, appeared in yesterday's casualty list of the Marine Corps. Both were wounded June 3, the opening day of the marines' recent victorious battle with the Germans.

Jaas was a shipping clerk for the Carleton Dry Goods Co. when he enlisted last June, going to France in November. Frillman, a former McKinley High School student, was in the merchant marine, having made four trips to Europe before the United States entered the war. He returned to the United States from Liverpool and enlisted when he received word of the entry of the United States. Jaas is a member of the Eighty-third Company and Frillman of the Eighty-sixth Company, Sixth Regiment, Marine Corps.

Mrs. Jaas received a letter from her son on June 1, in which he told of his second visit to the trenches, when he stayed 20 days. The letter was dated May 8 and described a "surprise" attack of the Germans, which the marines repulsed after an hour and a half of fighting, during which they killed and wounded 50 Germans.

**Protection for Mercy Ships.**—The Congressional Union of Scotland has passed a resolution in favor of petitioning the Government to place on board every hospital ship and merchant ship at least five interned German sailors of high financial standing.

## REVIEW OF FIRST YEAR OF FOOD ADMINISTRATION

By Saving Wheat U. S. Exported to Allies 80,000,000 Bushels of Grain and Flour.

SENT MORE BEEF PRODUCTS ABROAD

Increases in All Lines Have Been Results of Sacrifices by People—Bread Prices Kept Down.

The United States Food Administration has made the completion of its first year of effort the occasion of translation of its accomplishments into figures.

Kenneth G. Carpenter, recently sent from Washington to the St. Louis Food Administration, has recapitulated the figures for the Post-Dispatch.

"Housewives who have accepted in patriotic faith the requests of the Food Administration even though they shuddered at their own blouses, now can be rewarded with something tangible to show just what they have brought about through their economy and thrift," Carpenter began.

"The results of food administration in the United States may be divided into what the American people, through the directorship of Mr. Hoover, have done for their associates in war and what Mr. Hoover, through the Food Administration, has done for the American people.

Appointed Last May.

"Mr. Hoover was made Food Administrator by appointment of President Wilson last May. He did not gain the privilege, through act of Congress, of adding Food Administrator to his stationery, though, until August. Hence between May and August he accomplished what he did, not by compulsion, but by the voluntary response of the American people. And though Congress conferred on him certain powers, a large part of what he has accomplished from last August until the present time, still has been by voluntary response of the American people.

"Without discussion of the means employed, let us turn to the American effort to curb her appetite that Europe might not starve has brought about.

"From July 1, 1917, to March 31, 1918, we exported to our allies 80,000,000 bushels of grain and flour or 34 per cent of the amount available for export on July 1, while a year ago we exported to the allies only 51 per cent of the amount available for export. This was not accomplished by production of more wheat, but by saving of the wheat already produced. The effect has been to keep the armies of our allies well fed, their civil populations from want and Belgium from actual starvation. While the saving of the European war might even now have brought about the defeat of those nations.

"The export of pork products for March, 1918, was over 50 per cent larger than for any previous month in the last seven years and almost three times as great as the highest amount exported in any month in the four years before 1915. Those figures mean that the American people saved for the sake of their allies that vast amount of meat.

"The export of beef products for March, 1918, was over 20 per cent larger than for any previous month in the last seven years and more than twice as great as the highest amount exported in any month in the four years before 1915.

"The export of rye and rye flour from July 1 to the end of March was 32 per cent larger than last year, of barley 55 per cent larger and of oats and oatmeal 34 per cent larger.

"These increases are all concrete results of the sacrifice undertaken by the American people. They had no other source.

Increase of 250 Per Cent.

"In figures of total shipment of food, we have increased our exports to the allies 11,000,000,000 pounds annually since the war started. Our pre-war shipments were less than 5,000,000,000 pounds. The increase is about 220 per cent.

"In articles outside meat and wheat, the increases have been almost unbelievable. The increase in the export of condensed milk is from 400,000 pounds to 120,000,000 pounds, or nearly 30,000 per cent. Think what that means to the babies of France, England and Belgium! Exports of dried, smoked and cured fish have increased 18,000 per cent, fresh beef nearly 6000 per cent, rice more than 2000 per cent and refined sugar more than 4000 per cent.

"Wheat has emerged out of the strategy of war as the most important food. We have increased our wheat shipments 215 per cent since the war started and flour 20 per cent. These are actualities of food conservation.

"Expressing our food shipments in terms of nutritive units make our achievement more striking. Before the war our food shipments were sufficient to ration 6,000,000 men a year. We now are shipping enough to ration 22,000,000 men a year.

"Not only that, but the Food Administration has altered the course of our exports so that they go to our allies instead of to Europe as a whole. Before the war about 35 per cent of our wheat exports went to the three principal allies. Now 81 per cent of our wheat exports goes to the allies.

"Not only has there been a

## Two Americans Indicted for Treason and Three Germans Held for Spying by U. S. Court in New York City



CARL VON RODIGER



JOHN T. RYAN



JEREMIAH O'LEARY



ALBERT PAUL FRICK



MARIE D. DE VICTORIA

MARIE D. DE VICTORIA, a citizen of Germany, is being held under indictment of the Federal grand jury in New York on conspiracy to commit treason and conspiracy to commit espionage. There is a hint that it may be possible to take her case from the civil courts and transfer it to a court martial, where, of course, the penalty could be death, although it is not likely we shall copy the German of shooting women.

Carl von Rodiger is described as a Lieutenant-Commander in the German navy, alleged spy and paymaster of spies, employer of bomb plotters and director of secret methods of communicating with Germany. John T. Ryan, a lawyer, of Buffalo, N. Y., charged with conspiring

marked increase of shipments to the allies, but there has been an increase of shipments to France and Italy. Before the war 86 per cent of our calories exported each year went to the United Kingdom, while France and Italy received only about 8 and 7 per cent. That has been adjusted so that the United Kingdom gets now only 57 per cent, while France and Italy are receiving 26 and 16 per cent, respectively.

Rationing More Men.

"We are rationing twice as many men in England as we did before the war, 12 times as many in France and eight times as many in Italy. "More striking, if perhaps less important in the business of winning the war, was the accomplishment of the American people and the Food Administration toward stabilizing conditions at home, while we were thus reducing our supplies for the sake of our allies and taunting the law of supply and demand to send prices rocketing.

"Some very formidable wheat straws were blowing between the date of our entry to the war and May 17, the date when Mr. Hoover was appointed. The wheat that sold for \$1.80 a bushel in February sold for \$3.40 on May 17. Flour that sold for \$9.70 in February brought \$17 on May 17. Conditions tempted speculation. The allies were bidding in our market against us for our wheat. The first act of Mr. Hoover was to call the grain dealers together and they voluntarily consented to a program that reduced flour from \$17 to \$10.50 a barrel. A saving of \$6 a barrel on flour is a saving of \$60,000,000 a month to the American people.

"On the date of the entry of America to the war, the difference in the price the farmer got for his wheat and the price of a barrel of flour was equivalent to \$5.68 a barrel. After Hoover eliminated speculation and abolished the unnecessary shuffling of wheat from elevator to elevator the difference was only 64 cents a barrel. The difference between 64 cents and \$5.68 was what the American people were paying the gamblers in wheat. Hoover stopped that.

Bread Prices Kept Down.

"More evidence of the fact that Hoover is sending wheat to the consumer in a straight line than it ever traveled before is the fact that while the farmer is getting 140 per cent more for his wheat than he did during the three years before the war, the cost of a loaf of bread only has advanced 66 per cent.

"Take sugar. Sugar during the Civil War went to 30 cents a pound. Refiners have said that it would have gone to 25 cents this year if uncontrolled. A rise of 1 cent a pound sets the American people \$80,000,000 a year. Sugar a year ago was 6.33 cents a pound. At the end of April, this year, it was 7.3 cents a pound and we were shipping over 4000 per cent more sugar than we ever shipped before. The price of sugar in the United Kingdom is \$12.59 per 100 pounds, \$12.23 in France, \$26.30 in Italy, \$3.07 in Canada and in the United States it is \$7.50.

"The summing up of it all is that

Horlick's Malted Milk

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Keep Horlick's Always on Hand. Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

## OUR WAR TASK MUST CONTINUE, SAYS LANSING

Prussianism and Enduring Peace Can Never Harmonize, Secretary of State Declares in Address.

CITES INSTANCES OF GERMAN DUPLICITY

Tells of Bernstorff's Frank Assumption That His Superiors Were Hypocritical in Submarine Promises.

By the Associated Press.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 10.—"Prussianism and the idea of enduring peace among nations can never be brought into harmony; compromise cannot even be considered," Secretary of State Lansing declared here today in an address as honorary chancellor of Union College for 1918.

Instance after instance from his own experience at the head of America's Foreign Office were cited to prove his point because, he asserted, "Americans, even those intellectually equipped, have but vague ideas of the attitude which made Prussianism possible."

"It is a fact not generally known," said Secretary Lansing, "that within six weeks after the Imperial Government had, in the case of the Sussex, promised that it would cease ruthless slaughter upon the high seas, Count Bernstorff, appreciating the worthlessness of the promise, asked the Berlin Foreign Office to advise him in ample time before the campaign of submarine murder was renewed in order that he might notify the German merchant ships in American ports to destroy their machinery, because he anticipated that the renewal of that method of warfare would, in all probability, bring the United States into the war."

He knew his superiors. "How well the Ambassador knew the character of his Government and how perfectly frank he was! He asked for the information without apology or indirection. The very

bluntness of his message shows he was sure his superiors would not take offense at the assumption that their word was valueless and had only been given to gain time and that, when an increase of Germany's submarine fleet warranted, the promise would be broken without hesitation or compunction. What a commentary on Bernstorff's estimate of the sense of honor and good faith of his Government."

"In view of this spirit of hypocrisy and bad faith, manifesting an entire lack of conscience, we ought not to be astonished that the Berlin Foreign Office never permitted a promise or a treaty engagement to stand in the way of a course of action which the German Government deemed expedient. I need not cite as proof of this fact the flagrant violations of the treaty neutralizing Belgium and the recent treaty of Brest-Litovsk. This discreditable characteristic of German foreign policy was accepted by German diplomats as a matter of course and as a natural, if not a praiseworthy method of dealing with other Governments."

Causes of the War.

The causes of the war, Lansing said, were simply the German desire for world dominion.

"That was and is the central thought of Prussianism," he said. "It excited the cupidity of the governing and wealthy classes of the empire; it dazzled with its anticipated glories and by its promise of a boasted racial superiority the German millions who were to be the instruments of achievement. With a devotion and zeal worthy of its better cause, they turned their energy into those channels which would aid the ruling class."

"We must go on with the war. There is no other way. This task must not be left half done. We must

## AMERICA IMPRESSING GERMANY

Paris Writer Says 200,000 Men Monthly Has Effect Beyond Rhine.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, June 10.—In an article in La Liberté, Lieutenant-Colonel Roussel says that American co-operation in the war is developing rapidly and brilliantly and is beginning to cause a deep impression beyond the Rhine, the more so as American resources are organized so as to supply 200,000 men monthly.

with a world shortage and with the disturbances of war, it has actually come about that we are feeding Europe and yet the consumers in this country have fared better in food than they would have fared had we not undertaken to feed Europe, because we have annulled speculation in our foodstuffs.

"Laying aside our material accomplishments—if the food administration had done nothing else, it has forever blessed the American people by calling them from material prosperity into the cleansing light of usefulness and forever killed that libel that we are a dollar-adoring nation, for big business has sacrificed and little business has sacrificed and housewives have sacrificed and were again on the steep paths to the ideals of our forefathers."

NEW HONOR MEDAL FOR MOST DISTINGUISHED PERSONAL ACTS

Hazardous Service Such as Would Not Draw Censure if Omitted One Test of Award.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—America's new medal of honor, the highest of the three decorations recently authorized by Congress, may be won only by officers and men of the American army who have performed in action "deeds of the most distinguished personal bravery and self-sacrifice," under orders issued by Gen. Pershing and made public today by Secretary Baker.

The distinguished service cross and distinguished service medal may be awarded to officers and men of the allied as well as the American forces and also to nurses and other women serving with these forces. The service cross will be awarded only for distinguished service in action, but the service medal may be awarded "to anyone who distinguishes himself or herself by exceptionally meritorious service to the Government in a duty of great responsibility in time of war or in connection with operations against an armed enemy against the United States."

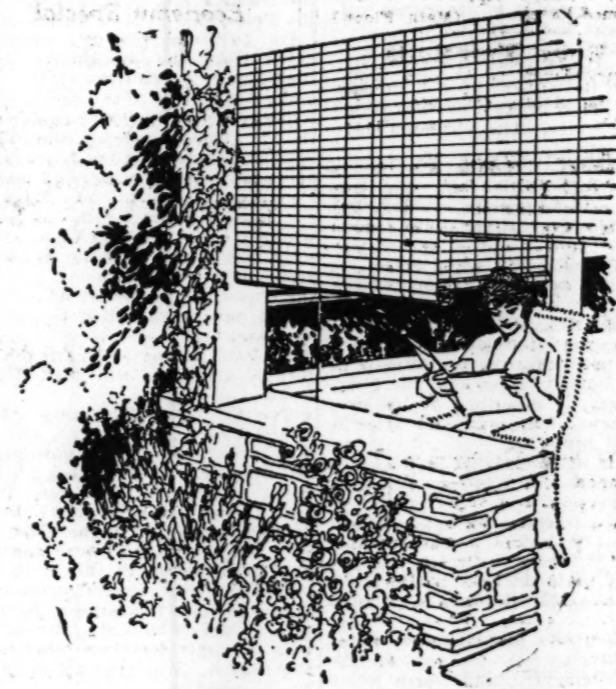
These tests are to be applied to all cases recommended for the medal of honor.

"Men who have performed in action deeds of most distinguished personal bravery and self-sacrifice above and beyond all call of duty, so conspicuous as clearly to distinguish them for gallantry and intrepidity above their comrades, which involves risk of life or the performance of more than ordinary hazardous service, the omission of which would not justly subject the person to censure for shortcomings or failure in the performance of his duty."

Where possible the awards will be made personally by the Commander in Chief.

What I Do With the Leftovers

Sunday, of course, we had roast beef, and, had, and hungry family, there was much left for Monday night's dinner. There was still some meat, you know, but it was not exactly presentable. So I chopped it up fine, added a bit of spaghetti that I had in the house, mixed in some stewed tomatoes, and flavored the combination with Al Sauce, which isn't a Worcestershire, but is just about the most delicious touch of inspiration that any dish can enjoy. I cooked my leftovers in a buttered covered casserole, in a slow oven, and when Jim got through with that dish he said he was going to have leftovers every night. He says it is my way of cooking for him, and I wouldn't have him think anything else, but really it is Al sauce.—ADY.



## Air Without Glare

From the first warm days on, all St. Louis yearns to live in the out-of-doors, but the glare of reflected heat is far hotter than in the house during the day—unless you have Aerolux Shades.

AEROLUX SHADES on the porch add a Summer living room to your home—they are different from other kinds.

They allow free and proper circulation of air while they eliminate the glare.

The exclusive "no-whip" device prevents that miserable flapping in the wind.

Another attachment lowers the shade from the top—a feature that the sleeping porch devotee will appreciate.

The operation of Aerolux shades is easy and eminently efficient.

The colors are in sufficient variety to create almost any desired background or harmonize with the color of your home.

They resist to the utmost the effects of the weather.

The sizes are what you please—up to 30 feet wide.

The prices are from \$2 up.

We sell and install the Aerolux Shades, and are glad to offer you the best looking and most practical shade, either for outdoor or living rooms, or sleeping porches.

Buy Thrift Stamps every day—but remember that June 28th is National War Savings Stamp Day.

Thorlight Duncker  
12th at Locust

not transmit to posterity a legacy of blood and misery. We may in this great conflict go down into the valley of shadows because our foe is powerful and injured to war. We must be prepared to meet disappointment and temporary reverse, but we must, with American spirit, rise above them; with courageous hearts we must go forward until this war is won."

YEAR'S BONUS OF \$50 TO \$100 PROPOSED FOR TEACHERS

Board of Education Committee to Recommend Plan to Meet Higher Living Cost.

Bonuses of \$50 to \$100 for teachers, to enable them to meet the increased cost of living during the next school year, are provided in a plan to be recommended to the Finance Committee of the Board of Education, by the committee on instruction. If approved by the Finance Committee, the schedule will be submitted to the Board for approval at the July meeting.

The amounts to be given to the teachers are considered bonuses, rather than increases of salary, as they are for the year 1918-1919 only, and as the largest amounts are to be given to the teachers having the smallest salaries. Those receiving \$500 to \$599 are to get \$100, under this plan, and the bonus is decreased until those making salaries of \$1200 to \$1499 will get \$50. The greater part of the teachers are in the class receiving \$900 to \$1199, who will get a \$60 bonus each. The total to be paid out in bonuses to the nearly 2200 teachers is figured at \$131,350.

A suburban home—Want it? See Post-Dispatch Wants.

Supreme Court Asked for Permission to File Petition in Suit Against United Shoe Machinery Co.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Solidator-General Davis today asked the Supreme Court for permission to file petitions for rehearings of the Government dissolution suit against the United Shoe Machinery Co., recently decided in favor of the latter, and the suit in which the child labor law was declared unconstitutional. The Court took the motions under advisement.

Judge Jones of the Circuit Court today directed the Board of Election Commissioners to produce for his inspection some of the ballots in dispute in the contest between James P. Newell and Frank M. Slater for the office of Public Administrator. He explained that he wished to decide for himself whether, as Slater alleges, many of the 3000 ballots cast by Republicans who scratched Slater's name and wrote in that of Newell show such a similarity of chirography as to give rise to a suspicion that they were forged.

Slater's attorneys have filed a motion which, if granted by the Court, would have the effect of compelling many of the voters whose ballots were scratched to testify how they voted. Before taking such a step, Judge Jones said, he wished to see with his own eyes whether there is any ground for charging forgery.

REHEARING OF RULING ON CHILD LABOR LAW SOUGHT

Supreme Court Asked for Permission to File Petition in Suit Against United Shoe Machinery Co.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Solidator-General Davis today asked the Supreme Court for permission to file petitions for rehearings of the Government dissolution suit against the United Shoe Machinery Co., recently decided in favor of the latter, and the suit in which the child labor law was declared unconstitutional. The Court took the motions under advisement.

Mid-Month List

Columbia Records

Stracciaris Magical Voice in Massenet's Exquisite "Elegie"

A melody of haunting beauty sung with all the unaffected charm and sincerity that is this great singer's truest art. Stracciaris' glorious voice at its best, with a most appealing violin obbligato by Sascha Jacobsen. 49333—\$1.50

Hello, Central. Give Me No Man's Land—Al Jolson

This simple song of sentiment is a new vein for Jolson, but it merely gives him an opportunity to prove his versatility. A rarely beautiful song that promises to be even more popular than "A Baby's Prayer at Twilight." The hit of "Sinbad." A2542—75c

"Just Like Washington Crossed the Delaware"

"General Pershing will cross the Rhine"—that's the rapid-fire refrain of this smashing patriotic hit. Arthur Fields and the Peerless Quartette sing the stirring lyrics with a quick-march swing that makes this record simply irresistible. A2545—75c

Robert Lewis Sings, "I'm Sorry I Made You Cry"

There is a genuine musical beauty in this charming melody and Lewis has put real feeling into his sympathetic interpretation. A2546—75c

Send some records to your soldier. There's a Columbia Grafonola in his Y.M.C.A. or Knights of Columbus Hut.

New Columbia Records on sale the 10th and 20th of every month. COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, NEW YORK

Columbia Records

With your money

Columbia Records

With your money

Columbia Records

With your money

## OFFICIAL ARMY PAPER FEATURES 3D LIBERTY LOAN

Issue of May 10, Received in  
St. Louis, Gives News of  
Campaign "Over Here"  
First Page Position.

The success of the Third Liberty Loan was a leading item of first-page news of The Stars and Stripes, official newspaper of the American army in France, in the issue printed May 10, copies of which have been received in St. Louis.

The statements of Liberty Loan campaign orators, that the boys at the front were watching the campaign, are borne out by the prominence given to the Liberty Loan in the soldiers' paper. A detailed story of the success of the loan, in different parts of the country, bears the line, "By Cable to the Stars and Stripes."

"The West outran the East in the whole campaign," the dispatch says, "both in the speed with which the quotas were exceeded and in percentages of excess. The St. Louis district, which held first place early in the campaign, later took second, yielding premier honors to the Kansas City district. Kansas City held the lead until the second week, when Minneapolis forged ahead from sixth place to third, and then, in a grand spurt, seized first place and held it to the finish. Kansas City and St. Louis continued to fight furiously for second honors, and St. Louis finally punched Kansas City through the ropes into third place. Chicago held third place until rising Minneapolis crowded her into fourth."

"Home Folks Waiting for Great Shipments of Mothers' Letters" was the headline over another leading first-page article, which was intended to remind readers that Sunday, May 12, was Mother's day. The preparations made at the Y. M. C. A. huts and by the army postal authorities for the handling of mothers' letters were described.

Heard at "Listening Post." "The Listening Post" is the title of the editorial page "column" of quips and light paragraphs and verses in the soldiers' paper. This title sounds like "The Listening Post" which "P. A." made familiar to New York newspaper readers. The name of Capt. Franklin P. Adams, as well as the general style of the contents, indicates that "The Listening Post" are occupied by the same observant person.

Some of the paragraphs in "The Listening Post" are:

A doughboy's notion of a perfect day: The war over, a box seat at the Polo Grounds next October, and Gen. Pershing throwing out the first ball.

If Charlie Chaplin joins the army, as the cables say he is going to, the Q. M. will probably have to devise to issue custard pie.

There are diller things than war. Think of being a traveling salesman in France and landing in one of these little burgs about 3 o'clock on a Sunday afternoon. "I don't know what you could be a traveling salesman for," commented the soldier to whom the foregoing observation was made, "unless it was for pitchforks."

The New York Evening World says people there pay \$1,500,000 a year for gas they don't get. Things sort of even up. Over here we get a lot of gas the Boche has to pay for.

Sporting Page Expands. The sporting page, which was a modest affair in the earlier issues of The Stars and Stripes, has expanded to cover part of page 12 as well as page 6. Full details of the progress of the big league pennant races are given.

A news story on the new shoes designed for the army is headed: "Three-Ply Gunboats for A. E. P. Tooties; Soles of New Army Shoes Will Be Held Together by Nails." The news story says that the new shoes will have three soles, and will be nailed together, not sewed. "It has been proven this past winter," the article says, "that thread runs in water and mud and slush and everything, causing the soles which are joined by it to be as wobbly and separable as Bolsheviks."

Copies of a smaller paper, Plane News, devoted especially to the men in air service, have also been received here. It contains personal items, pictures of allied aviation chiefs and cartoons, large and small. The issue, dated May 11, makes special reference to Mother's Day, which was the day following.

### UNION ELECTS GRAND MARSHAL

J. W. Williams Chosen to Direct Labor Parade, If Held.

Central Trades and Labor Union yesterday debated the advisability of having a Labor day parade this year, and elected J. W. Williams of the Carpenters' District Council grand marshal.

The body approved the thrift stamp campaign and recommended support of the Owen resolution in Congress to curtail the power of Federal Judges on account of the Supreme Court's repeal of the child labor law. P. J. Grimes, former president of the body, was requested to make an accounting by June 12 of money allotted as part of a fund for a committee to investigate alleged police beat abuses. Grimes said he was retaining \$174.85 pending the approval of a bill for \$100. He was asked to submit an itemized account of the money.

### AMERICAN SHIPPING SERVICE FLAG



### \$1000 OFFERED FOR POSTERS TO SPEED UP SHIPBUILDING

Prizes Will Be Given to Four Classes of Contestants—Competition Closes July 25.

Prizes of \$1000 are offered by the National Service Section, U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, and the National Committee of Patriotic Societies, co-operating with the New York Sun for posters to speed up ship building. The competition, which will close July 25, is divided into four classes of contestants. Class 1 is open to all citizens of the United States, for prizes of \$200, \$150 and \$50. Class 2 for officers and enlisted men in the army and navy. The prizes are \$100, \$75 and \$25. Class 3 is open only to workers in shipbuilding plants and plants connected with shipbuilding. The prizes are \$100, \$75 and \$25. Class 4 is open only to pupils of high and graded schools. The prizes are \$60, \$30 and \$10.

The United States Shipping Service flag, in blue on white, with red stripes on the shield, if the design is in colors, or in black and white, if the design is in black and white, must appear on each design. The conditions of the competition can be obtained by writing to the U. S. Shipping Board Poster Competition, care of New York Sun, 150 Nassau street, New York City.

### SAW RICHTHOFFEN'S LAST FLIGHT

Lieut. Lawrence A. Ryan, 3405 Shenandoah avenue, witnessed the last flight and fall of Baron Richtshofen, the noted German aviator, according to his letter to Dr. W. J. Doyle, Jefferson and Washington avenues.

"He came down about a mile from where we were," the letter stated. "The British officers all hoped that he was not hurt seriously, as the Baron was a good sport, but they were glad he was brought down, as he fixed more than 80 of our machines."

### REVOLT MOVE CAUSED MARTIAL LAW IN MOSCOW

Social Revolutionists Said to Have Organized a Movement Through-out the Country.

MOSCOW, Thursday, May 30.—The declaration last night of martial law in Moscow was the result, according to the order issued by Premier Lenin and War Minister Trotsky, of the Social Revolutionists having organized a movement throughout the country which was connected with the mutinies in the Don region, the uprisings in Persia and disorders in Surafoff and other points where the situation was used by the agitators to restore capitalists and land owners to power.

The Central Executive Committee of the Soviet Government has authorized the War Commissioner to prepare regulations for compulsory military service in the Moscow, Khaban, Petrograd and Don divisions, limiting the recruiting to peasants and workmen.

A Bolshevik manifesto issued today says: "At last, heroic efforts are necessary. The enemies of the people have raised their head too early. We will cut off their criminal head with the merciless sword of revolution. All to arms! Forward for bread for our starving children, fathers and mothers! Forward against the country revolutionary rebels and conspirators! Death to the enemies of people!"

### War Cross for French Women.

PARIS, June 10.—A woman automobile driver attached to the army medical service has just received the war cross. She is Madame de Subigny, who brought in wounded from the battlefield on several occasions under fire. Her father was head of the postal service in the Department of Aube, and although he was over 60 years old, he enlisted when his son was killed at the front and won promotion to a lieutenant and was awarded the Legion of Honor and the war cross.

### HEALTH EDUCATION— GOOD PAY

It is recognized throughout the world that there are no cleaner and more physically perfect men than in the navy. Naval technical training and travel combined with good pay make the navy the most attractive branch of our Government's service.

### JOIN TODAY U. S. Navy Recruiting Station

CALUMET BLDG., 17th & CHESTNUT  
St. Louis

**Irwin's**  
509 WASHINGTON AVE.

**JUNE  
Clearance**



The Season's Greatest Economy Event!  
**READ—COME—SAVE**

Silk Coats.....	\$5.00
Silk Coats.....	\$7.50
Silk Coats.....	\$10.00
Cloth Coats.....	\$10.00
Silk Suits.....	\$9.00
Silk Suits.....	\$12.50
Silk Suits.....	\$15.00
Silk Jersey Suits.....	\$15.00
Cloth Suits.....	\$7.50
Cloth Suits.....	\$10.00
Cloth Suits.....	\$15.00
Silk Dresses.....	\$7.50
Soiled Cotton Waists.....	75c
Soiled Silk Waists.....	\$1.25
Taffeta Petticoats.....	\$1.50

# Tuesday - Economy Day

THE items listed herewith have been carefully chosen from the standpoint of desirability and unusual values. The prices obtain only for Tuesday's selling, and NO MAIL OR TELEPHONE ORDERS WILL BE FILLED.

**Silk Poplin Suits**  
Economy Special  
**\$13.75**

JUST the Suits for Midsummer wear. Stylish tailored model, of soft, silky poplin, with unlined coats. Come in Copenhagen, navy, prunella, tan and black. (Third Floor.)

**Gray Kid Oxfords, Pair**  
WOMEN'S stylish  
Gray Kid Oxfords, with leather French heels. All sizes. (Main Floor.) **\$3.85**

**Shoe Bags, Each**  
TWELVE-POCKET Shoe Bags, of cretonne, in a good assortment of colorings. (Second Floor.) **39c**

**Silk Stockings, Pr.**  
IN colors, neatly clocked in self or contrasting shades. Well reinforced with extra splittings of lisle thread. A few run slightly irregular. (Main Floor.) **\$1.35**

**Children's Socks, Pr.**  
WHITE Cotton Socks, with turnover tops. Double heels and toes. 3 pairs, 50c (Main Floor.) **19c**

**Bandeau Brassieres**  
BUST Conferrers, of beautiful pink brocade, batiste, made in hook-front and hook-back styles. They are excellent fitting and are in sizes 34 to 44. (Second Floor.) **59c**

**Silk Gloves, Pr.**  
EXTRA heavy, real Milanese pink gloves, in all the best shades of ponce, mastic, gray and white, with Paris point or heavy embroidered backs. All are with double finger ends, and two-clasp style. (Main Floor.) **90c**

**Women's Union Suits**  
PINK or white cotton Union Suits, with taped or band top, cuff or lace-trimmed knees. (Main Floor.) **39c**

**Boys' Knit Suits**  
POBOKNIT Suits, with cap sleeves and knee 69c length. (Main Floor.) **69c**

**Boys' Wash Suits**  
GUARANTEED fast-color materials, also in white. Both long and short sleeve styles—middy and belted models. Sizes 2 1/2 to 9 years. (Square 2—Main Floor.) **\$1.85**

**Men's Cotton Socks**  
BLACK, white and colors. Well reinforced at vital points. A few run a little irregular. 3 pairs, 50c (Escalator Square—Main Floor.) **17c**

**Men's Nightshirts**  
WHITE cotton crepe, featherstitch braid \$1.15 trimmed. V-shape neck. All sizes. (Men's Store—Main Floor.) **\$1.15**

**Men's Union Suits**  
MEN'S Union Suits; white lisle finish. Elastic 95c ribbed Union Suits, athletic style. (Square 12—Main Floor.) **95c**

**Laces, Yard**  
EDGES, Insertions and Bands, in Val, linen, Venise, Shadow and other Novelty weaves. (Square 12—Main Floor.) **10c**

**Shelf Embroidery, Yd.**  
HEAVY white cambric, with various kitchen utensils embroidered in colors, finished with heavy scalloped edge to match. (Main Floor.) **5c**

**Men's Handkerchiefs**  
CAMBRIC Handkerchiefs, of extra fine quality and with a soft finish. All sizes with 1/4-inch hemstitched hems. (Main Floor.) **84c**

**Women's Neckwear**  
PRETTY Sets in white and colored organdie. 25c Collars—ruffle, embroidery or lace trimmed, cuff sets and vestes—also hundreds of other pieces in pique, satin, Georgette and sport materials. (Main Floor.) **25c**

**Satin-Stripe Challis, Yd.**  
WOOL-AND-COTTON Challis, in many dainty shades, launders perfectly and is 28 inches wide. (Second Floor.) **39c**

**Crepe de Chine, Yd.**  
FAST-BLACK, double-warp Crepe de Chine, 27 inches wide. (Second Floor.) **79c**

**Two-Piece Dresses**  
CONSISTING of white pique skirt and colored smock, in shades of rose, green, tan, tobacco brown. Sizes 40, 42, 44 and 46 only, and there are only 50 Dresses to offer. (No exchanges or refunds.) (Second Floor.) **\$2.50**

**Surf Satin, Yard**  
A SILK-FINISH Bathing Suit Material, of extreme width (54 inches.) (Second Floor.) **89c**

**Bath Towels, Each**  
EXTRA fine quality Bleached Terry Cloth 29c Bath Towels, with women colored striped centers. Large size, nicely hemmed. (Sixth St. Highway—Main Fl.) **29c**

**Napkins, Dozen**  
BLEACHED all-linen Dinner Napkins, good weight. Measure 20 inches square. (Second Floor.) **\$2.95**

**Crash Toweling, Yd.**  
GOOD quality Bleached Crash Toweling, heavy weight, with fast-red borders. 1000 yards to offer. (Second Floor.) **15c**

**Huck Towels, Each**  
ONE hundred dozen half-linen Huck Towels, size 15x36 inches, nicely hemmed. (Second Floor.) **29c**

**Palmolive Soap, Cake**  
MADE from pure oils. Limit it 6 cakes to buyer. (Main Floor.) **8c**

**20-Mule Team Borax**  
20-MULE-TEAM Borax, one-pound package. Limit 2. (Main Floor.) **8c**

**Men's Wrist Watches**  
RADIANT dial and hands, fitted with jeweled movement, in solid nickel case, attached to leather wristlet. (Main Floor.) **\$3.39**

**Service Pins, Each**  
STERLING and gold-filled. One, two, three and four stars. (Main Floor.) **24c**

**Automobile Coats**  
Economy Special  
**\$2.75**

JUST about 100 Coats—of natural and gray linene and beach cloth. They are the ideal coat for protecting your garments during the dusty Summer months. They are serviceable and can be washed. (Third Floor.)

**Women's Wash Skirts**  
Economy Special  
**\$1.65**

THESE Skirts are made of extra fine quality white pique, in the narrow and wide waists. They will give good service and retain their shape. (Third Floor.)

**Cuff Links, Pair**  
HARD-ENAMELED Cuff Links, round, square and oval—for soft or stiff cuffs. (Main Floor.) **44c**

**Razor Sets at**  
EVER-READY and Gem Razor Sets, including eight blades, put up in leatherette case. (Main Floor.) **79c**

**Pearl Necklaces**  
FILLED Pearl Necklaces, good quality, heavily filled beads, finished with solid gold catch. (Main Floor.) **79c**

**Marmalade Jars**  
ENGRAVED glass, heavily silver-plated top and spoon. (Main Floor.) **39c**

**Rhinestone Rings**  
BEAUTIFUL Rings set with cluster of brilliant rhinestones and colored centers—also some Novelty-Rings of Sterling. (Main Floor.) **\$1.39**

**Crochet Cotton, Ball**  
CLARK'S O. N. T. Mercerized Crochet Cotton, various numbers. Limit 10 balls to buyer. (Main Floor.) **64c**

**Sock Garters, Pr.**  
CHILDREN'S Elastic Sock Garters, various colors. 4c (Main Floor.) **4c**

**Hair Nets, Each**  
AMERICAN Lady real Human Hair Nets, fringe 5c and cap styles, all colors except gray or white. Dozen, 55c Limit two dozen to customer. (Main Floor.) **5c**

**Writing Paper, Box**  
"ARDLEY, Court" Writing Paper, 100 sheets 19c in box. Envelopes to match, package, 7c. 3 packages. (Main Floor.) **19c**

**Writing Paper, Box**  
LINEN-FINISH Writing Paper, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes. (Main Floor.) **14c**

**Japanese Dolls**  
THE figure of a Japanese boy, in a sitting position—9 inches high, hand-colored, in effective shades. Only 58 to offer. (Second Floor, Annex.) **\$1.50**

**Porch Swings**  
EXTRA heavy four-foot Porch Swings, complete with hooks and chains. (Sixth Floor.) **\$3.69**

**Lace Curtains, Pr.**  
IRISH Point Curtains, white and beige shades, 2.95 patterns that are pleasing and suitable for living rooms. (Fourth Floor.) **\$2.95**

**Cretonne Pillows, Ea.**  
ROUND style, well filled, ideal for Summer use on the porch or for sun parlors. Large assortment of colorings. (Fourth Floor.) **95c**

**Crex Rugs, Each**  
TWO hundred Crex Rugs, size 30x60 inches, in beautiful plain colors. (Fourth Floor.) **85c**

**Crex Rugs, Each**  
PORCH size (4 ft. 6 in. by 7 ft. 6 in.) Crex Rugs, in beautiful border effect. Red only. (Fourth Floor.) **\$2.75**

**Bosart Rugs**  
BEAUTIFUL Rugs for Summer use—light, airy shades. Size 8 ft. 3 in. by 10 ft. (Fourth Floor.) **\$13.50**

**Autocrat Stogies, Box**  
EXTRA good, 6 1/2 inches long, handmade, 25 packed in cardboard box. (Main Floor.) **69c**

**Khaki Cool Coatees**  
Economy Special  
**\$4.95**

THESE stylish little Coatees are of cotton khaki kool, in various high colors of gray, rose, gold, bound with braid, trimmed with pearl buttons. There are just 50 in the lot. (Sport Dept.—Third Floor.)

**Embroidered Robes**  
Economy Special  
**\$5 and \$10**

SEMI-MADE Robes, each containing sufficient material to be easily fashioned into a smart frock. Many of them are in the latest triple tier effect. Or silk batiste, daintily embroidered in white or colors, at \$5.00. Sheer organdie, handsomely embroidered in many effective designs, at \$10.00. (Main Floor.)

**Preferencia Blunts, 10**  
HANDMADE, large size, fresh stock, 10 packed in humid tin. (Main Floor.) **75c**

**Cob Pipes, Set**  
THREE in box, with vulcanite stem. A sweet, cool, natural smoke. (Main Floor.) **21c**

**Tennis Balls Free**  
THREE Wright & Ditson "1917 Championship" Tennis Balls free with every Tennis Racket purchased Tuesday at \$2.50 and upward. (Second Floor Annex.)

**Laundry Soap, 10 Bars**  
"CRYSTAL White," the soap with million bubbles. Limit 10 bars to a customer. (Fifth Floor.) **55c**

**O-Cedar Mops**  
TRIANGLE shape, with adjustable handle, for polishing and dusting. (Fifth Floor.) **53c**

**Rosebushes, Each**  
HARDY two-year-old Bushes, all Summer bloomers. White and pink Killarney and other varieties. (Fifth Floor.) **5c**

**Ready-Mixed Paint, Can**  
HALF-GAL. can House and Floor Paint, in 32 different colors. (Fifth Floor.) **95c**

**Suitcases, Each**  
MADE over steel frame \$4.00 in box and top, full cloth lined, with fold in lid. Heavy sole leather corners and straps, brass lock and bolts. Extra deep. 26-inch size. (Fifth Floor.) **\$4.00**

**Window Screens, Each**  
TWENTY-FOUR inches high and extend to 33 inches in width, fitted with good quality screen wire. (Fifth Floor.) **49c**

**Gas Hot Plates**  
"QUICK-MEAL" Laundry Hot Plates, two-burner style, well made, strong and durable. (Fifth Floor.) **\$2.89**

**10-Piece Cooking Sets**  
FIREPROOF, brown outside and white lined. Set includes Casacero, Teapot, two Mixing Bowls and six Custard Cups. (Fifth Floor.) **\$1.35**

**Sand Outfits**  
CONSISTING of 100 pounds of white sand \$1.39 and a box of little mild-builder block letters. Just what the tots like to play with in the sand. (Fifth Floor.) **\$1.39**

**Children's Dresses**  
OF nainsook, in yoke style, trimmed with 85c embroidery, insertion and tucks. Lace edge at neck and sleeves. Different models. Sizes up to 2 years. (Second Floor.)

**Corset Covers**  
NAINSOOK Corset Covers, prettily trimmed with lace, embroidery and beading. A dozen different models. All are special values. (Second Floor.) **45c**

**Habutai Petticoats**  
HABUTAI Silk Petticoats, double panel \$2.50 front and back, with deep tucked ruffle and elastic waistband. (Second Floor.) **\$2.50**

**Children's Sweaters**  
SWEATER Coats of \$2.98 See Island cotton, of large sailor collar, cuffs and neck of fiber silk. Come in pink, turquoise, rose, Copenhagen. Sizes 6 to 12 years. (Second Floor.) **\$2.98**

**Handkerchiefs, Ea.**  
WOMEN'S Handkerchiefs of silky batiste, embroidered in imitation Madeira effects—of lawn in blue bird designs, and others with printed colored borders and neat one-corner embroidered designs. (Square 6—Main Floor.) **15c**

## In the Downstairs Store

Economy Day Sale of  
**White Wash Skirts at \$2.59**

The Skirts include many of the newest models that have been accorded wide popularity for Summer. They are fashioned from gabardine, pique and other fabrics, in many charming styles. Some are trimmed with fancy pockets, pearl buttons and wide belts. There are sizes 23 to 30 waist-band in the lot. The price obtains only for Tuesday's selling.

An Exceptional Lot of  
**Summer Wash Dresses**

Special for  
Economy Day at **\$2.79**

In the lot are about 120 of a maker's samples—Dresses that are of much higher value than the price would indicate. There are plain and fancy voles and attractive novelty materials, shown in wanted shades and in all sizes for women and misses. There are also some extra sizes up to 30 bust measurement.

**Summer Wash Dresses, \$1.19**

They are fashioned from flowered voile, in several attractive models, and all are excellent value—every garment being worth considerably more than the Tuesday price. All sizes for women and misses. (Downstairs Store.)

**Curtain Scrims, Yd.**  
WHITE and Ivory Scrims, with drawn-work border. 36 inches wide. **14c**

**Silk Gloves, Pair**  
WOMEN'S Gloves of fine Italian silk, trimmed with lace, in shades of light and dark gray, ponce, navy, black and white. Double tipped fingers, neat single-row stitching on back. A splendid Summer glove. **50c**

**Silk Silk Crepe, Yd.**  
SILK-AND-LISLE, in light blue shade only. 36 inches wide. **28c**

**White Flaxons, Yd.**  
FINE, sheer White Flaxons. 39 inches wide. **25c**

**Torchon Laces, Yd.**  
ENGLISH Torchon Laces, Edges, up to 1 1/2-inch width, for trimming scarfs, pillowcases and for heavy fancy-work purposes. **2c**

**Percales, Yard**  
SHIRTING and Apron Percales, light colored stripes and figures. 36 in. wide. **22c**

**Dress Gingham, Yd.**  
AMOSKEAG Zephyr Dress Gingham, in new striped and plaid effects. 32 inches wide. **29c**

**Linen Toweling, Yd.**  
HEAVY, unbleached, all linen Crash Toweling. **17c**

**Swiss Curtains, Pr.**  
COOL-LOOKING Swiss Curtains, with colored borders. 2 1/2 yards long. Ideal for Summer use. **49c**

**Play Shoes, Pair**  
CHILDREN'S Play Shoes of tan and black calfskin, with stitched down soles. Lace styles. Sizes to 11. **89c**

**Linoleum, Sq. Yd.**  
REMANANT lengths of extra heavy Felt Linoleum, in various sizes and choice patterns. Some slightly imperfect. (Downstairs Store.) **33c**

**Stix, Baer & Fuller**  
GRAND-LEADER  
SIXTH-WASHINGTON-SEVENTH & LUCAS

## Zoning of City Would Be Boon to Nervous Makes Homes More Pleasant

THE Post-Dispatch today presents the second of a series of articles on the zoning plan of the City Plan Commission, written by St. Louis business and professional men, particularly qualified to discuss some phase of the plan. Ordinances placing restrictions on use of buildings, height of buildings and proportion of lot area to be occupied by buildings in various districts of the city, will be submitted to the Board of Aldermen in a few days.

The second article is by Dr. M. A. Bliss of 4222 Lotus avenue, a nerve specialist, who writes on the effect of the zoning plan with respect to nervous disorders induced by noise in mixed industrial, commercial and residential districts. In subsequent articles, the effect on recreation, daylight in business buildings, and various phases of public welfare and civic improvement, will be discussed.

By Dr. M. A. Bliss.

DISTRICTING or zoning presents to a worker in nervous and mental disease many very attractive possibilities. Nervous disease is largely a product of cities; it does not flourish in the wide sunlit, quiet country. As a matter of common observation, nervousness produced by conditions in large centers disappears if the sufferer is removed to the country. Why? Anyone will reply: Fresh air, sunshine, quiet sleep, freedom from noise, dust and smoke.

By taking thought we now provide ourselves in cities with as good water and food as are to be had in the country. We attempt by ordinance to limit smoke and dust. Where we have failed to provide the conditions necessary for sunshine, free air, quiet places to live and sleep are largely in the indiscriminate jumble of factory, store and residence, and in attempting to crowd into a space adequate for 10 people 10 times that many.

Those of us who grew up in the country remember vividly the impressions produced by the countless noises, the pell-mell of traffic, the pall of smoke, the odors of factories, when we made occasional visits to the city. In a short time we got very tired and were glad to return to the peaceful, quiet and safety of the open country. There our weary ear

### LAST SUMMER LOCAL RECRUIT HELPED STOP DRIVE IN MARCH

Raymond P. Ford Writes East St. Louis Friends of Retirees—Joined Engineers.

Raymond P. Ford, 22 years old, who enlisted last June in the Twelfth Engineers, a regiment recruited in St. Louis last summer, tells in a letter to East St. Louis friends of the regiment's retreat before the German drive in March. The letter, which was written in a stable near the front, is dated April 6.

"I am seated on a cracker box in a cow stable on this dismal Sunday," he writes, "and it is raining; in fact, it has rained almost every day for the past 12 days. This is the first chance I have had to write for a long time, and I am using my knee for a writing table."

"The cigarettes you sent me arrived at a good time, when the German drive you no doubt have read about by this time was being read, but as the line was moving back, they remained in the mail sack and I just got them the other day."

"We moved back without confusion, and everything was destroyed or burned. Fritz moved in only after he had paid a terrible price for each foot of ground he gained, and

then they didn't gain much, because the land captured was a barren waste of shell-wrecked ruins and fields. We had been there for some time, and I believe that there is no more desolate piece of ground in the world than that which this battle was fought over."

"The Germans were surely slaughtered. They came in waves of named formations, six and seven deep, shoulder to shoulder, and the waves 15 minutes apart. In one place seven waves were completely wiped out, and then we fell back to the next line and repeated the dose. We worked hard for long hours, and had some long hikes, but everyone is satisfied and cheerful."

"All the East St. Louis boys with us are well and in good spirits and hope to see you before another year."

Dirigible Crew Saved at Sea.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. CHATHAM, Mass., June 10.—The crew of three of a coast patrol dirigible airship were landed here yesterday by a coast patrol boat after they had been picked up from their life raft 10 miles at sea. The airship, in returning to its hangar Saturday night, hit a telephone pole snapping its rudder and leaving it helpless. A breeze swept her out to sea.

Enlist  
in the  
Navy

Scruggs-Vanderwoert-Barney

Olive and Locust from Ninth to Tenth

Enlist  
in the  
Navy

Beginning Promptly at 9 A. M. Tomorrow  
Will Be a Day of Rapid Selling in the

## Great Reduction Sale

of seven lots of Women's and Misses'

### Coats Capes Suits Dresses

At 1/3 Less Than Original Prices

We have selected from our regular stocks all broken size and assortment lines, as well as odd garments where there were only one or two of a kind, and priced them at one-third off for tomorrow.

The Assortments Are Made Up as Follows:

- Lot 1—100 Women's Summer Coats From the Coat Shop.
- Lot 2—60 Misses' Summer Coats From the Misses' Shop.
- Lot 3—35 Misses' Summer Capes From the Misses' Shop.
- Lot 4—62 Women's Summer Capes From the Coat Shop.
- Lot 5—105 Women's Dresses From the Costume Salon.
- Lot 6—85 Women's Dresses From the Dress Shop.
- Lot 7—45 Misses' Dresses From the Misses' Shop.

No C. O. D.'s No Exchanges No Credits No Approvals

### Every Garment

is in excellent condition—these big reductions are made because of broken style, color and size assortments.  
If the garment you want is here, you surely will effect a great saving by coming early tomorrow.

## WOLFF-WILSON

OUR NEW LOCATION

Seventh and Washington Av.  
(One Block West of Old Location)

If you pay more than Wolff-Wilson's prices you are paying too much.

### TUESDAY SPECIALS

**FREE** "BEAUTY FOR WOMEN," that wonderful new book of beauty secrets by Mlle. Simone Mareix, the international beauty of Paris and London. This book tells how to beautify the complexion, hair, hands and teeth, and gives helpful information on perfumes, dress, correct poise and carriage. It is a \$1.00 book, but will be given FREE Tuesday with every jar of Hytone Vanishing or Cleansing Cream at 50c.

### TOILET ARTICLES

- 50c Java Rice Face Powder.....33c
- 50c Zylano Tooth Paste.....27c
- 50c Sempre Glovine.....33c
- 25c Dirlove Face Powder.....18c
- 25c Resinol Soap.....18c
- 25c Seneco Tooth Paste.....18c
- \$1.00 Pyorrhoeic Tooth Powder.....79c
- 50c Daggett & Ramsdell Cream.....33c
- 25c Cuticura Soap.....18c
- 50c Spring Maid Face Powder.....31c
- 35c Pompeian Night Cream.....27c
- 75c Dirlove Toilet Water.....49c
- 50c Cato Tooth Paste.....33c
- 50c Nadinola Cream.....33c
- One Pound Dirlove Talcum.....9c
- 25c Dirlove Vanishing Cucumber or Orange Flower Cream.....18c

**SANOZONE BOUQUET**  
A delightfully perfumed deodorant for use around the house. Tuesday special, 25c bottle, with 10c miniature deodorizer, both Tuesday for 19c.

### PATENT MEDICINES

- Catlin's Sage and Sulphur.....29c
- S. S. S.....67c, \$1.17
- Orchard White.....27c
- Castoria (Fletcher's).....23c
- Nujol, pint bottle.....59c
- Nuxated Iron.....67c
- Freezone.....25c
- Listerine, \$1.00 size.....67c
- Danderine.....23c, 44c, 79c
- Zemo.....21c, 69c
- Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.....79c
- Gude's Pepto Mangan.....79c
- Pee Chee White Cleaner.....17c
- Hydrogen Peroxide, 1-lb. bottle.....19c
- Catlin's Coconut Oil Shampoo.....29c
- Sal Hepatica.....19c, 39c, 79c
- Bromo Seltzer.....19c, 39c, 79c

### THERE'S ONLY ONE WAY

to secure a satin skin: Apply Satin skin cream, then Satin skin powder.

Try it at our Tuesday Sale price. 21c and 42c



## CONSTIPATION

IS HUMANITY'S GREATEST FOE

It is always a terror to old people and a menace at some time or another to every human being, young or old. It is the forerunner of more life and suffering than almost any of NATURE'S DANGER SIGNALS and should never be allowed to go unheeded. At the very first indication of constipation get DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS which for 72 years has been successfully used for this most prevalent of all disorders. For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.

**Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills**

**SAVE MONEY HERE TUESDAY**  
By taking advantage of these 5 Rousing Big Bargains!

**Men's \$10 Stylish Cool CLOTH SUITS**  
Just the Suit for Summer! Light, airy and dressy! Made in newest styles and all sizes. Priced Tuesday at

**\$3.95**

**Men's 3-Piece Suits at \$14**  
Excellent cassimeres, worsted and homespun. Suits that sell everywhere at \$20—Tuesday at

**Boys' 4-Piece Wash Suits \$2.85**  
Fine cool cloth and lining suits in all sizes 4 to 15—light and dark patterns—Tuesday at

**Men's \$3 PANTS**  
All sizes 28 to 46 in. strong, made pants—Tuesday at \$1.85

**Men's \$5 PANTS**  
Clean, Plain, Cool, Cloth or Cassimeres—Tuesday at \$3.00

**WEIL**  
N. W. CORNER EIGHTH & WASHINGTON

**BELL-ANS**  
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Lake Trips From Chicago to Michigan City Re-Established.

The lake trip from Chicago to Michigan City, Ind., abandoned because the Government commandeered the steamer Roosevelt, has been re-established and the Goodrich steamer Florida will commence daily trips to, latter part of June. The trip to Michigan City takes only three hours. Excursionists are given three hours ashore and return to Chicago at 7 p. m.

Michigan City is a beautiful resort on the lake shore and a few miles up the shore is Grand Beach, with a fine hotel and reasonable rates. At both places there are splendid bathing beaches.

**SAID TO HAVE ADMITTED KNOWING TIRES HE BOUGHT WERE STOLEN**

Grocer Has Identified Three Men Who Sold Him \$5000 Worth of Goods for \$250, Says Hannegan.

Harry J. Reineke, 33 years old, a grocer at 4251 Natural Bridge avenue, has confessed, according to Chief of Detectives Hannegan, that last week, when he paid \$250 for \$5000 worth of automobile tires, he knew the tires were stolen. He has identified three of four men under arrest with him as the men who sold him the tires. The tires have been identified as part of the loot taken from a freight car in the Terminal Railroad Association at Certe street last week.

Chief Hannegan said he found more than \$25,000 worth of automobile tires in the basement beneath Reineke's grocery. Reineke declared that he obtained the other tires legitimately.

He has named Sam Taylor, 36, of 4215 Prairie avenue, a switchman, as the spokesman of the party from whom he bought the tires, and George Barney, 27, of 4133 Hull place, a switchman, and Walter Britton, 27, of 4135 Hull place, a locomotive engineer, as the men who accompanied Taylor. He said they demanded their pay in cash.

In last week's theft the freight car was moved from one siding to another. Railroad officials have attributed recent big thefts from interstate shipments have been by railroad employees. They believe that engine headlights have been used to throw freight cars in the shade and thus mask movements of thieves.

Complete Your Vacation Outfit. Wear a Watch or Diamond Ring, credit at Lull's Jew. & Co., 24 E. 2d St., 2nd fl.

### Folding Sewing Stands for Summer Use

These are so conveniently carried indoors and out, wherever one wishes to work, that they are most practical. Fitted with mahogany-finish frame and cretonne bag. \$1.50

Cretonne Pillows for porch and bungalow—comfortable and effective. \$1.00

Bedspreads with applied pattern stamped on white with colored applique pieces; full size \$3.50

Needlework Shop—Second Floor.

### Fountain Pen Special

For Tuesday Only

This sale was planned months ago, in fact, we have been waiting for the Pens for six months—and if you know as much about the "fountain pen situation" as we do, you will not miss this rare opportunity to buy one tomorrow at a saving.

Self-filling Pens with 14k gold point, which we cannot duplicate to sell at these prices:

Regular \$1.50 Pen, tomorrow, \$1.00  
Regular \$2.00 Pen, tomorrow, \$1.50

Remember that all of Uncle Sam's defenders need fountain pens.

Stationery Shop—First Floor.

## A Palm Beach Suit Sale

Special \$9.75 Tomorrow

About three hundred high-grade Palm Beach Suits in this season's styles, are included in this sale.

The values are really worth while—every Suit in the lot was bought to sell at a much higher price.

There are sizes to fit all, from the tall slim to the short stout; however, an early selection is advised, while the assortment is at its best, so come early in the morning.

### OUTING TROUSERS

A splendid showing of White Flannel, White Serge and Palm Beach Trousers, Flannel, \$6.00 Serge, \$6.00 Palm Beach, \$4.00

Men's Clothing Shop—Second Floor.

## Wash Suits

—for Little Tots

At Very Low Prices

Wash Suits in plain and fancy stripes, high and low neck styles; made of good wearing materials; just the Suit for every-day wear. sizes 2½ to 8 years. Special 95c



Corduroy Knickers for outing, camping and rough wear; good serviceable materials; dark colors. Sizes 7 to 17 years. Special 95c

Thirty Boys' Novelty Suits in broken lots and sizes, some slightly soiled; a variety of mixed materials, fancy woolsens, white serges, Palm Beach Suits, etc. Special \$2.95

Boys' Black Rubber Raincoats, extra length, made of good quality material. Special \$2.65

Rain Hat to match. Special 75c

Boys' Shop—Second Floor.

## EARL OF DUNMORE TO SPEAK HERE NEXT WEDNESDAY

Member of British Mission  
Who Will Address C. of C.  
Has Distinguished War  
Record.

Col. Alexander Edward Murray, eighth Earl of Dunmore, who is touring the United States on an official mission from the British Government, will be in St. Louis Wednesday and will address the Chamber of Commerce at luncheon at the Planters Hotel. He will also speak before the Junior Chamber of Commerce, an organization of youths, at the Planters.

Lord Dunmore is 47 years old and is 6 feet 4 inches tall. He is recovering from the effect of his two appearances on the casualty list in the present war. He was gassed before Ypres in December, 1915, and was wounded last fall at the capture of Pashende Ridge. He wears the Victoria Cross and the Distinguished Service Order. The V. C. was won in an African frontier war, where he was present as a newspaper correspondent, and where, under circumstances of exceptional peril, he rescued a comrade whose horse had been shot under him.

With Kitchener in Egypt. He served under Kitchener in Egypt and the Sudan, and also in the Boer War. He won the D. S. O. in the Pashende engagement.

King Edward was his godfather. When he succeeded his father in the earldom in 1904, Lord Dunmore had become known as "Long Fin." This was because of his height, and because he had been Viscount Fincastle. Like his father, he is a Christian Scientist. It is related that he once inadvertently drove a tennis ball into the face of the former Prince of Wales, and that, although she was decidedly of the opinion that pain had been inflicted upon her, he held there was no such thing as pain, and would not apologize.

An ancestor, the Earl of Dunmore of that period, was colonial Governor of Virginia just before the Revolution. Earl Dunmore's father was in the South during the last year and a half of the Civil War and served for a time on the staff of Gen. Robert E. Lee.

The Earl has frequently visited the United States, having made his first

## British Earl Who Will Deliver Two Addresses Here



THE EARL OF DUNMORE

journey here in 1911. His present tour began in January, and he has spoken in a number of American and Canadian cities.

Before the beginning of the German offensive on the West front, he was urging the need of more men to hold the allied lines, and to build up an ultimate victory. He took an active part in the British-Canadian

recruiting campaign in the American cities he visited. He has spoken approvingly of America's war work.

He was married in 1904 to Lucinda Dorothea, daughter of Horace Kemble, the Scotch Laird who owned most of the Isle of Skye. They have a son and two daughters. The Earl's holdings of land amount to about 78,000 acres.

## 13 ARE KILLED IN A NEW CASUALTY LIST OF 74 NAMES

Pershing Reports 5 Men Dead  
of Wounds, One as Result  
of Airplane Accident and  
One of Disease.

## 46 SOLDIERS ARE WOUNDED SEVERELY

Casualty List Given Out Sunday  
Contained 198 Names,  
Largest Yet Reported for a  
Single Day.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The army casualty list today contained 74 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, 13.  
Died of wounds, 5.  
Died of airplane accident, 1.  
Died of disease, 1.  
Died of accident and other causes, 1.

Wounded severely, 46.  
Wounded, degree undetermined, 7.

The list: Killed in action: Lieut. John A. Ewing, Dorchester, Mass.; Edgar Alfred Lawrence, Chicago; Corporal Anthony Dicello, Pottsville, Pa.; Privates Samuel Bucher, Valhalla, Conn.; Clarence Fields, Ashland, Ky.; Henry Kirby, Appleton, Wis.; Guy Loerbach, Mohler, Oregon; Howard Morgan, Covington, La.; Jess E. Price, Covington, La.; Oscar F. L. Schaefer, Halesboro, Pa.; Joseph R. Smith, Weiser, Idaho; John Votte, Marstoneteri-Potarra, Italy; George C. Wright, Biscoe, N. C.

Died of wounds: Privates Walter Bruce, Lowell, Mass.; William H. Hornby, Fall River, Mass.; Gust Kales, Ashboro, N. C.; Mac Winget, Marysville, Ohio.  
Died of disease: Private Hic W. Waltersman, Kamran, Pa.; Cadet Jefferson O. Myers, Boonville, Ind.; Died of accident or other cause: Private Elsie Lewis, Madison, Ind.

Wounded in action (degree undetermined): Lieut. Dwight E. Carson, Mount Airy, N. C.; James W. Hewitt, Creston, Io.; Anton J. Kovalek, Cedar Rapids, Io.; Lee Jones, Andrews, Io.; Joseph L. Madden, Washington, D. C.; Glen Stanley, Pittsford, Mich.

Wounded severely: Capt. John T. Costello, Binghamton, N. Y.; Lieut. Spencer J. Seafie, Meridian Park, Minn.; Sergt. Malcolm C. Clark, Memphis, Tenn.; John Farrell, New York City; David A. Fluke, Northampton, Mass.; James P. Kelly, Smithville, Ga.; Alfred McCool, Londonderry, Ireland; William F. Murphy, Conshohocken, Pa.; Charles I. Smith, Brookline, Mass.; Gerald W. Quinn, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Corporals Herman Cannon, Minneapolis, Minn.; Winslow Cornett, Salem, Ky.; William Gordon, New York City; Harold L. Hard, Addison, Mich.; Mer Johnson, Moore's Hill, Ind.; Roy J. Kraemer, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Privates Earl C. Blake, Metz, Ind.; Thomas P. Brown, Alton, Mass.; John Casale, New York City; Croftord Cagle, Horton, Tex.; Joseph Connell, Mantoloking, Pa.; Joseph Cronwrick, Hamburg, Ark.; Walter Dunn, Homer City, Pa.; Errol E. Emshwiler, Leroy, Mich.; Willard Franklin, Green Mountain, N. C.; Russell H. Evans, Catasauqua, Pa.; Arthur Garber, New York City; Virgil T. Gibson, Victor, Mont.; Patrick J. Goodwin, Lawrence, Mass.; Walter Greenwald, Chicago; Earl M. Guerlin, East Jordan, Mich.; Lee Hagerty, Spencer, Io.; Charles H. Hayes, Syracuse, N. Y.; Lorenz C. Hitzeroth, San Francisco; Clinton J. Leavitt, Cambridge, Mass.; William McAllister, Maryville, O.; Stephen A. McDaniel, Kingston, Pa.; August E. Pabst, Syracuse, N. Y.; Emedeo Palazzio, Natick, R. I.; Frederick H. Saunders, Cambridge, Mass.; Leonard M. Senz, Beaver Dam, Wis.

Prisoner, previously reported missing: Lieut. Elmer D. Mackey, McKeesport, Pa.

198 Names in Casualty List Reported Sunday.

The army casualty list of Sunday contained 198 names, the largest number thus far reported by Gen. Pershing in a single day. The list was divided as follows:

Killed in action, 13; died of wounds, 5; died of disease, 1; died of airplane accident, 1; died of accident and other causes, 4; wounded severely, 46; wounded, degree undetermined, 74; missing in action, 26.

The list follows:

Killed in action: Capt. James J. Anderson, Summit, Ga.; Henry Ephraim Mosher, Falconer, N. Y.; Lieut. John Douglas Crawford, Brookline, Mass.; Thomas W. Vane, Goddard, Maryville, Tenn.; Eugene P. Hubbard, Chatham, N. J.; Sergt. Earl J. Mathews, Alma, Ark.; Raymond W. Miner, Pittsford, Pa.; William Schofield, Detroit, Mich.; Corps. Arthur C. Jones, Paris, Tex.; James McGrath, Saxonville, Mass.; William A. Trafton, Malden, Mass.; Mustican Frederick J. Miles, Geneva, O.; Privates James W. Adams, Keyway, Ga.; Robert T. Brown, Finley, Wis.; Wiley M. Crosswell, Fellditch, O.; Henry P. Daniels, Eastman, Ga.; Harry H. Eschbach, Lancaster, Pa.; Mike Fishback, Cannelton, Ind.; Cal. B. Jaquay, Battle Creek, Mich.; Martin P. Kennedy, Holyoke, Mass.; Leland L. Landry, St. Patrick, La.; John W. Lankford, Union, S. C.; Barney Liles, Florence, Ala.; Joseph

## CASUALTIES REPORTED AMONG U. S. FORCES ABROAD TOTAL 7315

By the Associated Press.

CASUALTIES among the American expeditionary forces thus far reported by Gen. Pershing, including Sunday's list, total 7315, the War Department announced in making public the first of regular weekly summaries of casualties. Deaths in action and from wounds, disease, accidents and all other causes number 2977, while 4046 men have been wounded and 342 are missing in action, including men held as prisoners in Germany. The department's recapitulation follows:

Killed in action (including 291 at sea), 1033.  
Died of wounds, 310.  
Died of disease, 1192.  
Died of accidents and other causes, 392.  
Wounded in action, 4046.  
Missing in action (including prisoners), 342.  
Total, 7315.

W. Luthar, Morrisdale, Pa.; Henry J. Nacella, Wakefield, Mass.; Axel G. Peterson, Milwaukee, Mont.; John J. Phelan, Catkill, N. Y.; Joe Pizsa, Mount Pleasant, Pa.; Nick Rong, Rome, Italy; Meyer Sereysky, Boston, Mass.; Andy Silver, Anthraw, Tenn.; Emmett C. Smith, Hardin, Mont.; Ivan Stringer, Stewartville, Minn.

Died of wounds: Corporals Benlie A. Jones, Grand Ridge, Fla.; James W. Weldon, Toledo, O.; Privates Anton Bernatz, Decatur, Io.; James O. Farley, Odd, W. Va.; Stanley Kryszewsky, Podulski, Russia; Harry F. Ray, McCurtain, Ok.; Joseph M. Todd, Grand Rapids, Mich.; John Warren, Madison, Ind.; Dozier Wren, Bethesda, S. C.

Died of disease: Privates Charles V. Bloomquist, Brooklyn; James L. Price, Covington, La.; Oscar F. L. Schaefer, Halesboro, Pa.; Joseph R. Smith, Weiser, Idaho; John Votte, Marstoneteri-Potarra, Italy; George C. Wright, Biscoe, N. C.

Died of wounds: Privates Walter Bruce, Lowell, Mass.; William H. Hornby, Fall River, Mass.; Gust Kales, Ashboro, N. C.; Mac Winget, Marysville, Ohio.  
Died of disease: Private Hic W. Waltersman, Kamran, Pa.; Cadet Jefferson O. Myers, Boonville, Ind.; Died of accident or other cause: Private Elsie Lewis, Madison, Ind.

Wounded in action (degree undetermined): Lieut. Dwight E. Carson, Mount Airy, N. C.; James W. Hewitt, Creston, Io.; Anton J. Kovalek, Cedar Rapids, Io.; Lee Jones, Andrews, Io.; Joseph L. Madden, Washington, D. C.; Glen Stanley, Pittsford, Mich.

Wounded severely: Capt. John T. Costello, Binghamton, N. Y.; Lieut. Spencer J. Seafie, Meridian Park, Minn.; Sergt. Malcolm C. Clark, Memphis, Tenn.; John Farrell, New York City; David A. Fluke, Northampton, Mass.; James P. Kelly, Smithville, Ga.; Alfred McCool, Londonderry, Ireland; William F. Murphy, Conshohocken, Pa.; Charles I. Smith, Brookline, Mass.; Gerald W. Quinn, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Corporals Herman Cannon, Minneapolis, Minn.; Winslow Cornett, Salem, Ky.; William Gordon, New York City; Harold L. Hard, Addison, Mich.; Mer Johnson, Moore's Hill, Ind.; Roy J. Kraemer, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Privates Earl C. Blake, Metz, Ind.; Thomas P. Brown, Alton, Mass.; John Casale, New York City; Croftord Cagle, Horton, Tex.; Joseph Connell, Mantoloking, Pa.; Joseph Cronwrick, Hamburg, Ark.; Walter Dunn, Homer City, Pa.; Errol E. Emshwiler, Leroy, Mich.; Willard Franklin, Green Mountain, N. C.; Russell H. Evans, Catasauqua, Pa.; Arthur Garber, New York City; Virgil T. Gibson, Victor, Mont.; Patrick J. Goodwin, Lawrence, Mass.; Walter Greenwald, Chicago; Earl M. Guerlin, East Jordan, Mich.; Lee Hagerty, Spencer, Io.; Charles H. Hayes, Syracuse, N. Y.; Lorenz C. Hitzeroth, San Francisco; Clinton J. Leavitt, Cambridge, Mass.; William McAllister, Maryville, O.; Stephen A. McDaniel, Kingston, Pa.; August E. Pabst, Syracuse, N. Y.; Emedeo Palazzio, Natick, R. I.; Frederick H. Saunders, Cambridge, Mass.; Leonard M. Senz, Beaver Dam, Wis.

Prisoner, previously reported missing: Lieut. Elmer D. Mackey, McKeesport, Pa.

198 Names in Casualty List Reported Sunday.

The army casualty list of Sunday contained 198 names, the largest number thus far reported by Gen. Pershing in a single day. The list was divided as follows:

Killed in action, 13; died of wounds, 5; died of disease, 1; died of airplane accident, 1; died of accident and other causes, 4; wounded severely, 46; wounded, degree undetermined, 74; missing in action, 26.

The list follows:

Killed in action: Capt. James J. Anderson, Summit, Ga.; Henry Ephraim Mosher, Falconer, N. Y.; Lieut. John Douglas Crawford, Brookline, Mass.; Thomas W. Vane, Goddard, Maryville, Tenn.; Eugene P. Hubbard, Chatham, N. J.; Sergt. Earl J. Mathews, Alma, Ark.; Raymond W. Miner, Pittsford, Pa.; William Schofield, Detroit, Mich.; Corps. Arthur C. Jones, Paris, Tex.; James McGrath, Saxonville, Mass.; William A. Trafton, Malden, Mass.; Mustican Frederick J. Miles, Geneva, O.; Privates James W. Adams, Keyway, Ga.; Robert T. Brown, Finley, Wis.; Wiley M. Crosswell, Fellditch, O.; Henry P. Daniels, Eastman, Ga.; Harry H. Eschbach, Lancaster, Pa.; Mike Fishback, Cannelton, Ind.; Cal. B. Jaquay, Battle Creek, Mich.; Martin P. Kennedy, Holyoke, Mass.; Leland L. Landry, St. Patrick, La.; John W. Lankford, Union, S. C.; Barney Liles, Florence, Ala.; Joseph

John T. Fox, Johnstown, Pa.; August J. Lieflander, Fond du Lac, Wis.; George C. Rauch, Chicago; Corporals Oscar Durand, Chicago; James McArthur, Chicago; Homer Mathews, Martin, Ga.; Martin Thompson, Newcastle, Pa.; Cordie H. Weeks, Selmar, Tenn.; Harry Zak, Westbury, N. Y.; Privates Herbert L. Bailey, North Abington, Mass.; Ralph E. Bender, Detroit, Mich.; Andrew Bloomquist, Anacanda, Mont.; Walter Brand, Sandy City, Utah; Robert J. Carlson, Chicago; William J. Chernenki, Dubois, Pa.; Edward J. Cuck, Isabel, S. D.; George E. Counter, Winegar, Wis.; Frank J. Danko, Passaic, N. J.; Raymond C. Elch, New Haven, Conn.; Walter L. Garden, Philadelphia; August Giesler, Sacramento, Cal.; Herbert R. Granger, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Ferdinand Hartwig, Wau-ton, Wis.; Daniel V. Holtermann, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Frank Krusynski, Chicago; Chris Lee, Nanton, Alberta, Canada; John Lee, Lake City, Io.; Patrick McDewitt, Cambridge, Mass.; Jim P. McGrotha, Sasser, Ga.; Mike Maier, Valley City, N. D.; Francis A. Mann, Defiance, Ohio; Alfred P. Melnecke, Kewaskum, Wis.; Joseph B. Napieralski, South Bend, Ind.; Patrick J. O'Neill, South Boston, Mass.; Frank A. Rowe, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Grover Simpkins, Harlem, Mont.; Lawrence L. Stofuss, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Louis W. Styler, Merlin, Ore.; John W. Symes, Fond du Lac, Wis.

Wounded (degree undetermined):

Lieuts. William E. Severe, Brooklyn; Louis D. Sola, Brooklyn. Corporals Curtis G. Baker, Newark, N. J.; Arthur D. Cregar, Truro, Io.; James S. Day, Cincinnati, Io.; Carl J. Lindahl, Creston, Io.; Frank J. Matus, Marion, Io.; William H. Sharkey, Red Oak, Io.; Francis H. Wassler, Iowa Falls, Io.; Eugene Charles L. Boggs, College of Missions, Indianapolis, Ind.; Clarence Murphy, Fort Des Moines, Io.; Cooks Alvin Byrd, Riverton, Io.; Roy L. Dawson, Butler, Mo.; Ernest A. Matheny, Creston, Io.; Charles E. Oshes, Creston, Io.; Privates James F. Albert, Moravia, Io.; Arthur E. Anderson, Holmes, Io.; John E. Anderson, New Britain, Conn.; Charles E. Ashmore, Greenwood, Io.; Walter R. Beardsley, Hummel, Io.; Leo V. Decker, Ottumwa, Io.; Charles F. Bower, Coon Rapids, Io.; John L. Bridges, Winterset, Io.; Albert C. Bull, Dakota City, Io.; Tom Coughlin, Olin, Io.; Howard Countryman, Wyoming, Io.; William L. Daglish, Carlton, Mich.; Charles E. Davis, Rogersville, Tenn.; Joseph M. Dotterweich, Baltimore, Md.; Leo J. Dougherty, Centerville, Io.; Willard Adair Drake, Cadillac, Mich.; Ernest E. Draper, Des Moines, Io.; John E. Drinkwater, Cedar Point, Kan.; Raymond A. Dudley, Creston, Io.; Hartwell W. Flood, Maynard, Mass.; Oscar E. French, Marion, Io.; Roy D. Fryelle, Iowa Falls, Io.; James E. George, De Soto, Io.; John D. Gowan, Indianapolis, Io.; William H. Harn, Stuart, Io.; Albert Hess, Milwaukee, Wis.; John T. Johnson, Prichard, W. Va.; Earl Fred A. Fenner, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Kirkpatrick, Lancaster, Wis.; John

R. Livingston, Bedford, Io.; Lawrence E. Livingston, Farragut, Io.; Oscar Lettis, Marion, Ind.; Gly C. Lusher, Donwood, W. Va.; Fred A. Morgan, Pontanella, Io.; Leonidus S. Munday, Holders, Pa.; Frank L. Murray, Valley Junction, Io.; Murray Neasham, Des Moines, Io.; Rollie B. Nelson, Fairfield, Io.; Walter Quick, Creston, Io.; Robert H. Reed, Red Oak, Io.; Earl H. Rhodes, Winterset, Io.; Earl E. Ristine, Fairfield, Io.; Samuel L. Robinson, Corwith, Io.; Ernest J. Rooney, Indianapolis, Io.; William J. Seals, Creston, Io.; Omar D. Shearer, Guthrie Center, Io.; Ray Smith, Creston, Io.; Les C. Stewart, Ottumwa, Io.; Arthur R. Strong, De Kalb, Mo.; Albert S. Troup, Lorimer, Io.; Reuben E. Stump, Los Angeles, Cal.; Lawrence Taffinger, Nevada, Io.; Carlos O. Welshons, Des Moines, Io.; Harward W. West, Grand Junction, Io.; Clifford Wilson, Elwood, Kan.; Frank G. Winn, Red Oak, Io.; Charles E. Woods, Vinton, Io.; William F. Woodward, Peru, Io.; John A. Zugz, Centerville, Io.

Missing in action: Corporal Leo H. Buanoski, Terryville, Conn.; Private Vincent Allen, Norwalk, Conn.; Angelo Basso, Bristol, Conn.; Leo S. Bernard, Hopkinton, Mass.; Tony Carlone, Norwalk, Conn.; Herbert Collings, New Haven, Conn.; Charles B. Kenney, Norwalk, Conn.; Irving E. Linn, New Haven, Conn.; Joseph M. McNamara, New Haven, Conn.; Hugh Marron, Norwalk, Conn.; Harold E. Mastersson, Stamford, Conn.; Albert J. Maynard, New Haven, Conn.; Charles Monson, New Haven, Conn.; Frank Narowski, Derby, Conn.; Edward A. Olson, Bristol, Conn.; Harold Owen, New Haven, Conn.; Alexander Stefanoski, Klett, Russia; Randolph S. Stewart, Plainville, Conn.; Carl Sydeski, New Haven, Conn.; Stephen Torok, Darien, Conn.

Previously reported killed in action, now reported severely wounded: Private Mike Sinkovich, Easton, Pa. Previously reported slightly wounded, now reported missing in action, Private Walter S. Wolf, New Bedford, Mass.

Wounded and Graduated Officers: Diamonds, watches, jewelry, credit, lotus dress, etc., 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1015, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1023, 1024, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1030, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1034, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1054, 1055, 1056, 1057, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1063, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1078, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 10



## Reviews of the New Movie Films

### STAGE ON SCREEN EXPLOITS FAMOUS ACTOR

"Passing of Third Floor Back"  
Lacks Movie Action But Tells  
a Fine Story.

An ambitious effort to transfer to the moving-picture screen a legitimate drama which depended mainly on its dialogue for its stage success is the Vitagraph version of "The Passing of the Third Floor Back," with Sir Johnston Forbes Robertson in the leading role. It opened for the week at the New Grand Central Theater yesterday and, despite the handicap of enforced pantomime and lack of that sort of action to which motion picture followers are accustomed, it afforded enjoyable entertainment.

This production is a movie novelty in one respect. It restricts itself to the scenic environment provided in the stage version, and the entire action is indoors. The influence of "the stranger" must have been exerted on the adapter of the story to prevent him from following the scenario writers' impulse to show at least a few glimpses of the great outdoors where the sun and the camera shine.

The want of dialogue is supplied in a measure by the expedient of flashing lines from the play on the screen, but it cannot be denied that the spectator is robbed of Forbes-Robertson's vocal art and is forced to accept the shadow for the substance. Without the opportunity to throw the magic spell of his voice over those with whom he comes in contact as he passes by, "the stranger" is limited to the rather narrow range of emotions which he is called upon to "register." These are comprehension, toleration, kindness and helpfulness.

There is a good supporting cast, recruited no doubt from the ranks of stage actors rather than from among the more scintillating, if less substantial, cohorts of the camera. The scenes are rather a series of close-up character studies than component parts of a story that tells itself.

In addition to the Forbes-Robertson offering there is a generous and varied bill, including a comedy, a news weekly, a "mototory" playlet in

which the actors are dolls, vaudeville acts in pictures, and an interesting series showing the new home of the Detroit News under the title "How a Great Newspaper is Made."

The leading feature on a varied bill at the Kings Theater this week is Roy Stewart in "A Red-Haired Cupid," another of "Red Saunders" stories which from time to time have afforded this vigorous movie star a good medium for his talents.

In this instance "Red" is a cowboy who assumed the role of a matchmaker and lets "the other fellow" get the "gals." There is the usual run of supplementary pictures on the program, including comedies and a news weekly.

**CHARLES RAY AS AN EDITOR**  
STIRS "HIS OWN HOME TOWN"

Film Drama at West End Lyric Shows How a Black Sheep Turns White.

At the West End Lyric and Sky-dome this week Charles Ray is featured in "His Own Home Town," his support including Katherine MacDonnell. Briefly, the plot is concerned with the return of a scapegrace and disowned Bishop's son to the city that has been the scene of his good-for-nothingness and straightway, as editor of a decadent daily newspaper, exposes the corruption that rules the city and drives the ringleaders, including his father, from the town. The "gang" heard that an extra was coming and capitulated unconditionally.

The comedy film, "Wild Women and Tame Lions," is one of those where a whole menagerie is set loose and the terrors of the town-folk at meeting a kangaroo on the highway and finding a lion slumbering beneath the sheets of their beds make for hilarity. There is a news weekly also that shows survivors of the recent submarine raids on the Atlantic coast.

**SAYS FATHER-IN-LAW SEDITIOUS**  
Young Wife Brings Arrest of Carl Schildknecht, 56, Enemy Alien.

Carl Schildknecht, 54 years old, a German enemy alien, living at 3314A Texas avenue, was arrested yesterday on complaint of his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Fred Schildknecht, who informed the police that he had made derogatory remarks about the United States.

She said that he expressed the hope that American people would some day have to kneel to Germany, and said that if he got the chance he would blow up the customs house.

## CARD PARTY AT THE BOGEY CLUB TOMORROW

Will Be Under Auspices of the  
American Fund for French  
Wounded.

AMONG those who have made reservations for the bridge party to be given under the auspices of the American Fund for French Wounded tomorrow afternoon at the Bogey Club, are: Mmes. Harvey Mudd, Charles Bates, Gouverneur Calhoun, Hamilton Parish, George von Schrader, Frederick Kreisemann, William Barnett, James L. Ford, Howard Benoit, Daniel G. Taylor, John Fowler, Dan Nugent, Seth Cobb, C. E. Kimball, E. F. Goitra, Jules Valle, Leo de Smet, Carlton, William J. Lamp, Nat. Ewing, J. D. P. Francis, Harry L. Block, Alex. DeMenil, Mrs. Charles Wiggins, 3 tables; Misses Emilie Marritt, Lulu Hopkins, Mary Lionberger; Messrs. Hugh Campbell, Walter Taylor, Louis Werner and Breckenridge Jones.

The affair is under the direction of Mrs. James M. Francis, who is acting chairman of the organization during Mrs. Cruden's absence, and promises to call forth one of the largest and most fashionable gatherings of the season. All the members of the Bogey Club have been invited and a number of other men have signified their intentions of being present.

Those who do not play cards will take their knitting and form groups on the lawn and a nominal sum will be asked for fruit punch and cakes which will be served during the afternoon.

After the card game there will be an auction sale of country hams, bacons and other donations.

**Social Items**  
Mrs. Sylvanus Thayer Moulton of 5899 N. 14th place has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Lee M. Moulton, to Philip Burr Bockel of St. Paul, but now residing in Louisville, Ky. The wedding will take place on June 18 and will be quietly celebrated at the home of the bride-elect's mother. Miss Moulton is a sister of Mrs. Ben D. Conard and of Mrs. Joseph Dowler and with her sisters has enjoyed great popularity in her set. Mr. Bockel will take his bride to Louisville to reside, where he is engaged in work for the Government.

Capt. and Mrs. Trille Spencer are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a son. Capt. Spencer is now in service in France, and his father, Col. E. J. Spencer, is commanding.

Laurence D. Bridge, who is in service on one of the battleships off the Atlantic coast, was in St. Louis the past week on a furlough. Mrs. Bridge expects to depart soon to spend the summer on the coast so as to be near her husband. Mr. Bridge's brother, Dwight Bridge, is in France in the camouflage corps, he having been an student in New York City before his joining the service. They are both sons of Mr. and Mrs. Hudson E. Bridge of 23 Westmoreland place.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Rodenbaeck, whose marriage ceremony took place last Wednesday, are spending their honeymoon at a camp in the Adirondacks and after July 1 will be at home in Utica, N. Y. Mrs. Rodenbaeck was Miss Kyle Adams.

Mrs. Max Koehler entertained with an informal tea on Thursday afternoon at her home in Ferguson. Mrs. Koehler has recently returned from a lengthy visit to her mother in Mobile, Ala.

Miss Ada Winkelmeyer of 4555 West Pine boulevard, assisted by Mrs. Oscar Guth, gave a bridge party last Tuesday afternoon, the proceeds of which were given to the Red Cross. Ninety-five guests were present and \$163 was netted for the cause.

Mrs. J. H. Spaulding of St. James, Mo., is visiting Mrs. W. E. Watson of 1326 Union boulevard.

## ONE OF THE BRIDES MARRIED LAST WEEK



Mrs. George A. Rodenbaeck.

ing the Thirty-second Engineer Regiment at Camp Grant. His wife and mother have been residing at Rockford, Ill., so as to be near Col. Spencer's post.

On last Friday at Vassar College the announcement of the engagement of Miss Sophia Mallon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Guy N. Mallon of Cincinnati, and Lieut. George Lane Edwards Jr. of Kirkwood was made. Miss Mallon is among the graduates of Vassar this year. Lieut. Edwards is in command of Provisional Company C of the United States Motor Transportation Service in France and expects to obtain leave in the early fall. He was in the class of 1913 at Yale before entering the service. His mother, Mrs. George Lane Edwards, went on to Vassar to be present at the announcement and will return to the city tomorrow.

Invitations have been issued to the marriage of Miss Elizabeth Holladay and Frederick Emmons Niedringhaus which will take place on Saturday evening, June 15, at 8:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hiram Holladay of 5138 Washington boulevard. Miss Holladay has just returned from Miss Bennett's School, where she was graduated.

Laurence D. Bridge, who is in service on one of the battleships off the Atlantic coast, was in St. Louis the past week on a furlough. Mrs. Bridge expects to depart soon to spend the summer on the coast so as to be near her husband. Mr. Bridge's brother, Dwight Bridge, is in France in the camouflage corps, he having been an student in New York City before his joining the service. They are both sons of Mr. and Mrs. Hudson E. Bridge of 23 Westmoreland place.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Rodenbaeck, whose marriage ceremony took place last Wednesday, are spending their honeymoon at a camp in the Adirondacks and after July 1 will be at home in Utica, N. Y. Mrs. Rodenbaeck was Miss Kyle Adams.

Mrs. Max Koehler entertained with an informal tea on Thursday afternoon at her home in Ferguson. Mrs. Koehler has recently returned from a lengthy visit to her mother in Mobile, Ala.

Miss Ada Winkelmeyer of 4555 West Pine boulevard, assisted by Mrs. Oscar Guth, gave a bridge party last Tuesday afternoon, the proceeds of which were given to the Red Cross. Ninety-five guests were present and \$163 was netted for the cause.

Mrs. J. H. Spaulding of St. James, Mo., is visiting Mrs. W. E. Watson of 1326 Union boulevard.

## CROWD SITS BENEATH PARASOLS AT PATRIOTIC PARK CONCERT

Sunshine and Lack of Transportation  
Lend Language to Performance  
in Municipal Theater.

A scorching sun which made it almost intolerable to sit in the amphitheater of the Municipal Theater in Forest Park without the protection of parasols, instilled a certain languor into performers and audience at the patriotic concert given yesterday afternoon. The discomfort was not lessened by the fact that the park buses failed to run to the theater, enailing on all those without automobiles long walks.

The amphitheater was about one-third filled, and hundreds of other persons sat on the grass outside the enclosure wherever there was a patch of shade. The gathering was dotted with umbrellas and parasols.

The occasion was the opening of the municipal band concert season, and was seized upon by the St. Louis Art League as an opportunity for patriotic exercises, beginning with a flag-raising ceremony, carried out by a detachment of Home Guards.

Those participating were a band of 50 pieces, a band of bagpipers, members of the Pageant Choral Society and some scores of members of the High School Students' chorus. Frederick Fischer directed the band and the Choral Society, and E. J. Coburn conducted the high-school singers.

Fischer made a vigorous attempt, though the response was far from zealous, to persuade the audience to join in singing "Onward, Christian Soldiers," "Dixie," "Old Black Joe" and "Old Folks at Home." The heat was discouraging to exercise of the vocal chords.

Among the numbers were military excerpts from "Aida" and Wagner's "Rienzi," three choruses from "The Song of the Sea" and "The Song of the Sea," and patriotic songs, "The New America," which was recently composed by former Judge Charles Clifton Allen.

## FOUR COMMUNITY CANNERIES TO BE OPENED HERE THIS WEEK

Distribution Department of Food Administration Selects Widely Separated Locations.

Four community canneries will be opened this week in different parts of the city by the Distribution Department of the local food administration, under supervision of Mrs. David McWilliams. Sites convenient to the Easton-Sarah Farmers' Curb Market, the Producers' and Consumers' Market, Soudard Market and a central downtown location have been selected. Each will be opened with ceremonies, including a concert by the Great Lakes Naval Band and addresses by Mrs. McWilliams and Mrs. E. T. Senseney.

The first one will be opened at 4144 Easton avenue, Tuesday morning, 8:30, under the management of Mrs. John Boyer; the second at 10 Commission row, on Laclede avenue, east of Sarah street, Wednesday, under the direction of Mrs. Robert Mudd; the third at 1616 South Seventh street, Thursday, under the management of Mrs. Frank P. Gross; and the fourth in the Laclede Gas Light Building, Saturday morning, with Mrs. E. J. Cleveland in charge.

Volunteer workers, for whom a call was issued yesterday by Mrs. McWilliams, will form the working staff of the canneries. Proceeds from this work will be given to recognized charities.

**Grein Resigns as Dramatic Critic.**  
By the Associated Press.

LONDON, June 10.—T. J. Grein, one of the principals in the trial of Noel Pemberton-Billing, M. P., for alleged criminal libel, has resigned as dramatic critic of the Sunday Times, a post he held for more than

30 years. Pemberton-Billing was accused of having libeled Miss Maude Allan, dancer, and Grein, who is manager of the Independent Theater, in which Miss Allan gave performances. He was acquitted last week.

**Beauty the Complexion**  
IN TEN DAYS  
Nadinola Cream  
The Unexcelled Beautifier  
USED AND IMPROVED  
BY THOUSANDS  
Guaranteed to remove tan, freckles, pimples, liver-spots, etc. Extreme cases twenty days.  
Leaves the skin clear, soft, healthy. Two sizes. Sold by leading toilet counters or mail.  
National Toilet Company, Paris, Tenn.

**KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES**  
POST TOASTIES  
KRUNBLES  
A delightful food for the morning meal.  
2 Pkgs. 25c  
10c  
20c  
BRAN-EAT 10c  
CREAM MEAL 5c

**MASON JARS** With zinc cap. 70c  
CAMPBELL'S SOUPS All kinds, with the exception of tomato; per can. 10c  
Macaroni-Spaghetti-Noodles An appetizing, nourishing dish. 10c  
PORK & BEANS Country Club, large whole beans in tomato sauce; a 13c  
RED BEANS In their own sauce; rich, delicious, tasty. No. 3 cans. 10c  
POTTED MEAT Ham flavor. 2 1/2 lbs. 9c  
CHIPPED BEEF In glass tumbler. 10c

**Green Onions** Young, tender, fresh, big bunches. 3 for 10c  
**Red Beets** Tender, fresh, big bunches. 3 for 10c  
**Turnips** Young, tender, fresh, big bunches. 3 for 10c

**Cabbage** Sound, fresh, young, tender, spears, bunch. 5c  
**Asparagus** Sound, fresh, young, tender, heads. 5c  
**Cauliflower** Sound, fresh, young, tender, heads. 5c

**Radishes** Red, big 2 for 5c  
**Texas Onions** Sound, dry, 3 lbs. 10c  
**Telephone Peas** Dry, per lb. 7c

**EVERYDAY, AVONDALE, Golden Key**  
Rich, wholesome, milk; safe, satisfying, economical; use where you would the fresh.

**Tail Cans, 10c**  
WILSON, baby size, per can. 10c  
GRAPE JUICE U. G. half 2 for 26c  
LOGANBERRY JUICE (Phase); try it! 17c 14-oz. 49c  
Apple Butter U. G. 13-oz. 14c Avondale 8c  
PRE-SERVES U. G. pure fruit 12c Par Value 10c  
JELLIES Assorted flavors, for 10c  
JELLO Assorted flavors, for 10c

**Sliced Peaches** In good syrup. 12c  
**PICKLES** Sour; 20c Sweet; 9c  
**SALAD DRESSING** U. G. Mayonnaise 23c  
**FRESH SPARE RIBS** Plenty of lean; per 16c  
**SMOKED SHOULDERS** Sugar cured, tender; per pound. 24c  
**MINCED HAM** Per lb. 25c  
**HEAD CHEESE** Per lb. 20c  
**TROKED** Per lb. 25c  
**JOWLS** Per lb. 25c

**BOILED HAM** Water sliced, with delicious sweet homey flavor; per pound. 48c  
**CHOICE VEAL** Best cuts; per 25c  
**YOUNG** Best cuts; per 25c  
**SALAMI** Per lb. 33c  
**FRANKFURTERS** Per lb. 23c  
**DRY SALT JOWLS** For seasoning; per lb. 22c  
**SMOKED BRAUN** Per lb. 14c  
**BEANS** Pintos, Navy, Lima, per lb. 10c  
**MAZOLA** For cooking; 33c  
**CLEAN EASY, Globe Premium or LENOX** Excellent laundry soaps. Prices advancing, and this is a real snap; per bar. 5c  
**26-NILE-BORAX** 4-oz. 4c 10-oz. 8c  
**Washing Tablets** White without rubbing. 4c  
**N. R. G. Saves half the soap** 5c  
**Ammonia** 6c  
**Bluing** 7c  
**Vulcanol** Large 9c Metal Polish 10c  
**Liquid Veneer** Large 37c C-N. L. 23c  
**Matches** Climax 10c per box. 5c  
**PICKS** per box. 3c

**VICTORY JUMBLES** A tasty, appetizing, wartime cookie. 2 lbs. 25c  
**SARDINES** Domestic, in mustard oil, 10c  
**BEANS** Pintos, Navy, Lima, per lb. 10c  
**MAZOLA** For cooking; 33c  
**CLEAN EASY, Globe Premium or LENOX** Excellent laundry soaps. Prices advancing, and this is a real snap; per bar. 5c  
**26-NILE-BORAX** 4-oz. 4c 10-oz. 8c  
**Washing Tablets** White without rubbing. 4c  
**N. R. G. Saves half the soap** 5c  
**Ammonia** 6c  
**Bluing** 7c  
**Vulcanol** Large 9c Metal Polish 10c  
**Liquid Veneer** Large 37c C-N. L. 23c  
**Matches** Climax 10c per box. 5c  
**PICKS** per box. 3c

**GINGER** Fine, rich, snappy ginger. 12c  
**S. N. A. P.** with a delightful lingering after taste; lb. 12c  
**TUNAMAKES** delicious. 21c  
**FISH** salad; 21c  
**PEACHES** Choice. 2 lbs. 25c  
**PRUNES** Fancy Calif., sweet, 3 lbs. 25c  
**KARO** Blue Label. 12c  
**RED LABEL** 13c  
**APPLE FLAVOR** 17c

**CORN** Choice, good quality; No. 2. 12c  
**MIXED VEGETABLES** For making a delicious soup; No. 3 cans. 2 for 25c  
**TOMATOES** Solid packed, 14c  
 **Lima Beans** Avondale, dry, No. 2 cans. 13c  
**PEAS** Sentinel, Early June, sweet, tender; No. 2 cans. 13c  
**Sweet Potatoes** Dry packed; 17c  
**Hominy** Lyle No. 3 cans. 9c

**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c  
**Country Club** Churned from the finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy. POUND PRINT  
**TAPIOCA** Minute Instant, 12c  
**Gelatin** Minute, 10c  
**Yeast Foam** 4c  
**Marshmallow Creme** 23c  
**CRISCO** For cake making, frying, etc. 29c

**CHOW CHOW** Made from finest, pure, rich cream. Have you tried it? Same high quality all the time, as it comes from one creamery. The price itself is an incentive to buy

## 2,000 T. P. A. DELEGATES OPEN CONVENTION; DANCE TONIGHT

Traveling Men, Accompanied by Wives, Gather at American Theater.

The Travelers' Protective Association opened its twenty-ninth annual convention today at the American Theater, where the business sessions of the convention will be held. There

are more than 2000 delegates. They are accompanied by their wives. This evening there will be an informal dance at the Arcadia, 3519 Olive street. This will be the only open entertainment during the convention. All of the members of the T. P. A., whether delegates or not, are urged to attend the business sessions of the convention. At each of the hotels there is a Reception Committee composed of wives and daughters of the local members, who will entertain the visiting ladies.

## City News in Brief

### ANNOUNCEMENTS

C. M. Talbert, Director of Streets and Sewers, will speak at a meeting of the South Side Automobile Club at the Western Rowing Club, 5090 South Broadway, at 8 p. m., Thursday.

A special meeting of the Associated Musicians of St. Louis will be held at the Studio Building, Taylor avenue and Olive street, at 8:15 tomorrow evening. Representation of the association in the Chamber of Commerce and other matters will be considered. Repeal of the section of the constitution relating to examinations will be voted on.

St. Barbara's School picnic will be held tomorrow at Eden Park, 7000 St. Charles Rock road. Dinner and refreshments will be served by the Young Ladies and Married Ladies Societies. The children will meet at the school and march to the park.

Two of Pershing's men, Private Barney Pogue and Corp. George Barnes, will be the speakers at the Advertising Men's Club luncheon at the Statler tomorrow. The delegation to the fourteenth annual convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, to be held in San Francisco July 7 to 11, will be announced.

City Engineer Harland Bartholomew will speak on "What a City Plan Means for St. Louis" at the monthly meeting of the South Twelfth Street Improvement Association Tuesday evening at Marack's Hall, Eleventh and Emmett streets.

### POLICE ITEMS.

Twenty-one members of the St. Louis Piscatorial Club, 1700 Geyer avenue, were arrested yesterday afternoon, when detectives raided the club and found 61 cases of beer and a barrel of whiskey. Five of the men were drinking in a back room.

The liquor was confiscated. Eight men were arrested in raids on rooming houses at 752 South Fourth street, 2021 Walnut street and 1336 Chouteau avenue.

Detectives today announced there had not been a single highway robbery reported in the city in the past 10 days.

A note attached to a suit of clothes found on the motor boat, Red Eagle, at the foot of Stein street, yesterday, directed that the bundle be given to "some needy person." In addition to the suit which was of a grayish mixture there was a black and white shirt, size 15 1/2, black Union shoes, size 8, black derby hat, size 7, green socks mahogany cane, two empty purses and two handkerchiefs.

Jewelry valued at \$250 was reported stolen yesterday in burglaries at the homes of Mrs. Frances Barghnes, 2345 Olive street; Nicholas Nixon, 3339 Market street, and Carl Isemann, 1900 South Jefferson avenue.

### MISCELLANEOUS

Eugene Wall, 2141 Hickory street, was cut and bruised last night when his motor cycle collided at Jefferson avenue and Albion place with an automobile driven by Frank Drebing, 3411 Washington avenue. Oscar Wandlich of 1019 Dillon street, who was on the motor cycle with Wall, also was cut.

Miss Frances Johannesmeyer, 22 years old, of 3125 Meramec street, was knocked down at Levee and Washington avenue last night by the automobile driven by C. W. Strucker, 5116 Wells avenue. She was cut on the face.

The spring festival of the turner societies of St. Louis affiliated with the North American Gymnastic Union was held yesterday at Lemay's Park, with about 7000 persons in attendance. Mayor Kiel and Otto Hampe, a member of the Board of Aldermen, made addresses. The Southwest Turner Society won four of the five cups awarded in the gymnastic competitions, the Concordia Society winning the other.

A mass meeting to raise funds for the relief of the convent of the Good Shepherd, Gravois and Bamberger avenues, a home for girls, was held yesterday in the auditorium of St. Louis University. Archbishop Glennon and Father James J. O'Brien, pastor of St. Margaret's Church, were the principal speakers. An effort is being made to raise \$75,000 for the institution.

A service flag with 147 stars was dedicated yesterday to the members in service of the Young Men's Hebrew Association by the organization. Moses Shoenberg, a patron of the organization, delivered the dedicatory address.

Dr. Charles T. Wheeler and Dr. P. H. Howard, both of St. Louis, are in New York with a group of Salvation Army workers preparatory to sailing for France, where they will work among the American soldiers.

The Rev. Benjamin Young, pastor of the Union, Methodist Episcopal Church, 3610 Delmar boulevard, delivered a farewell sermon to his congregation yesterday morning and will depart tomorrow for Kelley Aviation Field, San Antonio, Tex., where he will become religious secretary of a Y. M. C. A. hut.

Calvin Ford Collins, president of the Western Tis and Timmer Co., died yesterday at his home, 3312 West Pine boulevard, following a stroke of paralysis a week ago. His wife and three children survive him. Collins was a resident of this city 33 years ago, having come here from Mississippi.

A statue of Father William Joseph Chaminade, founder of the Society of Mary, a teaching order for priests and brothers, was unveiled yesterday afternoon at Chaminade College, Clayton. The principal address was by Father M. S. Ryan, rector of the Kenrick Seminary of Webster Groves.

John H. Long, 53 years old, of 11074 Penrose street, fractured his skull when he fell 15 feet from his bedroom window at 12:15 a. m. yesterday.

A man who registered at the Benton Hotel, Ninth and Pine streets, as O. L. Sanders of Oklahoma City, Ok., ended his life last evening with carbolic acid. He appeared to be about 35 years old. He had \$4 in his pockets.

Three women and two girls were overcome by heat during the military mass on the grounds at St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, 4701 South Grand avenue, yesterday. They were Mrs. Anna Meyer, 50 years old, of 3002 Park avenue; Mrs. Ida Wall, 30, of 7621 Alabama avenue; Miss Mary Miller, 22, 3860 Marine avenue; Miss Helen Buehler, 19, 4338 Tholoan avenue; and Isabelle Sauter, 14, of 4750 Idaho avenue.

August Schwind, 41 years old, of 4137A Hartford street, a mounted policeman, fell from his runaway horse in Forest Park at 7 a. m. yesterday and died four hours later from a fractured skull at Barnes Hospital. He is survived by his widow and 14-year-old son. He was appointed a patrolman in 1899, after having served as a police telephone operator.

Mrs. Frances Palermo, 37 years old, of 1214 North Twelfth street, jumped from a surrey with her 2-year-old son, Giuseppe, in her arms, when the horse ran away in O'Fallon Park yesterday afternoon. Her left arm was fractured. The child was uninjured.

John H. Potter Jr., 21 years old, of Booneville, Mo., died yesterday at the Missouri Pacific Hospital from a

strained back. He was injured March 25 when he tried to lift a barrel of oil at Booneville.

Randolph Laughlin, an attorney, while running a race with his 16-

year-old son, Robert at Loch-lin, the Laughlin home on Lackland road, St. Louis County, fell yesterday afternoon and suffered a severe cut on the right leg. He was brought to St. Louis for treatment.

\$600,000 Presbyterian War Fund. By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The intention of the Presbyterian Church in this country to raise a \$600,000 fund for war work and a \$75,000,000 fund

for strengthening the church after the war was announced here yesterday in all the pulpits of that denomination.

Five Diamonds at \$1 a Week. Special Sale. Lefty Bros. & Co. 24 ft. 2nd St. N. W. Ad.

## A U. S. Battleship Is Built in 8 Months

It Required 8 Months to Construct Our Massive Vault.

The same hard armor steel used by Uncle Sam for the country's protection is used in this vault. It is built to protect your valuables—Liberty Bonds, papers, jewelry, heirlooms, silverware, etc.—against every form of attack. Protection like this costs thousands of dollars, but through the co-operation of thousands of persons using safe deposit boxes in this vault we are able to give you this protection for as small an amount as \$5.00 a year.

Don't delay, come in and rent a box today.

American Trust Co.  
716 Locust Street

Member Federal Reserve System—  
U. S. Government Protection

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

# FOLK FOR SENATOR

Under the Constitution it is the duty of the people of Missouri to name a Senator of their own choosing in November. The Democrats of the State must select their nominee at the August Primary.

As President Wilson has pointed out, politics is now adjourned. In this grave hour the welfare of the Nation must be the first consideration and the choice of the people for official position should be based upon ability to serve.

We feel that in this crisis Missouri should be represented in the United States Senate by a man who is fully experienced in the affairs of the State and Nation.

Questions in which St. Louis and the entire State are deeply concerned will be coming up for consideration during the next session of Congress. Measured by the standard of Americanism of the highest type and ability to serve, we favor Former Governor Joseph W. Folk as the nominee of the Democratic party for United States Senator. He will be invaluable in the United States Senate in upholding President Wilson in waging the war unceasingly until brought to a victorious end. He will be needed also for his unusual qualifications in solving transportation questions both during and after the war.

Governor Folk has been tried and has made good. He has a long record of achievements in the service of the people in public affairs. Through his experience as Circuit Attorney of St. Louis and as Governor of Missouri, he is familiar with the needs of Our City and State. His service as Solicitor for the Department of State by the appointment of President Wilson, and as a part of his administration, for four years as Chief Counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission has equipped him with the unusual experience so much needed just now in dealing with international and national problems so vital to the people of the Nation.

We, the undersigned, Democratic voters of St. Louis, pledge our assistance to Governor Folk and give him our hearty endorsement, both in the Senatorial primary and in the election, and in the interest of the public we ask for him the united support of all Democrats in the primary and all citizens of our City and State in the election.

Sam Lazarus  
Eugene H. Angert  
John M. Atkinson  
Wm. F. Woerner  
Thomas B. Harvey  
Rev. W. C. Bittling  
L. Wade Childress  
Forrest Ferguson  
A. A. O'Halloran  
Jacob M. Lashley  
John A. Bush  
John A. Hope  
Fred Fricke  
Geo. P. Greeley  
Frank K. Ryan  
Moses N. Sale  
Alexander S. Vest  
W. Christy Bryan  
Chas. L. Allen  
Chas. H. Sommer  
A. J. Gallagher  
John L. Duffy  
Thomas D. Cannon  
Charles Newcomb  
Howard G. Cook  
R. T. Brownrigg  
Chas. M. Monroe  
Robert Rutledge  
Chas. Douglas Smiley Jr.  
Elias S. Gatch  
William C. Forder  
W. V. Delahunt  
F. A. Thompson  
J. Porter Henry  
George W. Allen  
John J. Kleckamp  
George P. Jones  
John D. Marshall  
Augustus L. Abbott  
S. H. Bauman  
I. Pierre Chandeysson  
Harry W. Stegall  
Douglas H. Jones  
Alexander Loeb  
James B. Austin  
S. W. Carr  
Irvin H. Gamble  
Walter A. Wilkinson  
Albert S. Lehr  
J. W. Crume  
H. T. Lindsey  
E. A. Noonan  
William Hertling

Frederick N. Judson  
Thomas H. West  
Dr. John H. Simon  
Jackson Johnson  
William Marion Reedy  
John F. Lee  
Benj. Gratz  
Frank P. Crunden  
Frank H. Sullivan  
John M. Wood  
Frank Thompson  
Sol. Willner  
Joseph T. Davis  
Rev. B. P. Fullerton  
John F. Green  
August Heman  
I. E. Kelso  
A. V. Lashley  
Dr. Louis R. Padberg  
Flint Garrison  
Dorsey A. Jamison  
William S. Logan  
Fred Reid  
Lon Sanders  
David A. Haley  
D. G. Frazier  
Benj. F. Gray  
John L. Green  
Stewart Scott Jr.  
James L. Carlisle  
Chas. J. Fox  
Robert A. Holland Jr.  
Warwick Hough  
E. P. Lampkin  
W. Douglas Lowry  
E. D. Blossom  
Charles Scholl  
Paul Jones  
Charles E. Lane  
Robert Meyer  
Charles E. Blankenship  
A. W. Lawnin  
Carl Phillips  
J. J. Scherrer  
Chas. A. Bergston  
Montague Lyon  
Emerson E. Schnepf  
T. E. Mulvihill  
Spencer E. Thomas  
William M. Waters  
F. A. Siefert  
Julian Laughlin  
William Anderson

# MURAD

## THE TURKISH CIGARETTE



Ready—aim—fire !—  
If I bring down a  
Murad I'm happy!

18  
Cents

Anargyros Makers of the Finest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World

## BLEACH YOUR DARK SKIN



Have Soft, Fair, Clear, Bright Skin  
Use Black and White. Sent By Mail, 25c. Agents Make an Easy Living.

Just try Black and White Ointment (for white or colored folks). Apply as directed on package, to face, neck, arms or hands. It is very pleasant to the skin and has the effect of bleaching dark, sallow or blotchy skin, clearing the skin of rashes, bumps, pimples, blackheads, wrinkles, tan or freckles—giving you a clear, soft, fair, bright complexion, making you the envy of everybody. Sold on a money-back guarantee, only 25c (stamps or coin) sent by mail.

FREE  
If you send \$1 for four boxes of Black and White Ointment, a 25c cake of Black and White Soap included free. Agents make an easy living representing us. Apply for territory and special deal. Address Plough Chemical Co., Dept. 5, Memphis, Tenn. Write now—today—while you think about it—ADV.

### St. Louis Minister Thankful

"I had stomach trouble for nearly 20 years, also constipation which made my system with gas and fever. I could not do my work, and while I was down sick a lady friend sent me a bottle of May's Wonderful Remedy, which proved truly wonderful. I believe it is the best medicine on earth. It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allows the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments including appendicitis. One dose will convince. Wilson Drug Co., Judges & Dolph 3 Stores, Reddick, Drake & Dolph 3 Stores, Cloughly-Brown, Pauley, Dr. Co. & Storey H. J. Landers, Carondelet, Mo. C. Broadway Pharmacy, St. St. Louis, Ill.; Morley's Retail Store, St. St. Louis, Ill.; Victor Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. ADV.



## Pleasure Bent, but Where?

Half the joy of the evening's entertainment comes with the knowledge of "where to go."

Don't start off without some idea of what you are going to see. Forestall any disappointment that comes when you "just wander in."

That's particularly true in regard to the movies.

## Go to the Movies Fully Prepared for Enjoyment

Select your picture with care. Follow your favorite stars. Keep in touch with everything that is going on in the cinema world.

You can do it easily! Read the movie news that appears in the

Daily POST-DISPATCH. Be sure you read that interestingly informative movie department which is published every Saturday in "St. Louis' ONE BIG Newspaper." It tells you all you want to know about motion pictures!

When You Want to Know Where to Go, Consult the POST-DISPATCH Photo-Play Column, Which Lists St. Louis' Leading Movies

# "LABOR FOR END OF MILITARISTS," SAYS SAMUEL GOMPERS

"Peace by Treaty Would Be Useless," Says Head of A. F. L. at Convention at St. Paul.

"WORKINGMEN READY TO SACRIFICE ALL"

"Struggle Means So Much That, If We Lose, the Lights of Freedom in the World Will Go Out."

By the Associated Press.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 10.—Workingmen of the United States will be satisfied only with a peace brought about by the complete overthrow of the German military machine, according to President Samuel Gompers, who made the principal address today at the opening session of the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor.

Calling upon delegates to be prepared to make untiring sacrifice and urging maximum production of war materials, President Gompers declared that success of the allied cause was imperative to preserve the freedom, justice and liberty of the world.

"The struggle means so much for the world that if we should lose, the lights of freedom in the world will go out," he said.

"Ready to Sacrifice All." "Men and women of labor are heart and soul in this struggle, making common cause with the people of the allied countries."

"For the republic of the United States and her cause, we are ready to give everything, but for profit, nothing."

But there is no such possibility as losing the war, Gompers said, because of the united efforts of labor, military and government officials. "The spirit of the men of our country, Serbia, Belgium, the men of Britain and France, the spirit of '76 in America will fight and fight on until the Hun shall be driven back from all the battlefields of Europe," the speaker declared.

"Now is the time that tries men's souls. If we are craven or fail to do our whole duty, our boys 'over there' will lose courage because men cannot fight under such circumstances. Knowing the enemy that we have to deal with, we may well repeat, 'Let us have liberty or let us have death.'"

Laying great stress upon necessity of crushing the autocratic and militaristic aims of Germany, Gompers stated that a peace by treaty would be absolutely worthless.

"Autocracy, militarism, and its most dangerous supporting weapon, irresponsible diplomacy, must perish. Democracy, justice, freedom and absolute confidence between Governments and people must be established and triumph," is the verdict of American labor upon its country's participation in the war, expressed by the report of President Samuel Gompers and the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor to the annual convention in session here.

"Workers in war production are practically a part of the fighting force," the report declares. "No action should be taken in the shops or on the field not in harmony with the purposes of the war. No strike should be inaugurated which cannot be justified to the man risking his life on the firing line in France."

"A crisis in world affairs has been reached. The battle lines of our allies in France are manned by the forces that represent autocratic government. Each day and hour of the coming months will hold in fearful balance the destiny of the Government and the peoples representing the ideals which bring into being and maintain Governments directed by the people themselves."

"America was drawn into this world war by the challenge of those autocratic forces which enthroned might as their chief aim. With the growth of achievements of our republic, this nation has stood as a beacon light to all the oppressed peoples of the earth. Our institutions have radiated to the remotest parts of the globe, concepts of a Government guided and maintained by the will of its people. As a people imbued with the highest ideals of justice, the fact that the allied armies have their backs to the wall fighting the minions of autocracy makes the present moment assume a ragged and a dangerous front and moves us to the solemn duty of self-examination, to determine whether we are doing our full part."

Just Labor Policies. "With equal emphasis, insisting that just labor policies govern war production, the report declared:

"Those contributing to production should have a part in its control. Every worker has a right to be free from all avoidable uncertainties of employment, both from those arising through poor labor administration and from mismanagement in production and the efforts of speculation in raw materials or finished products."

"In looking toward the future we feel keenly that the nature of social development will depend largely upon the principles which workers shall demand as the basis for relations."

"We are each day building labor's house of tomorrow. If that struc-

## OWNER OF CAR KILLING TWO BOYS EXONERATED

John Weber Acquitted by Coroner's Jury; Grand Jury to Probe.

A verdict of acquittal was returned by a Coroner's jury today at an inquest into the death of Lucian W. Verton, 7 years old, of 1444 Madison street, who was run down and killed at Broadway and Clinton street Saturday by an automobile driven by John Weber, a saloon keeper of 8466 North Broadway.

William Weber, a junk dealer, testified that the boy ran from behind a wagon and that Weber swerved to avoid hitting him, but the mud-guard knocked the boy down.

Though the Coroner's verdict did not hold Weber responsible, there will be a grand jury investigation. Weber, in his automobile, also ran down and killed Richard Richards, 14 years old, of Kirkwood, April 8 last, at Eleventh street and Washington avenue.

Not a Commodity. In behalf of labor, offering this co-operation, the report rendered its declaration that labor cannot be a commodity, that a commodity is a thing which is produced and through the Shipping Board and Ordnance Departments of the army," the report says, "indicates what must be an accepted co-operation in all production." In some governmental aspects of war production, the report asserted the representation has not been accorded. It suggests that all producing enterprises be equipped with a labor manager who will act as chief engineer and other executives, and said that there ought to be in charge of all labor problems of production a high-powered trained labor man."

## "POLITICS IS ADJOURNED," SAYS W. F. McCOMBS, IN ST. LOUIS

Democratic Leader Predicts Party Will Continue in Power for War.

"Politics is adjourned," said William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, when he spoke at the Hotel Jefferson today on an opinion on the political situation.

"People are going to vote in November for the status quo; that is, to keep things as they are," he said. "The spirit of the men of our country, Serbia, Belgium, the men of Britain and France, the spirit of '76 in America will fight and fight on until the Hun shall be driven back from all the battlefields of Europe," the speaker declared.

"Now is the time that tries men's souls. If we are craven or fail to do our whole duty, our boys 'over there' will lose courage because men cannot fight under such circumstances. Knowing the enemy that we have to deal with, we may well repeat, 'Let us have liberty or let us have death.'"

Laying great stress upon necessity of crushing the autocratic and militaristic aims of Germany, Gompers stated that a peace by treaty would be absolutely worthless.

"Autocracy, militarism, and its most dangerous supporting weapon, irresponsible diplomacy, must perish. Democracy, justice, freedom and absolute confidence between Governments and people must be established and triumph," is the verdict of American labor upon its country's participation in the war, expressed by the report of President Samuel Gompers and the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor to the annual convention in session here.

"Workers in war production are practically a part of the fighting force," the report declares. "No action should be taken in the shops or on the field not in harmony with the purposes of the war. No strike should be inaugurated which cannot be justified to the man risking his life on the firing line in France."

"A crisis in world affairs has been reached. The battle lines of our allies in France are manned by the forces that represent autocratic government. Each day and hour of the coming months will hold in fearful balance the destiny of the Government and the peoples representing the ideals which bring into being and maintain Governments directed by the people themselves."

"America was drawn into this world war by the challenge of those autocratic forces which enthroned might as their chief aim. With the growth of achievements of our republic, this nation has stood as a beacon light to all the oppressed peoples of the earth. Our institutions have radiated to the remotest parts of the globe, concepts of a Government guided and maintained by the will of its people. As a people imbued with the highest ideals of justice, the fact that the allied armies have their backs to the wall fighting the minions of autocracy makes the present moment assume a ragged and a dangerous front and moves us to the solemn duty of self-examination, to determine whether we are doing our full part."

Just Labor Policies. "With equal emphasis, insisting that just labor policies govern war production, the report declared:

"Those contributing to production should have a part in its control. Every worker has a right to be free from all avoidable uncertainties of employment, both from those arising through poor labor administration and from mismanagement in production and the efforts of speculation in raw materials or finished products."

"In looking toward the future we feel keenly that the nature of social development will depend largely upon the principles which workers shall demand as the basis for relations."

"We are each day building labor's house of tomorrow. If that struc-

## DEATHS

Malone On Monday, June 10, 1918, at 1:30 p. m., at his residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

## DEATHS

Malone On Monday, June 10, 1918, at 1:30 p. m., at his residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

Funeral Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 a. m., from the residence, 4314 San Francisco avenue, to Holy Rosary Church, thence to Calvary cemetery, deceased was a member of Holy Rosary Branch 191, C. K. and L. of A. (C. F. M.).

## Answers to Queries

As we have no information bureau, it is impossible to answer queries by mail or telephone.

HEALTH HINTS. SMITH: Your friend did exactly the right thing. No kind of a doctor can make a broken bone heal in two weeks.

LUMPS: Of the little, round, kernel-like lumps felt beneath the skin of some people, usually beneath the skin of arms and legs, a medical writer says: They have caused much discussion among the specialists in skin diseases, but it is somewhat uncertain as to their nature. They are no doubt encysted tumors of some sort. Some little mass of superfluous tissue or dead matter is lodged under the skin, too deep for excretion. The little mass, not being irritating enough to create inflammation and suppuration, dries up and remains there, and nature, as it always does with foreign substances, throws around the mass a little circumscribed membrane, which becomes encysted. Some claim that the masses are originally sebaceous tumors. Others think them cysts of sweat glands, hypertrophied hair follicles. But whatever they are they are perfectly harmless and should cause no concern, unless they are so large as to interfere with the patient's health, in which case they will pass away in time.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS. READER: Please file. Remove skin and cut eyes. If to be grated, grate upward. Reject core. If to be used for grating, grate downward. A four-tined silver fork, beginning at stem end, weigh, and to each pound allow quarter pound sugar. Put sugar in bowl, add water, bring to boil, adjust rubbers and screw on tops. To can without sugar, put into preserving kettle and to each pound fruit add one full water; bring mixture to boiling point and fill jars. When pineapple is grated you may add half-pint of water to each pound of fruit. Cook 15 minutes and fill jars. Be careful that both rubbers and tops of jars are perfect. Slightly wet jars with water. The jars will allow microbes to enter.

WAR TALK. X. X. X.—No ruling. K. L. LOVER—See local board. P. O. C.—No; actual teachers are not exempted under the selective service regulations.

PATRIOT—For Missouri Rangers see Percy D. Orthwein, D'Arcy Adv. Co., 121 Chestnut (International Life Bldg.).

A. R.—Drafted man must pay his income tax, same as anybody else. If he overpays he is given 90 days in which to pay.

THANK YOU.—Letter to officer or private, if envelope has return address, will be returned if not delivered.

READER.—We cannot tell why it is that you have received notice that you will be called in the future. You will be called in the future. You will be called in the future.

A READER.—Nurses are very much in demand at the present and it is possible that courses of training in the city will be opened. A student has to devote his whole time to the work and lives on the premises. He is married to Mrs. Nelson at Baptist Sanitarium.

J. H. B.—American courtmartial are instituted by authority of Congress.

LOST AND FOUND. PURSE.—Lost on June 8, at Woolworth's 10c store, containing 10c, 20c, 50c, 1 dollar, 2 dollars, 5 dollars, 10 dollars, 20 dollars, 50 dollars, 100 dollars, 200 dollars, 500 dollars, 1000 dollars, 2000 dollars, 5000 dollars, 10000 dollars, 20000 dollars, 50000 dollars, 100000 dollars, 200000 dollars, 500000 dollars, 1000000 dollars, 2000000 dollars, 5000000 dollars, 10000000 dollars, 20000000 dollars, 50000000 dollars, 100000000 dollars, 200000000 dollars, 500000000 dollars, 1000000000 dollars, 2000000000 dollars, 5000000000 dollars, 10000000000 dollars, 20000000000 dollars, 50000000000 dollars, 100000000000 dollars, 200000000000 dollars, 500000000000 dollars, 1000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 2000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 5000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 10000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 20000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 50000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 200000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 500000000000000000000000000000000000000 dollars, 1000000000





# THE Palace

516  
WASHINGTON  
AVENUE

## MUST MOVE

BUILDING  
BEING  
WRECKED  
—  
FORCED  
TO  
GET  
OUT

Silverware  
Glassware  
Jewelry  
Bric-a-Brac  
Novelties

AT

Tremendous  
Sacrifices!  
WAIT!

SALE STARTS  
WEDNESDAY  
9 A. M.

SEE TUESDAY'S  
POST-DISPATCH  
for big list of bargains

THE

# Palace

516 WASHINGTON AV.

## MILK FUND GAINING ON LAST YEAR SLIGHTLY

Still More Than \$400 Behind,  
However—Four Contributors  
Since Saturday.

**CONTRIBUTIONS.**  
Previously acknowledged...\$337.51  
Ben A'Kiba Aid Society.... 25.00  
Mrs. Burton Lee Thorpe.... 5.00  
S. M. Soukup..... 5.00  
Three Girls..... 8.43  
Total.....\$380.94

Slight gains are being made by the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Ice Fund in the attempt to catch up with last year, but it still is more than \$400 behind. It was helped since Saturday by three direct cash contributions and one which was earned by three children.

A gift of \$25 from the Ben A'Kiba Aid Society was received through Mrs. Mary Adelberg of the Hotel D'Arle, the society's treasurer. The third out-of-town contribution came from Miss Sadi M. Soukup of Belleville, Ill., who sent \$5, and a like sum was received from Mrs. Burton Lee Thorpe of 4475 Washington boulevard.

Three little girls, by working among the neighbors, obtained \$8.43 to help the poor babies. They were Alice Rose Levi, 9 years old, of 5789 Westminster place; Ruth Rosenthal, 7, of 5786, and Leah Cecil Kleban, 5, of 5780 Westminster. The sum is an unusually large one to be earned by so small a group of children of their ages.

## Marriage Licenses Births Recorded Burial Permits

**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**  
Amos A. J. LaPlant.....1292 Goodfellow  
Mrs. Elizabeth O'Brien.....E. Chicago, Ill.  
Fred Johnson.....3007 Laclede  
Lulona Guthrie.....1223 Chestnut  
Thomas Charles Lovejoy.....Ill.  
Josephine Hunter.....2002 Morgan  
Arthur A. Bion.....7014 Virginia  
Mrs. Clara Hoover.....Nevada, Mo.  
Earl A. Hackett.....3015 Rebecca  
Viola Annand.....California  
Antonino Giot.....1732 N. 11th  
Mrs. Frances Comotto.....2001 N. Garrison  
Wesley Owens.....E. St. Louis, Ill.  
Mrs. Lola B. Terry.....Louisiana, Mo.  
Hughie E. Cligborne.....2211 Adams  
Mayena Amory.....2211 Adams  
John H. Wiesmann.....2027 N. 20th  
Silvia E. Horvath.....891 N. 20th  
George J. Becker.....1321 Lami  
Louise C. Schmid.....Walsh, Ill.  
John W. Ensign.....Walsh, Ill.  
Hazel Stone.....Walsh, Ill.  
Louis Schilling.....Walsh, Ill.  
Jennie M. Hertz.....4222 Chouteau  
Fred W. Worstell.....3250 Pennsylvania  
Ida B. Elshauer.....St. Louis  
Ralph J. Sapper.....3252 Utah  
Gretchen Yates.....Fulton, Mo.  
Narvel O. Wardrip.....Payetteville, Ark.  
Cecile Celeste Holland.....St. Vincent  
Adlai E. Malone.....1127 Forest  
Mrs. Lena Koettel.....720 Basin  
Jasper Tummarlo.....Bend, Ill.  
Mrs. Gabriella Viviano.....Bend, Ill.  
Verna Erwin.....East Alton, Ill.  
Columbus S. Williams.....4246 Kennedy  
Mrs. Susie Henderson.....4200 Kennedy  
George H. Jobe.....1617 N. 13th  
Mrs. Lila M. Marshall.....St. Louis  
Jesse Vaughn.....Dexter, Mo.  
Rudy Irene Fullenwider.....4519 Washington  
Sam Hodge.....2614 Pine  
Mrs. Lulah Stokes.....2614 Pine  
Charles S. Robbins.....Boston, Mass.  
Augusta E. Berlin.....St. Louis  
Thomas B. Beahan.....3012 Lindell  
Mildred Bussing.....4273 Pennae  
Rayburn J. Stryder.....6420 West Park  
Margie McGinn.....4007 Margaretta  
Dorothy Cross.....1298 N. 20th  
Ethel Randolph.....1305 N. 16th

**At St. Charles.**  
H. H. Webb.....St. Louis  
Ida J. Menke.....St. Louis  
Martha Williamson.....St. Louis

**BIRTHS RECORDED.**  
**BOYS.**  
W. and E. Elardie, 3637 Llerman,  
W. and C. Foster, 1520 S. Seventh,  
W. and B. Murphy, 354 S. Louis,  
O. and E. Smyth, 1455 Blackstone,  
B. and M. Tucker, 1400 Middle,  
L. and E. Schweppenside, 1910 McCausland,  
J. and A. Wadrick, 1420 N. Twentieth,  
M. and M. Parryck, 800 Mount,  
J. and V. Nicodem, 1601 N. Eighth.

**GIRLS.**  
S. and B. Games, 3520 Sophy,  
A. and J. Roudeman, 622 N. Fourteenth,  
A. and J. Hughes, 324 S. 10th,  
J. and M. Bukerinas, 1413 N. 18th,  
T. and M. Deputala, 1536 N. 10th.

**BURIAL PERMITS.**  
Charles Bangert, 60, 529 S. Jefferson; ne-  
phritis.  
Gert. Boyd, 4, 2205 St. Charles; whooping  
cough.  
Abraham Pimp, 57, 3722 Turner; pneumonia.  
Joe Stevens, 27, 5828 Clark; pneumonia.  
Othessa Froyer, 33, 322 S. Garrison; phthi-  
sis.  
John Pelican, 23, 806A S. Boyle; tubercu-  
losis.  
Hilda Eldridge, 30, 1922 N. 22d; nephritis.  
Martha Johnson, 31, 1655 O'Fallon; tubercu-  
losis.  
Alfred Whitmore, 5 months, 3432 Hickory;  
measles.  
H. Pratt, 33, 2834 Indiana; tuberculosis.

**The Response to  
Want Ad Appeals  
Was Seen in the  
Activities in St. Louis.**  
This morning—when employers and  
employees found each other as the  
result of more than 3000 employment  
offers and appeals in the Big Real  
Estate and Want Directory with the  
Sunday Post-Dispatch; and as the  
result of 1000 other announcements  
offering or seeking something in the  
departments of automobiles, instruc-  
tion, live stock, merchandise, rooms,  
board, houses, homes, real estate and  
finance.

Home seekers are today selecting  
city, suburban and country sites.  
Investors are taking their pick of  
business openings and other invest-  
ments.

Losers are being made glad by  
finders—who are returning lost arti-  
cles.  
Better places to board, and big  
bargains for buyers are being found.  
Some of the offers may not be  
closed. A quick reply may bring  
consideration. But a new lot of of-  
fers appears in today's "Wants"—  
yours for the "taking."

60 Days on Charge of Beating  
Mother, 75.  
Louis Scroggins of East St. Louis  
was taken to the county jail in Bel-  
leville, yesterday, to serve 60 days on  
a charge of beating his mother, Mrs.  
Mary Scroggins, 75 years old. It  
is said the woman was confined to  
her bed as a result of the alleged  
beating.

## FAMOUS & BARR CO.

### Double Eagle Stamps Tuesday



Besides the June  
Sale Events!

Two very potent rea-  
sons for your positive  
visit here tomorrow. If  
you are not already a col-  
lector of these valuable  
Eagle Stamps, start now.  
A full book of one thou-  
sand is redeemable for \$2  
in cash or \$2.50 in mer-  
chandise. To save Eagle  
Stamps is to practice  
THRIFT in its most ideal  
conception.

St. Louis' Foremost Store Extends a  
Cordial Welcome to the

## T. P. A.

Make this institution your headquar-  
ters while visiting St. Louis. Avail  
yourselves of our many service features  
at your disposal, and—

Whatever we can do to make your  
sojourn here more pleasant—will be  
our pleasure.

One of the Star Features of the June Events Is  
This Sale of

### "Ami-French" Lingerie

Offering values absolutely unduplicated on qualities  
of equal standard

This sale includes several thousand dainty un-  
dergarments. They look like French made and  
wash and wear equally as well.

Beautifully designed, elaborated with  
embroideries, scalloped edges and  
touches here and there of medallions  
and lace insertions. The materials  
are soft white nainsook of the best  
qualities. Sizes range from 36 to 46.

### Marquisette Curtains

Remarkable Values \$2.45

—Tuesday, Pair....

Very high quality Marquisette, with 2-inch  
hemstitched border and insertion and lace  
edges. Some trimmed with hand-drawn work  
and handsome motif corners. Also Fillet and  
allover effects with double plain band edges,  
in white, ivory and beige color.

Marquisette and Voile Curtains \$1.95  
Special at Pair.....  
Of mercerized marquisette or hemstitched  
voile, trimmed with Fillet and Cluny lace—  
regular colors. Exceptional!

Fillet and Marquisette Curtains \$3.50  
Special at Pair.....  
Two to six pairs of a pattern, at savings  
of one-quarter to one-third. Lace-trimmed  
Marquisette Curtains with hand-drawn work  
and motif trimmings, also art fillet in plain  
and allover centers with lace trimmings.  
White, Ivory and beige color. Fourth Floor

### Seamless Wilton Velvet Rugs

9x12-Ft. Size, \$42.50

Special.....

These Rugs are exact reproductions of the genuine Ori-  
ental rugs. Made of the very best worsted yarns and shown in a  
wonderful assortment of exquisite designs and color combinations.  
Suitable for parlors, libraries and living rooms.

**Axmister Rugs**  
Special, \$34.50  
Monday.....  
Closely woven, with deep  
heavy pile. Beautiful selection  
of designs and colors, in medall-  
ions, Oriental, floral and chintz  
effects—9x12-ft. size.

**Wool and Fiber Rugs**  
Special, \$13.50  
Value at.....  
9x12-ft. seamless Wool and  
Fiber Rugs, in a good selection  
of patterns and colorings. Very  
desirable for dining rooms and  
bedrooms. Fourth Floor

**Home Needs—Specially Priced**  
Because of their special usefulness during the hot  
Summer months, these home utilities have been selected  
and given special prices for Tuesday:

\$8.50 Lawn Mowers—16-inch Racer Ball-bearing  
Lawn Mowers, high wheel, easy running,  
while 20 last. \$7.19

\$56.50 Refrigerators, \$51.44  
Automatic brand; about  
15-lb. ice ca-  
pacity; porce-  
lain lined, with  
water cooler;  
side icer, wire  
shelves.

\$5.40 Settees, \$4.49  
5-ft. Bentwood Settees; extra  
strong, nicely painted, with arm  
rests.

\$2.65 Garbage Cans, made of  
heavy galvanized iron; large  
size, \$1.98.  
\$2.50 1-Gallon Can O-Cedar  
Polish, for all kinds of wood-  
work, \$1.98.

Famous-Barr Band Plays the Star Spangled Banner  
Every Morning at 8:30—Main Floor, Gallery

## FAMOUS & BARR CO.

## Charming Washable Frocks

Many Prepossessing Models in Sizes for Women and Misses

Our Apparel Section has assembled hundreds and hundreds of the  
popular Summer Wash Frocks. There are styles galore—all very  
new and distinctive. Some of the season's best values are presented in  
these popular groups—

At \$7.50

are several hundred  
Dresses in scores of  
clever styles. Voiles,  
tissues and gingham  
are the materials used,  
in many figured and  
printed effects. Every  
frock is effectively  
trimmed. These are  
very exceptional  
values at this  
price.

At \$10

are a great number of  
winsome garments fash-  
ioned of voiles, linens  
and gingham. They are  
sparsely trimmed with  
novelty collars and  
cuffs, wide belts, pip-  
ings and other new  
ideas. Many of the col-  
ors are in dainty plaids  
and novelty effects.

At \$15

are many calico and  
gingham frocks, as well  
as voiles, linens and va-  
rious combinations of  
weaves and colors. There  
are many styles that will  
win attention because of  
their individuality. These  
are undoubtedly  
some of the best values  
ever shown at this price.



## Summer Suits for Men

—at Famous & Barr Co., where the broadest varieties and best val-  
ues forcibly emphasize the supremacy of St. Louis' foremost men's store

Keen foresight and judgment—close association with the Eastern markets—and  
the tremendous purchasing power of our combined stores—account for the surpass-  
ing values in men's apparel we continually bring forth, despite uncertain market  
conditions.

This store is headquarters for Summertime apparel for men and young men of  
every build. Every authentic new model is shown, including the military five-seam  
panel back, the double-breasted, the semi-form fitting coats, the two-button sack  
and the conservative effects. Tailored of trustworthy all-wool fabrics. Particular  
attention is called to our three wonderful value-giving groups at

\$20

\$25

\$35

### Cool Mohair Suits, \$13.50, \$17.50 and \$25

The genuine Priestley cravenetted mohairs in the newest Summer patterns  
and colors, showing the silky finished effects in clever stripes and self  
weaves and the dressy plain blacks. They are Baltimore tailored, quarter  
lined, the better grades with quarter silk lining and silk sleeves. There are  
stouts, slims, shorts and extra sizes.

### Palm Beach Suits

Splendid  
Values at \$9.75

For real Summer comfort wear a Palm  
Beach Suit. All of the newest models are  
shown here in the latest pattern and color  
effects, including tan, grays, olives and dark  
blue and black pencil stripes. The materials  
are London shirtings. Sizes for men and young  
men.

### The College Room

—in St. Louis' headquarters  
for smart dressers.

Here is the exclusive St. Louis showing of  
Society Brand Clothes, as well as other fash-  
ionable apparel. All of the latest and most  
approved models.  
Society Brand Clothes are priced from  
\$25 to \$50. Others from \$12.50 up.

### San Juan Porto Ricans

Regularly \$2.50, \$1.95  
Tuesday at.....

All of our San Juan Porto Rican  
Hats, sold exclusively by us, are  
offered Tuesday at this reduced  
price. These Hats look like Pan-  
amas, wear like Panamas and re-  
block like Panamas. Come in Yacht,  
Telescope, Racquet and Optimo  
styles.



### The June Sale of Dinnerware Offers \$20.00 Dinner Sets at

\$12.50



100 pieces—new plain  
shape, gold edge on every  
piece with green inner line  
and floral medallion border.  
A very graceful pattern.  
Included are:  
12 dinner plates, 12 pie  
plates, 12 bread and butter  
plates, 12 coupe soups, 12  
cups and saucers, 12 fruit  
dishes, 1 oval vegetable  
dish, 1 meat dish, 1 cream  
pitcher, 1 pickle dish, 2  
covered dishes, 1 sauceboat,  
fast stand and 1 covered  
butter dish.

Dinner Sets—20% Discount  
Our entire stock of 42, 50, 100,  
168 piece complete sets will be  
offered in this sale Tuesday at  
20% off the regular marked  
price.

Fourth Floor

### Excellent Brass Beds, Special \$42.50

They are beautifully ornamented with five-inch caps and mounts on the center  
cross rods. The outside posts are 3 in. diameter and  
the filling rods two inches. These are full-size beds in  
the much desired dull satin finish.



### Cotton Felt Mattresses

Splendid Val-  
ues at \$17.50

These Mattresses are made of a heavy  
C. A. ticking and filled with 10 pounds  
of all-white layer cotton felt. The rolled  
edge is supported by extra rows of side  
stitching. For regular size beds.

Fourth Floor

## Famous and Barr Co.

Entire Block: Olive, Locust, Sixth and Seventh  
We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for  
\$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—For  
Restricted Articles Excepted.

### Basement Economy Store Features in the June Sales Tuesday

### Domestics, Etc.

All Greatly Underpriced

81x90-In.  
Bed Sheets, \$1.45  
Seamless Sheets, of  
excellent quality.  
Slight mill seconds.  
Not over four to cus-  
tomer.

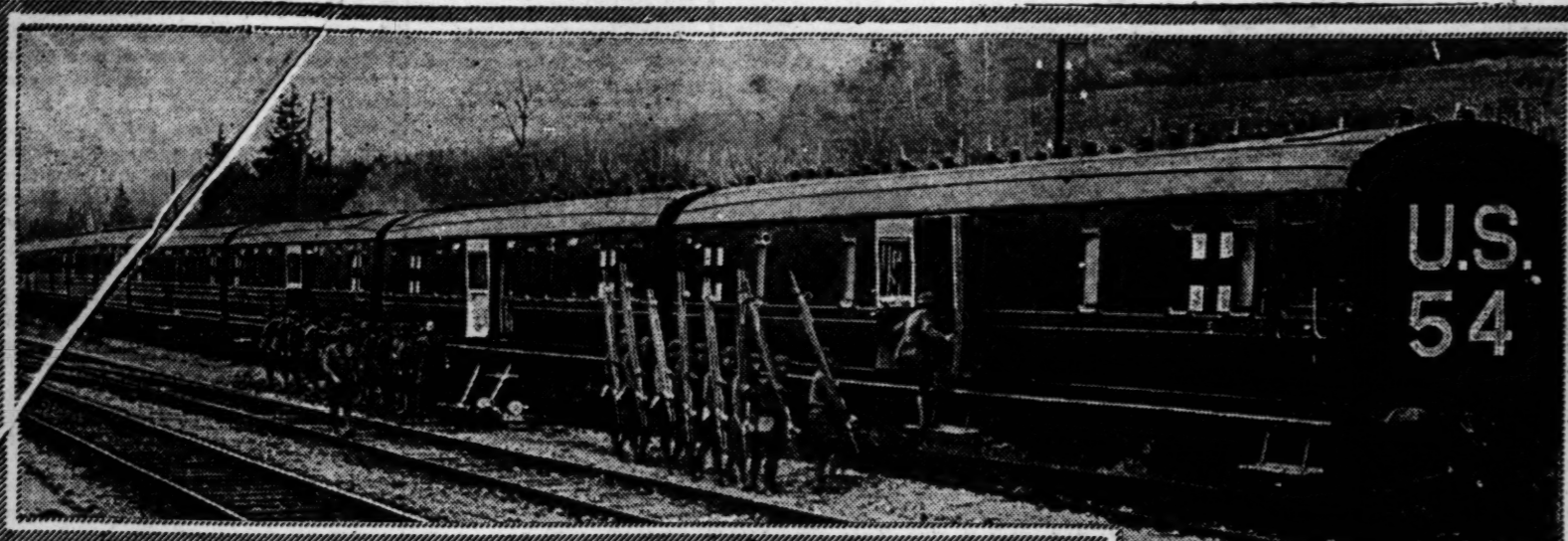
39-In. Flanne  
Gingham, Yard, 29c  
Sheer quality for  
Summer dresses.  
Woven stripes; 49c  
quality.

Printed  
Batiste, Yd., 19c  
White ground, with  
neat dots and stripes  
—all fast colors—30  
inches wide.

90-In. Bleached  
Sheeting, Yd., 59c  
Soft finish Sheet-  
ing, 3 1/2 yards wide.  
An occasional stain  
will be found here and  
there. Regular size  
quality. Limit of 10  
yards to customer.

Fancy Bath  
Towels, 25c  
Heavy quality Tow-  
els, in blue and pink  
plaids. Slight mill  
seconds.

30-In. Bleached  
Waincoat, Yd., 25c  
Sheer quality—beau-  
tiful finish for sum-  
mer undergarments.



Hospital Train No. 54 waiting for the arrival of soldiers able to be transported to base hospital. © COM. PUB. IN.



© COM. PUB. IN.

Showing the tender care given every patient.



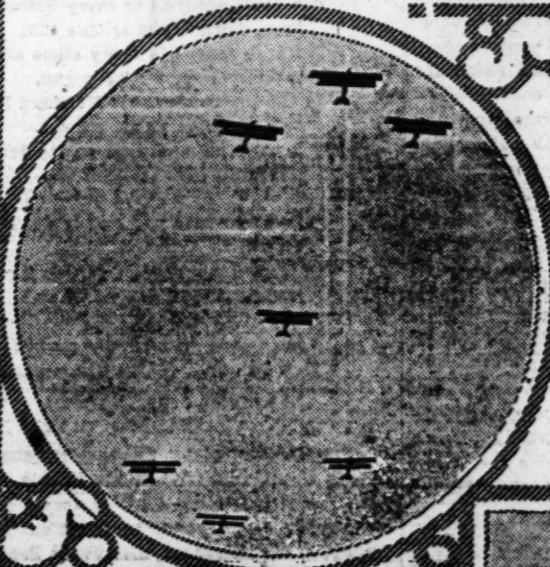
Wouldn't this seem "homey"? Every hospital train carries kitchen car and competent cooks. © COM. PUB. IN.



Army surgeon taking a look at some of the boys who have been cut up a bit. © COM. PUB. IN.

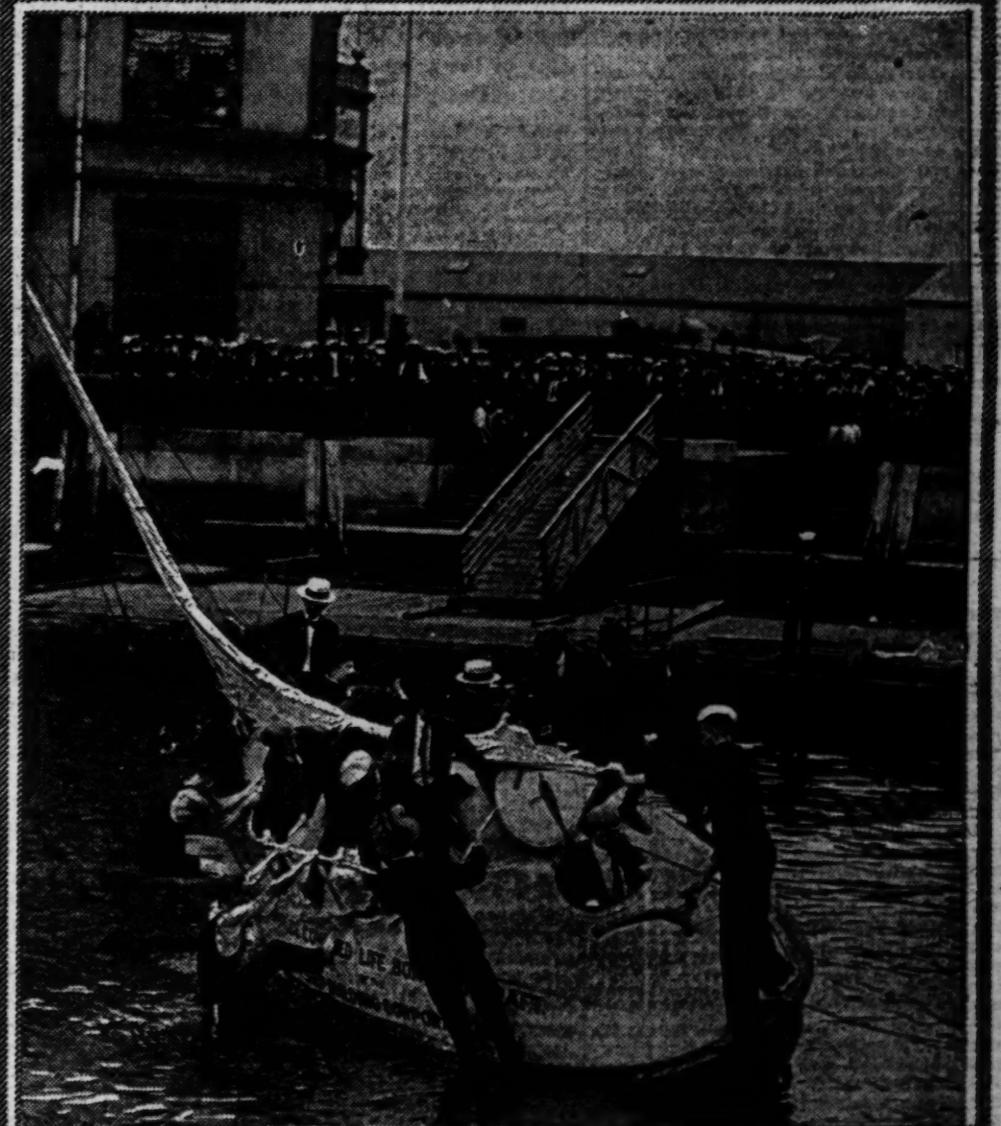


Sixteen American planes flying in battle formation at training camp, San Diego, Cal. © COM. PUB. IN.



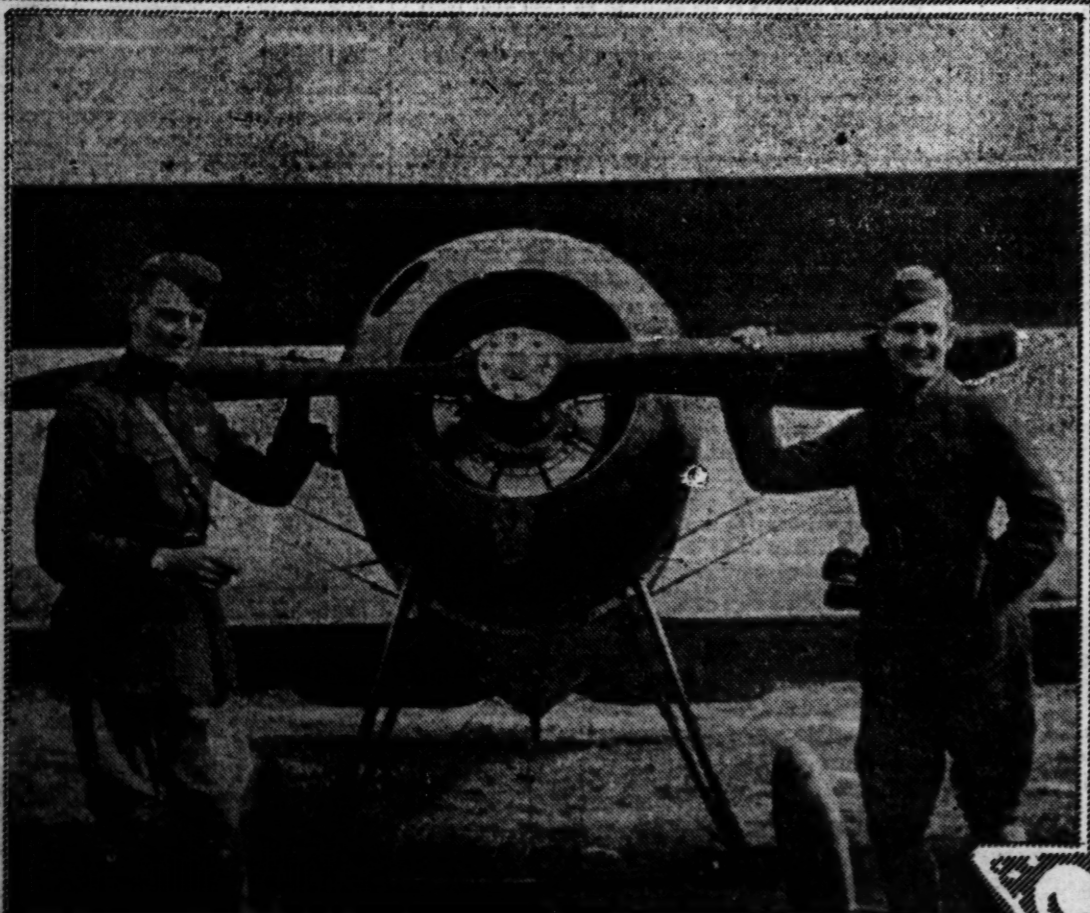
Seven planes at San Diego, as seen from the ground.

© COM. PUB. IN.



© U.S.N.

Testing a non-sinkable life boat off the Battery, New York.

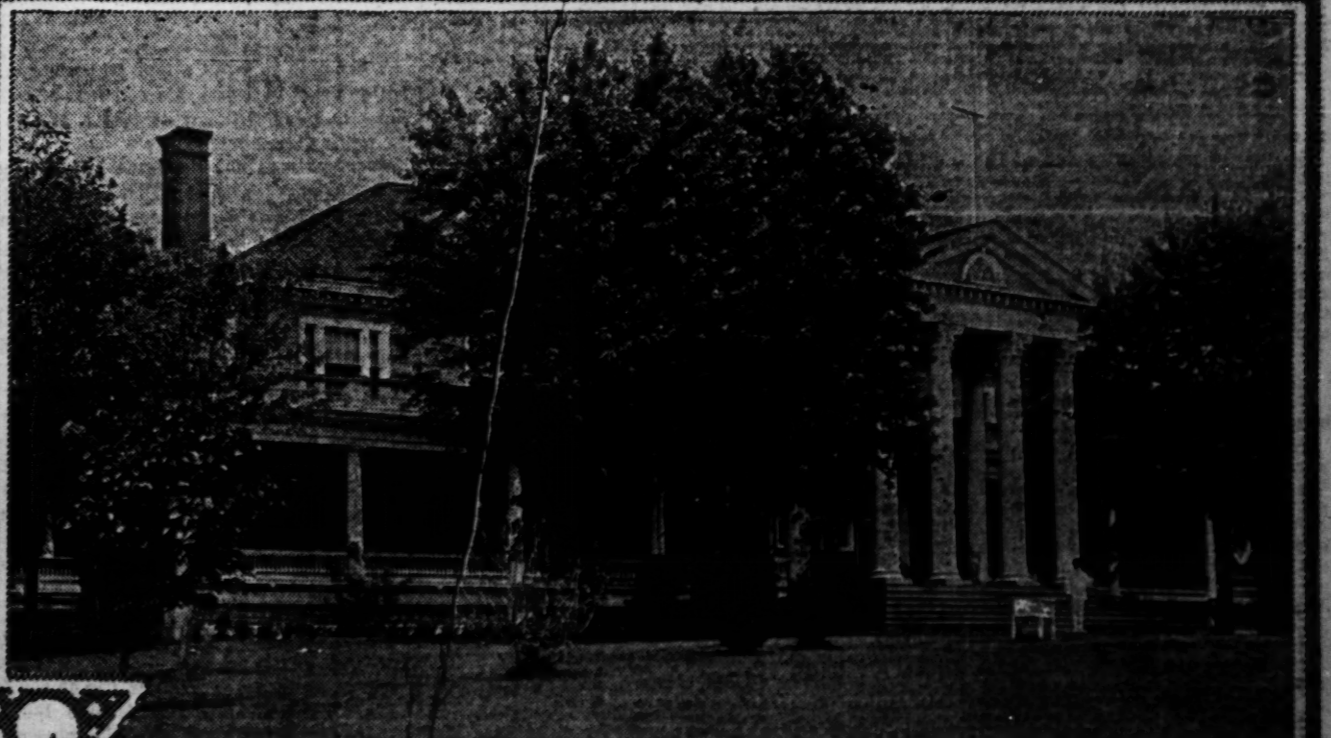


Two of our American fliers in France who have bought down enemy Lieut. Alan Winslow, left, and Lieut. Douglas Campbell. © KADEL & HERBERT.



© KADEL & HERBERT.

Capt. James Norman Hall, American aviator, who fell within German lines and is now a prisoner.



Bogey Club, Clayton road, where a card party will be given Tuesday by St. Louis women to raise money for the American Fund for French wounded.

## The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to reproduce without bias the latest comment by the leading publicists, newspapermen and periodicals on the questions of the day.

### THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

From the London Times Literary Supplement.

AND now entirely new conditions have arisen which render it necessary that there should be a complete understanding and the fullest friendship between the two Powers, not only in their own interests but in those of the civilization and future peace and well-being of the entire world. Both are now the enemies of Germany and both are guardians of the Pacific against German aggression. On Japan rests the burden of preventing Germany's obtaining a base on the Siberian coast from which a new campaign in submarine warfare could be initiated on the Pacific, a campaign which might be no less destructive to the interests of the Allies than that which has been waged on the Atlantic. On the United States rests the guardianship of all the Eastern coasts of the great ocean. Both nations have their tasks in protecting not only their own common welfare but that of all the world. But there are still lingering traces of the previous ill-will; and suspicion of Japan's aims, of Japan's good faith, seems to manifest itself in the view taken by certain sections of the American public as to her action in Eastern Siberia. It is perhaps founded as much on sympathy with the new democracy of Russia as on any objection to Japan's unquestionable right to take any measures which, in her own judgment, she thinks necessary to safeguard her interests when they are threatened by the most aggressive and still the most powerful empire in the world. Japan fought unaided a great war to free herself from the threat of the Russian domination in the Far East, and she will have fought in vain if Russia is replaced on the Asiatic coast by the infinitely more dangerous Germany. So far from incurring mistrust by her action, she should have the full sympathy of the United States in her readiness to stem the wave of German aggression from the very moment when it first threatens to roll eastwards. That is an end for which both Powers should work together in the most complete harmony and mutual confidence, cementing, not impairing, all the elements of their time-honored friendship. They should do so for the preservation of the common interests of both, for Germany undefeated and dominant on the Asiatic coast of the Pacific would be a menace in only a less degree to the United States than to Japan. . . . It is at all likely that the sober minded statesmen in Japan have ever failed to appreciate America's real, and potential strength or that they could seriously contemplate, at any time or for any cause, save that of national honor, "provoking a conflict in which both nations would lose vast treasure and both pour out nobody can tell how much blood; which would kindle hate that generations of time could not overcome between two great peoples that ought to be friends forever?" Nothing in their past records gives ground for believing that they would do so. Japan has her Jingoists, and they have, in this particular controversy, been as loud-voiced as those of the United States. She has her pro-Germans, both in the Press and among the people, who sympathize with Germany's aims in the West and are ready to follow her example in the East. But the Government and the bulk of the nation are steadfast and true. They know where their real interests lie; and they may be most confidently relied upon to maintain the highest traditions of the honor of the Samurai and fulfill their international obligations to the last clause, and hand in hand with the Allies, to see this war through to its finish. Neither United States citizens nor ourselves need have any doubt of them.

The welfare of humanity is at stake in the war now under way. Is any sensible person going to let some strike agitator lead him or her from the pathway of American patriotism and loyalty?—Butte Miner.

The Germans are taking the table linen away from their people, but as they have already taken everything there was to eat, the loss of the napery will not be felt so much.—Memphis News Scimitar.

### TODAY'S BEST CARTOON.



### REAL STRATEGY.

"Listen, Ethel: If the Allies lose, I win. If the Allies win, Von Hindenburg loses."—Rogers in the New York Herald.



THE CUSTOMARY TWO WEEKS IN WAR TIME.

## JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH by Clark McAdams

### UNITED STATES MARINES' HYMN.

(The following was sent from France by L. L. Heiseman of 1504A St. Louis avenue. It is exceptionally timely just now, when the world is ringing with praises of the United States Marines.)

FROM the halls of Montezuma  
To the shores of Tripoli  
We have fought our country's battles  
On the land and on the sea.  
Admiration of the nation,  
We're the finest ever seen,  
And we glory in the title of  
The United States Marines.

Our flags unfurled to every breeze,  
From dawn to the setting sun;  
We have fought in every clime and place  
Where we could take a gun.  
In the snows of far-off Northern lands  
And in sunny tropic scenes;  
You will find us always on the job,  
The United States Marines.

Here's health to you, and to our corps,  
Which we are proud to serve;  
In many a fight we've fought for life,  
And never lost our nerve.  
If the army and the navy  
Ever gaze on heavenly scenes;  
They will find the streets are guarded by  
The United States Marines.

The Roman General Tiberius Gracchus knew something about war. When the morale of his colored slave troops was not what it should have been and the General had serious work cut out for him on the morrow, he announced that every Senegambian who brought in the head of an enemy on the following day would be given his liberty. Was that a success? Well, the battle was won by something like 9 o'clock the next morning, and all the black boys, grinning as only black boys can, were lined up in front of the General's tent, each with the head of a Brittain, and all waiting for Gracchus to make good. He did make good, too. The Kaiser cannot have read history very understandingly, or he would know better than to send his armies into battle with no better expectation than to be always the tools of the King. Wake up, you old baby drummer!

### WELCOME HOME.

THERE'S a brooklet 'neath the willow,  
Singing, singing—  
There's a bright bird on a bending bough,  
Calling to you, too.  
There's a glad song in my heart, dear,  
When I think how soon you'll be here.  
That is ringing, that is singing over,  
"Welcome home," to you!

There's a roebuck in the garden,  
Walking, laughing,  
There's a ruffled, killing robin  
Laughing at her, too.  
But the sweet content I'm feeling,  
When it's you I'm really seeing,  
I can't half show when I'm only saying,  
"Welcome home," to you!

GRACE BUREL

### THE KRENNING CASE.

The case of Henry B. Krenning, former president of the Dorris Motor Co., charged with disloyalty, has been continued for the third time in Judge Dyer's court. It will not be tried now before September, nearly one year after Krenning was indicted.

The first continuance of the Krenning case was by consent. The second was granted on account of the illness of United States District Attorney Oliver. The third was granted on account of the plea of the defendant's attorney that, because of the illness of the United States District Attorney, he was not prepared to defend the case. The prosecution was ready to proceed with the trial.

The case is simple—as simple as a police court case. The evidence is brief and direct. There is nothing recondite about it. The law is as simple and direct, as easy of interpretation, as a city ordinance forbidding disorder on the street. The preparation necessary to try the case on either side ought to be within the capacity of a raw recruit from the law school. Yet the case hangs up on flimsy pleas for nearly a year.

While the case was pending one effort was made to have it dismissed by direct appeal to the Department of Justice. The unpleasant impression of this surreptitious move to free Krenning is still fresh in the public mind.

Why continued delay of trial on so simple a charge? The country is ringing with denunciations of disloyalty and demands that disloyal persons be arrested and, when guilty, punished, promptly; at least put out of harm's way, where they cannot obstruct or endanger the processes vital to the winning of the war. The Government warns the people to be on guard against disloyalty. It asks the people to co-operate with the Department of Justice in uncovering disloyalty. If there is need for speed for anything connected with the war, it is in dealing with disloyalty, in prompt action concerning those charged with disloyalty—determining their guilt or innocence, so that the country may be safe from the disloyal and the innocent may be safe from injury.

Let us not forget that the sole answer for those who advocate or attempt mob law against persons charged with disloyalty—for the lynchers who disgrace the country with summary violence—lies in the certainty and swiftness of justice in the courts. Our sole safety from mob violence is the sureness of legal processes.

Yet men who have the means to employ able counsel and utilize all the resources of legal ingenuity to evade trial obtain the advantage of long delays where safety may lie. We cite the Krenning case as an example. There are others.

How long will the people be afflicted and the country's vital interests in the winning of the war be endangered by the law's delays? How long will St. Louis be afflicted by conditions that make for delay and uncertainty in the Federal Court?

We call the attention of the Department of Justice to these conditions, which tend to bring law into contempt.

The marine corps is a superb fighting machine that is equipped with a self-starter, needs no accelerator, is always on high gear and never misses fire.

### ATTENTION, MR. MCADAMS.

The above statement of facts shows that an 8-foot channel from St. Louis to Cairo and 9 feet from Cairo to New Orleans is practically dependent only upon the continuance of appropriations; and its continuous maintenance is as certain and regular as that of land travel. Moreover, it is much more difficult to sidetrack steamboats than it is to sidetrack railway cars, so that quick delivery of freight by water is much more probable than quick delivery of freight by rail.—From the statement of Brigadier-General W. H. Birby, President of the Mississippi River Commission and Division Engineer of the Western Division of the United States River and Harbor Works.

REPRISALS FOR GERMAN CRUELTY.  
Secretary Lansing's warning to Germany that retaliatory measures upon German subjects in this country may be taken, if our soldiers are mistreated in German prisons, should be sufficient notice to the Kaiser that it is foolish business to bluff when Uncle Sam is sitting in the game.

Because the Federal authorities have refused to release Capt. von Rintelen, arch plotter and propagandist, who is serving a prison sentence after conviction in a fair trial, Germany sends word through Switzerland that "measures of reprisal" will be taken against our citizens in German prisons. It is a threat that might well cause uneasiness, because the world already knows how competent the Germans are at that sort of skullbanging.

Secretary Lansing replies by calling attention to the fact that there are fewer than 400 Americans in German hands, while there are more than 5000 Germans in American internment camps, to say nothing of the many thousands more who are liberty. Abhorrent to our sense of humanity as such a war of retaliation must be, we are in far better shape to stand it than Germany is. Nor can the neutral world, sitting in judgment in the matter, deny the fairness of the American position.

It is to be hoped most fervently that the Kaiser will not assume, because he is a past master in the game of bluff, that Uncle Sam is also a bluffer. He ought to know better by this time, but, somehow, one almost despairs of the ability of this modern Bourbon to profit by

experience. If he persists in his intentions he is going to be "called" and "called hard." And American popular sentiment will be back of the calling.

### ENERGY-ABSORBING MOONEY CASE.

For a second time President Wilson has appealed to Gov. Stephens of California to prevent a possible miscarriage of justice in the case of Tom Mooney, under sentence of death on conviction of the bomb outrage during the preparedness parade in San Francisco. What a tremendous amount of energy has been expended up to this time in the effort to prevent a possible miscarriage of justice in this case! It has enlisted the activity of tens of thousands of Mr. Mooney's fellow union workers, of publicists and investigators, of fair men in many walks of life. It occupies a place of its own in the President's thoughts at a time when matters of supreme importance press for attention. And, of course, to put Mooney in the serious position in which he now finds himself has also required the expenditure of no negligible amount of energy—on the part of courts, lawyers, witnesses, officers of the law. The net result of this expenditure of energy is that grave doubts still exist as to his guilt.

Should the case continue indefinitely to absorb thought and energy on the part of a great number of people at this time? It has already absorbed too much of both. It should be disposed of. If Mooney's sentence is commuted to imprisonment, justice in some degree could be made to him later, if doubt as to his guilt should be changed to a certainty of his innocence. If he is put to death reparation, of course, will be impossible and the case will long continue a cause of strife. The President of the United States does not appeal on any slight or trivial ground. He should not appeal in vain.

### GERMAN "NAIVE IDEAS."

Commenting on the disbanding of the German-American Alliance, the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin says:

"Our optimism regarding the part German-Americans would play was based upon true German sentimental and naive ideas concerning foreign politics. Now we have awakened from the dream and have found that their supposed allegiance to their old home land ideals is mere empty sound."

If one could be sure that by the phrase "old home land ideals" the Anzeiger meant what the words plainly imply, one might undertake to prove that the German-Americans have been true to them; that the home land itself has been false. It is quite possible to doubt that the American descendants of those who were nurtured in the ancient German virtues could ever have become reconciled to the political viciousness of modern Junkerdom for the simple reason that they still cherished those very ancient virtues.

There is, however, one phrase in the Anzeiger's comment which it is possible to understand—the one about naive ideas of foreign politics. The admission is itself naive. The utter inability of the Germans to understand any other point of view than their own is one of the reasons why the rest of the world is leagued against them in this war.

### YARDS FOR CONCRETE CRAFT.

Hope for the establishment of yards in St. Louis for the building of steel river craft was held out early in the year. However, rather costly plants are required for the production of such craft. In the uncertainties caused by war and the difficulty of obtaining materials, the investment did not seem inviting to private capital. At least nothing has yet come of the plan.

The new suggestion of yards for building concrete craft can compensate for the disappointment felt because of the slowness with which the more ambitious plant materializes. Tests seem to show the entire practicability of concrete ships for ocean use. But whatever effects ocean storms may have on their structural durability and whatever injury salt water may ultimately work on their cement sides, no hesitancy is felt in pronouncing them admirably adapted for the lesser strains of river trade and the noncorrosive influence of fresh water.

Steel comprising only a moderate percentage of total weight, cement and abundant sand are all that are required in their construction.

When in the building of ships shovels can be substituted for pneumatic riveters and wheelbarrows for the derricks that lift heavy iron beams and batteries of concrete mixers for elaborate machine shops, what handicaps prevent St. Louis from becoming the center of an active and lucrative industry for multiplying our river fleets?

### EDUCATE THE EDUCATED.

What doth it profit a man to become a college highbrow if he loseth his roll like any illiterate bumpkin? Is winning degrees a failure and is the uplift played out?

The questions are prompted by an experience of a De Pauw professor who was swindled out of \$11 in the Union Station environs. He met two strangers who inveigled him into a coin-matching game and asked him to wait for his change.

Our reporters have been writing that story about a great many individuals in the last 25 or 30 years. Other reporters were writing it before that time.

And yet, somehow, one scarcely expects a university professor to fall for it, as they say in the districts where matching pennies is a recognized sport. One feels that a person who is familiar with the Enchiridion of Epictetus, or the poetry of Tasso, the Beggar's Opera, or the nebular hypothesis of Laplace, or the laws of Grimm and Mendel ought not to be so easily taken in by a pair of precious humbugs.

For their own credit, this seems to be a matter the colleges should take up of their own account. We send our young men to them to be taught as to the best means of meeting life as she is lived. Are we to waste our money and the boys to waste their time by leaving the academic walls unconstructed in the best ways of countering the penny-matching game, the badger game, the lightning-rod game, the gold-brick game, the green-goods game and all these other antique deceptions?

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH  
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER  
Dec. 12, 1878.  
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.  
Twenty and Olive Streets

POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION  
Average for entire year, 1917:  
SUNDAY, 361,263  
Daily and Sunday, 194,593

Number Audit Bureau of Circulations.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.  
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein. All rights of reproduction of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE  
Daily and Sunday, one year, \$17.50  
Daily and Sunday, six months, \$9.00  
Sunday only, one year, \$12.00  
Single copies, 10 cents. Express money order or St. Louis exchange.

By Carrier: In St. Louis and Suburbs  
Daily Only, 5c a Month.  
Daily and Sunday, 10c a Month.

Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter.

Post. Office 5230 Kinloch, Central 5230

### THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

#### The Baby Saving Campaign.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
Your generous offer of space for our Baby Saving Campaign has been of such wonderful help that we wish to thank you in the name of the Woman's Committee Council of National Defense, Missouri Division.

We will greatly appreciate it, if you will insert the attached letter of thanks, to those who have so generously sent us money for the financing of this work.

Yours sincerely,

MRS. LON O. HOCKER.

Director, Bureau Public Information.

Dear Friends of Children:—

As your dollars have poured into us, day by day, offering to save one baby's life, we have kept on file at our headquarters, 2050 Railway Exchange, the name of every contributor, but as we know you wish each particle of your money to go directly into the child saving campaign, we have refrained from writing individual acknowledgments.

We wish, however, to thank you most warmly for your splendid, generous contributions, and assure you that every effort will be made to expend the money wisely in reducing the infant mortality in the State of Missouri.

We are watching the death rate and a year from now you are going to hear from us, when you will learn the result of what your money has done.

We hope it may be a complete success.

MRS. R. P. BUSE, Chairman.

MRS. CHAS. STIX, Director Finance.

MRS. LON O. HOCKER, Director Bureau Public Information.

#### "Sammy" a Term of Affection.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
Dear Sir, In your issue of Thursday, June 6, is an article signed Paul Berdander, in which he vigorously objects to the American soldiers being called "Sammy," stating that the soldiers themselves object to the use of the term, and calling it "vulgar," "effeminate" and "disgraceful." He says the soldiers themselves object to the term; I have never heard one complaint of it.

The expression "Sammy" as applied to our soldiers is one of affection, the same as when we refer to our sailors as "Jackies." We speak of "our boys going over the top," and yet we know they are men in the fullest sense of the word when it comes to fighting, the equal, if not the peer of any soldiers in the world. "Sammy" are Uncle Sam's nephews, and mightily proud of them he is. Mr. Berdander says the name conveys the impression that they are a "crowd of wrist-slapping Algerians and Percies." "Johnny Rebs" and "Tanks" were not deemed effeminate, neither is there any justification for considering "Sammy" so. He says, "It should not be too great a task for anyone to say 'Soldier of the United States Army.'" Forsooth—a nice large mouthful to use in describing a parade, for instance.

No, Paul, let's let the name "Sammy" stick; it is a name they may well be proud of in any quarter of the earth.  
F. H. BENTON.

#### A Smokeless Day.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
An article appeared in one of the local papers suggesting a smokeless day each week. It seems this would be a small hardship and a means whereby many could show their patriotism with little effort. The amount thus saved would make a splendid addition to the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund or the Red Cross fund. Will the Post-Dispatch kindly start the ball rolling in that direction?  
READER.

#### A Soldier's Idea of Sabbath Day.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
In everybody's column of an evening paper we read of a soldier's idea of how the Sabbath day should be observed. Are we consistent? Yes, we are consistent; furthermore, in keeping the Lord's day by going to church in the morning has nothing to do with the Patriotic League giving an entertainment in the evening on the K. C. platform as long as it is conducted in a social way to bring pleasure and laughter to those who no doubt have their mind on one thing, and that is, "Will He Ever Come Back Alive?" There is plenty of time for that.

Now is the time to get together and be sociable and, if you don't talk or write one another religion. The K. C. are doing just as much in a religious way as the Salvation Army or Y. M. C. A. in regard to promoting religion, patriotism and protection for our dear ones at the front.  
A READER.

## What the Soldiers Said as They Scraped Fudge Pans for the "Y" Girls in France

Intimate Domestic Touches Revealed in Letters From Women Workers in Y. M. C. A. Huts in the War Zone.

As the humorists say, a woman's postscript contains the important parts of her letter, then it is because the little every-day things that happen around her seem more interesting than dry facts to record. Postscripts will do for facts. Happily the writers of these submitted letters follow their natural bent. The women who wrote them are working for the American army in Y. M. C. A. huts in France. They are impressed, not with how many gallons of hot chocolate they have served or how much fudge they have made for the men, but with the little human things the soldiers said and did.

Pictures, not statistics, of what they do, and how they live there in France in direct touch with the army are their concern.

To quote from a letter:

"On Active Service With the American Expeditionary Force.

"We spent this afternoon making caramels and fudge for the men. They are wild for it. It would take days and a long kitchen range to feed the 300 boys here. It was really pathetic when we were making the candy the way the boys stood around waiting for the spoons to lick and a chance to scrape the pans. Three of the boys were digging outside the door when I put the pans out to cool, and they said at once, 'That looks like home.' It makes one ache for them, they miss their homes so much.

"When we got here Friday noon we found it a beautiful city. We will be here a few days. A little balcony from our bedroom overlooks a park. There is a lovely fountain that gushes out into a big pool and swans are swimming around."

"Yesterday afternoon, Mr. A., whose headquarters are here, took us over to our own camp several miles away. We got a flat tire, so R— and I said we would walk on. It is a beautiful country road with arching trees the whole way and mountains in the distance. Little towns with red tiled roofs and walled gardens could also be seen. We walked and walked, with army trucks stopping to have us go with them, but we refused, and walked on till we came in sight of the little town where we shall live. It is a mile and a half from our hut."

"The hut is being furnished, and it really is good looking with sage green rubber-oid on the outside. At one end will be our canteen and storeroom. Sliding panels in the middle divide the building into auditorium and recreation rooms. There are two class rooms at the other end. It's a big job to make it look homelike, but it has big windows with a wide view."

"Now that we have our uniforms the American soldiers we pass all grin and salute."

"I'm glad of the practice here of selling things, for making change in France and continues in a hurry is no fun at all."

"What I wouldn't give to be able to play the piano and sing. The men want music and sing all the popular songs and old love songs."—L. A.

Here's another:

"This has been a busy day but typical. We sold bustles the first hour, then made curtains and put them up, covered several sets, entertained some visiting officers, got lunch, sewed buttons on a Lieutenant's coat, mended a pair of gloves, tied up packages for soldiers to send home, tried to cheer up a man who was very down, and fixed two tables for writing."

"At 4 o'clock we began to serve hot bouillon and it was a job, for our stoves haven't come, but we managed it and the men were so grateful. It was salty, but you can believe it was hot."

"Excitement ran wild when a Major brought us some new magazines. The new ones are cherished on a table by themselves."—C. M.

And another:

"We left—at the crack of dawn, escorted by a small elevator boy who chattered for us, carried our bags

and put us on the proper train. The train was very full of officers and we passed several troop trains hurrying to the front. The French people and soldiers are so plucky and so gentle and so wonderfully polite. We mutilate their beautiful language and they never bat an eye, but patiently try to understand."

"OUR hut is a huge frame building, nearly finished. The first day here we spent putting things to rights. Last night after supper we went to a small camp near and heard Gory Reynolds, a piano shark and singer, entertain the men. It was the first fun these men have had and they could hardly rise to it. They have been working every second. I wish any man who can sing would realize the work to be done here. Music is a big attraction and holds the men for hours."

"Tell people to send good magazines and whole newspapers, including the Sunday picture, even if the pictures are of France. The papers here are so different that one from home is cherished literally for weeks."

"Do you know I have wanted to write you often, but I just hated to make you feel badly about not being over here," writes M. C. "We have been here only a short time, but have had many experiences that show how much it means to the officers and men to have a chance to talk to American women."

"If you could hear how they love to tell you all their troubles and show you the pictures of their families and their girls, and they they stop on the street when they have never seen you before, just to tell you how glad they are to see someone from home and to ask you to shake hands with them, it would make your heart ache. Even the roughest of them say 'God bless you to us and they leave us.'"

"The chaplain of a unit told us after we had been in one of the canteens a week that he had not believed in women canteen workers before we came here, but that we had converted him. He said he never could have believed that ten days could make such a difference not only in the order and cleanliness of the room—that was a woman's work, of course—but in the men themselves, their manner of speaking, their brushed hair and clean hands."

"Our room in town is in the home of the notary. It opens with a French view out on the garden. There is a garden with high wall and flower beds, fountains and summer houses."

"I wrote to — and asked her to send some postcards," writes H. R. "I had a box of Liberty Bells, big, good-looking pictures. Our walls are bare and the boys want home things. Their most frequent remarks are, 'That makes me think of home, that looks like home.' A pink-checked gingham apron—a great success."

"I HEARD a boy say last night, 'I wrote my mother six weeks ago and not again till last night. I smiled at him and said, 'Don't let it happen again. I've just come over and know how they long for letters at home.' He came right up with his hand out and said as he shook hands, 'Thank you, Miss. I'll try not to let it happen again. I've just come over and know how they long for letters at home.' He came right up with his hand out and said as he shook hands, 'Thank you, Miss. I'll try not to let it happen again. I've just come over and know how they long for letters at home.'"

"One boy said to a yesterday, 'Do you remember, Miss, the first day you came here?' I looked up and saw two American ladies standing there, and I felt you had come right from heaven."

"We live about two miles from the front in the home of a French family. We have a dear little George, who comes in shortly after 8, lights our fire and brings us each a cup of chocolate and two pieces of hard candy. He is just what we need. Her husband was killed last spring. When she told us and showed us his picture in a locket we all cried. Can you see us? We came in cold the other night to find our slippers on the coat rack and our squares of plain stove. Wasn't it sweet of her? She is 21, and so pretty and eager to make us comfortable."

Mr. Tipple: Don't want it. If I have anything worth drinking I don't want to keep it 72 hours.—Boston Transcript.

## METROPOLITAN MOVIES.



"Say, Dell, let me take seven cents, will you?"

"Sure, Gert, I will. What for?"

"Oh, I just want to buy a nickel's worth of chocolate."

### Why June Is Month of Weddings

THE first people to adopt the month of June as sacred to Hymen, the God of Marriage, were the ancient Romans, who considered this the most propitious season of the year for entering the matrimonial state. The Romans held that June weddings were likely to be happier than alliances contracted in any other month of the year, especially if the day chosen were that of the full moon or the conjunction of the sun and moon. They also held that May was most to be avoided, as in that month newlyweds would come under the influence of spirits adverse to happy households.

### Might Weaken the Firm.

TWO brothers once ran a store in a small Western town, where they had quite a large trade in wool on barter. One of the brothers became converted at a revival and urged the other to follow in his footsteps.

"I know, Bill," admitted Jake, thoughtfully, "an' I would like to join, but I don't see how I can. I drink, so I goes down to the estaminet. I'd just got me 'and on the doorknob, when just then old Fritz sent one of 'is big ones over right on the house, and, believe me, it knocked the 'ole blooming show down, and left me standing there, s'illy like, with the knob of the door in me 'and."—Tit-Bits.

The man who pays five times as much for a theater seat as he does for a church pew is going to be awfully put out if he doesn't get a reserved seat in heaven.—Binghamton Press.

### Liars.

"HORSES!" said the Yankee. "Guess you can't talk to me about horses. I had an old mare, Malzipoo, who once licked our best express by a couple of miles on a 30-mile run to Chicago."

"That's nothing," said the Canadian. "I was out on my farm one day, about 50 miles from the house, when a frightful storm came up. I turned the pony head for home, and, do you know he raced the storm so close for the last 10 miles that I didn't feel a drop, while my old dog, only 10 yards behind, had to swim the whole distance."—London Tit-Bits.

### Thrift.

SANDY and John were sitting in a car when a pretty girl got in and smiled at the former. He raised his hat.

"Do you know her?" asked the Englishman.

"Oh, yes, very well," the Scot replied.

"Well, shall we go and sit over beside her, and then you can introduce me?" asked his companion.

"Wait a bit," returned the canny Scot. "She hasn't paid her fare yet."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

### Souvenir.

PRIVATE JENKINS, home from France, was seated in the village inn one evening surrounded by a group of admirers.

"I suppose," said old Farmer Wurzel, "ye had some narrow escapes out yonder."

"Well," answered the Tommy, "nothing to speak of much, but I remember one night I felt like a drink, so I goes down to the estaminet. I'd just got me 'and on the doorknob, when just then old Fritz sent one of 'is big ones over right on the house, and, believe me, it knocked the 'ole blooming show down, and left me standing there, s'illy like, with the knob of the door in me 'and."—Tit-Bits.

The man who pays five times as much for a theater seat as he does for a church pew is going to be awfully put out if he doesn't get a reserved seat in heaven.—Binghamton Press.

Agent: This vacuum bottle will keep anything hot or cold for 72 hours.

Mr. Tipple: Don't want it. If I have anything worth drinking I don't want to keep it 72 hours.—Boston Transcript.

CHAPTER XVII. THE GOLD-FRINGED GOWN. AFTER that night Fleming Stone became more, desperately in earnest in his search for Vicky. It seemed as if the sight of her, the realization that she was a real woman and not a myth, had

## June in the Garden

JUNE is kind to gardeners, but at the same time, nature has a laugh up her green sleeve, and it will take all your wits to keep it from turning upon yourself. In brief, these are the garden matters you must have in mind in June:

See that your tomatoes are really being upheld by the supports you have provided.

Do not let this month pass without having staked all the plants—flower or vegetable—in your garden, that require such support. Watch keenly for potato bugs and spray the plants with Paris green as soon as you see signs of the marauders. One ounce to two gallons of water is a good solution. Be sure to reach the under sides of the leaves when you spray. Keep the ground around the plants well stirred.

If you are sowing lettuce this month, choose a partially shaded location, for it does not thrive easily in hot weather.

Look out that your onions are not getting choked with weeds. Onions more than any other plants require careful and constant cultivation.

Your first sowing of beets should be ready for thinning now. Remember that you may transplant the thinnings, and that if you do not do this, the tiny beets with the tender tops boiled together make a delicious dish.

Watch your radishes. Do not let them grow old and tough before you eat them. Gather your peas, too, while young and tender. The home gardener may allow himself the luxury of young vegetables. Those bought in the market are always fully matured and not nearly so sweet and tender.

START the seeds of all sweet herbs this month. If you cannot give them a patch to themselves, let them border your beds of flowers and vegetables. Give them a place in your garden this year and you will never willingly be without them. Grow parsley, chervil, coriander, dill, caraway, chives, tarragon, basil, marjoram, savory, sage, mint, borage and thyme.

This is the best month for transplanting and increasing German irises. Dig up the spreading old clumps and break them up into small pieces, so that each piece of root has one growing shoot. It does not matter how small the pieces of root may be. A hatchet may be used to break up the roots, or a sharp knife, or it may be done with the fingers. Cut the leaves back to within an inch of the root and plant the roots in sunny position in ordinary soil. Be sure that the root or rhizome, as it is properly called, is not entirely covered with earth. It needs the rays of the sun to ripen it fully and develop it. Fresh earth is a little about it and water it a very little. Unless the season is very dry, these roots will need little extra water. The following spring you will have many plants of a size to bloom as you have put in pieces of root. Louise Beebe Wilder in Good Housekeeping.

### "Shoots" From Young Ideas.

THE Panamanian is between the United States and Canada; "Brazil" is bounded on the South by Uruguay and on the North by Gumballa; "Pete is the principal food of the Irish; "Cicely is north of Australia; "Grot Briton is in South Asia; "The dividing line between Scotland and England is Mason and Dixon's line; "Monna Lisa is an island north of Australia; these are some of the remarkable answers given to questions by applicants for admission to the United States Naval Academy several years ago.

### New Style Shoes.

A patent has been granted for men's shoes with cuffs turned down at the tops to enable them to be pulled on easily.

A Pennsylvania agriculturist has succeeded in grafting tomato and potato plants together and making them produce both vegetables at the same time.

Lima Beane says a wrinkle is a dimple that has quit smiling.—Vole Blade.

## The Sandman Story for To-night

BY MRS. P. A. WALKER.

What Happened in a Garden.

ONE day a very beautiful butterfly alighted near a rose. "Rose," she said, "I have stopped here that you may admire my beautiful colors. I am sure I am very kind and thoughtful and I hope you will appreciate it."

The Rose was a beautiful red rose and very proud of her beauty and fragrance. At first she was so angry she could not reply, but when the butterfly spread her wings and turned around, saying, "I shall let you see me from all sides, for fragrance you have never before beheld such glorious colors," the Rose spoke.

"You vain and impudent creature," she said, "how dare you talk to me of beauty—I, who rule the garden because I give them more beautiful than any other flowers? Be gone. I care not for your colors."

"Oh! you are an ungrateful creature," said the Butterfly, "and, no doubt, jealous of my wonderful beauty. Why, my dear, just look into the pool of water behind you and you will soon hide yourself in shame."

"You are all red, while I am blue, and yellow, and black, and each wing is so dainty there is nothing to compare with it."

"Hush, you vain creature," replied the angry Rose, "one of my petals is softer and more fragrant than both your wings! Who are you that you should dare address me? If it were not for the flowers, what would become of you, I should like to know. I am not at all sure you did not steal your colors from the flowers—the yellow from the golden glow, the blue from the violet. I suspect you were black before you took the colors from the flowers."

"Oh! you are jealous of my beauty, that is all," said the Butterfly. "I only ask that you turn to the pool behind you and look. I will go, too, and you will soon see who is the more beautiful, my dear."

The angry Rose turned to look in the pool, and—snap!—she broke from her stem and fell into the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

Butterfly, seeing the Rose was close to the water, thought she would have as close a view herself, too, so she flew right on the water.

and her pretty wings were wet and she could not fly.

"O, save me, Weeping Willow!" cried the Rose. "I will never mind anything that silly Butterfly says again."

So the Willow bent its branches over to the water and caught the Butterfly and Rose in its leaves and swung them safe to the shore.

The Butterfly soon flew away, but she forgot to thank the Willow for saving her, and the Rose was picked up by a little girl and carried into the house.

"Do you wonder that I weep?" asked the Weeping Willow of the Bush nearby. "I cannot help it when I see so much vanity and ingratitude all about me. The Butterfly did not thank me for saving her; the Rose did not give me a parting glance when she found she was safe and to be cared for."

"But, surely, you did what was right. You were kind, and that ought to make you glad," said the Bush. "I would not weep. You should be happy!"

"Oh! I weep not for myself, but for those who are foolish and vain," said the Weeping Willow.

"I think that is a very silly thing to do," said the Bush. "You will be weeping the rest of your life if you bother about the vain Rose and that silly Butterfly. Cheer up and be merry!"

"I could not do that," said the Weeping Willow. "I must be true to the family honor and weep, else we would not be weeping willows."

"The Rose was vain, and the Butterfly was silly and vain," said the Bush to itself. "and I think the Weeping Willow is silly, too. It is going to weep all its life just because it belongs to a weeping family."

"I am glad I have no family honors to live up to. What is the use of weeping when there is so much to laugh about in this world?"

Just then a breeze came along and the Bush swayed and bobbed about as merry as if it were dancing. It had forgotten all about the Rose and the Butterfly.

But poor, sad Weeping Willow drooped its branches to the water and wept over the vanity and foolishness of others.

(Copyright, 1918, by The McClure Newspaper Syndicate, New York City.)

## THE HOUSEWIFE'S SCRAPBOOK

DO not throw away the tops of the boiling point set the saucepan on the back of the stove two or three minutes and you will have a delicious, digestible egg.

A tiny bit of baking soda added to the water in which greens are boiled will retain the green color and will not affect the taste of the vegetable.

If you want to serve nice sweet peas with an excellent flavor do not shell them. Wash them thoroughly and put them into a kettle of boiling water. When done the pods rise to the surface and can be skimmed off, while the peas remain at the bottom.

If the grass rug has holes perhaps you can darn them and use the rug—do service for another season. If you use raffia in darning you will have a neat-looking rug.

Window screens will not stick during damp weather if you rub both the screen and screen strip with common soap.

If your new shoes cause the feet to smart and burn sprinkle talcum powder inside the shoes. Rub liberal with this and you will get relief.

The conservation of wheat flour does not mean we must do without pies. Delicious lemon and cream pies can be made with a crust of powder.

Instead of boiling eggs three and a half minutes, pour boiling water over them and let them stand for five minutes. You will find them more digestible. Or you can put them into

Tommy's Advice.

SIR DOUGLAS HAIG was, some few weeks ago, in a hurry to get to a certain place. He found his car, but the chauffeur was missing. So Sir Douglas got in the driver's seat and drove off by himself. Then the driver appeared and saw the car disappearing in the distance.

"Great Scott!" cried the driver. "There's 'Aig a-draw' to his car! He didn't help none—no, I mean, 'But,' and the shock of red hair seemed to bristle with triumph. 'I loined one thing! That Julia has been to the sewing woman and the laundress lady and shut 'em up! Yes, sir! That's what she's done!'"

"Tell it all," said Stone, briefly. "Well, I struck the seamstress first. She wouldn't tell a thing, and I said, 'calmly. I know Julia paid you to keep your mouth shut, but if you don't tell the law'll make you!'"

Julie was to see her 'bout a week ago and give her \$50 not to tell anything at all whatsoever about Miss Van Allen! Some girl, that Vicky Van! 'Julie went there herself!' I cried.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow.)

## VICKY VAN

By Carolyn Wells,

Author of "A Chain of Evidence,"

"The Clue," "Curved Blades,"

"The Mark of Cain," etc.

(Copyright, 1915, 1916, by Frank A. Munsey Co.)

(Copyright, 1918, by J. B. Lippincott Co.)

Stone put the book up in the jar, and motioned for me to hide behind a soft. He himself took up his vigil behind a window-curtain, of heavy brocade.

He had planned all this, before we left my house, and no word was spoken as we took our places. His hope was that Vicky would come into the house late and go straight for her book and quickly out again. He had directed me to wait until she had really abstracted the book from the jar and then, as she was leaving the room, spring after her and stop her.

I obeyed orders implicitly, and, as Stone had warned me, we had a bit of a wait. I grew cramped and tired, and at last I gave up all hope of Vicky's appearance.

And then, she came!

Silently, absolutely without sound, she slipped in from the hall. My eyes, now accustomed to the semi-gloom of the room, could discern her figure as it approached the great

vase. Softly, she raised the cover, she abstracted the book, and with noiseless touch was replacing the cover, when she threw back her head, as if she sensed our presence. I had made no move, nor had I heard a breath of sound from Stone, but Vicky knew some one was present. I knew that by her startled movement. She gave a stifled scream, and pushing the great jar back to the floor, she crashed to pieces. She rushed out of the room and down stairs.

"After her, Calhoun!" I shouted, and as he flung back the heavy curtains the street lights illuminated the scene. But as we avoided the broken fragments we bumped together and lost a few seconds in our recovery from the impact.

This gave Vicky a start, and we heard the street door slam as we raced down the stairs. Here, too, we lost a second or two, for I stepped back to the floor. Stone space just as he did the same for me, and when we had reached the foot of the stairs, leaped through the hall, wrenched open the door and dashed down the steps to the pavement, we saw the flying figure of Vicky Van round the Fifth avenue corner, and turn South.

# The Browns and the Sun Both Seem to Have Had a Narrow Escape From a Total Eclipse

## GRIFF'S SENATORS HAVE WON 7 OF 9 BATTLES IN WEST

Washington, Here for Series, Gains 69 Points and Nears First Division.

## HURLERS IN GREAT FORM

Pitching Puts Club in Race—Browns Beat Yankees and End Losing Streak.

Clark Griffith's Nationals, who call here today to open a series of four games with the Browns, are setting a fast pace on their first invasion of Western territory, and a continuation of their present gain will put them right up among the leaders within the very near future. Incidentally and unfortunately, this record also gives slight hope that the Browns can repeat the four straight defeats administered to the Senators in their own ballpark when the local club was recently in the East.

Thus far Griffith's aggregation has won seven out of nine games in the West. They took three out of four from Cleveland and, hopping over to Detroit, bagged four in five contests played there. When they came West their record was 16 victories and 23 defeats, a percentage of .410. This morning the figures showed 23 victories and 25 losses, for a .479 mark. Thus, they were checked on 58 percentage points in their last nine games and are only a game and a half out of first division.

## Pitching Explains It

Pitching best explains the Nationals' winning streak. Two of their three victories in Cleveland were achieved by the margin of one run, while the only game they lost to the Tribe was a 1-0 affair in which Bagby bested Walter Johnson.

Again in Detroit they won the first game 5 to 4, and the second, which was Nick Altrock's comeback appearance, 3 to 2. They dropped the third game 2 to 4, but won the fourth, 5 to 2, and yesterday Walter Johnson pitched a one-hit, shutout game, while the Nationals counted two runs.

While Griffith's club is changed in personnel this year, it is playing the same style of game characteristic of former Washington clubs. Lacking a cleanup hitter, Griffith depends almost entirely on his pitchers to carry him through, and in great while, the Senators pulverize the opposition's pitching, but more often they are held to few runs and win because their own pitchers hold their opponents to fewer.

## Former Browns in Lineup

The series opening today is more interesting than usual because two former Browns will be arrayed against the locals. They are Bert Shotton and Johnny Lavan, both of whom Bob Quinn handed over to Griffith last winter. Lavan, a right-handed pitcher, reported to be \$15,000. While Shotton played left field for the Browns, Griffith has him stationed in right. Lavan, as usual, is at short.

Both Shotton and Lavan started out in great fashion in their new surroundings. Lavan, who apparently was unable to sustain the pace and have been hitting at about their normal gait in recent games. Today is "Fleddie" Day at Sportsman's Park and the game will begin at 3:30 o'clock. Grover Lowmire appears the logical hurling choice for the Browns, while Griffith may use either Shaw or Ayers.

## Losing Streak Broken

A 5 to 4 victory over the Yankees in 13 innings yesterday fractured the Browns' losing streak, which had reached a total of six straight and pulled Hughes' club out of first place, as the Red Sox came back with a victory over Cleveland. The Yankees left town last night (and nobody expressed any regret) with an average of 9 per game. Time and again, they had chances to break up games, but couldn't deliver and yesterday it was a fluke play that gave them the victory.

## Give Thanks for This

With the bases filled in the twelfth, Severed, batting for Hale, sent a ball to Baker, who threw to Hannah, forcing Hendryx at the plate. Hannah then turned to throw to first for a double play. The ball hit Severed in the back, however, and Gedeon scored from second with the winning run. Mel Gallia started the contest, but gave way to Shocker in the eighth.

The contest was one of the most thrilling staged at Sportsman's Park this season. Umpire batting furnished the sidekick feature, but there were plenty of incidents in the game itself to sustain interest. Slim Love, who started for the Yankees, was expelled from the game in the fourth. Hale was batting and with the count 2 and 3, Umpire Moriarty called the next pitch a ball. Love let out a yell and heaved his glove into left field, by way of expressing disgust. It was promptly given the freedom of the bench. George Mogridge finished and was constantly in trouble.

## SPORT SALAD BY I. C. Harris

Marching to Victory.  
Sound the good old bugle, boys, and make the welkin shriek!  
The Browns won a battle and they broke their losing streak.  
All the fans were cheering till they were too hoarse to speak  
While we were marching to victory.

CHORUS:  
Hooray! Hooray! Truck Hannah changed our luck!  
Hooray! hooray! Hank Severed he struck!  
The blow almost killed Henry but we yelled "hooray for Truck."  
While we were marching to victory.

How the fans applauded when the Browns came back to earth!  
How they were referred to as a gang of sterling worth!  
How the rooters bubbled with a flow of pent-up mirth!  
While we were marching to victory.

CHORUS:  
Hooray! hooray! Our losing streak is bust!  
Hooray! Hooray! Our cause is right and just!  
Soon we'll make the Yankees and the Red Sox take our dust  
While we are marching to victory.

## Forecast

For St. Louis. Fair and warmer. Cloud with silver lining in the vicinity of Sportsman's Park.

The man on the sandbox says you can see an eclipse of the sun at any time by looking at it through a smoked herring.

The Yankees set the pace for 24 hours and then dropped back again to dog the Red Sox steps with that well-known bulldog tenacity we read about in the fly paper.

## A Well-Earned Rest

Old Sol took an hour off Saturday afternoon. The old boy has been working pretty steady for the last 50 years or so and was entitled to a little rest.

Looking at the sun through smoked glass is rare sport if you can stand the excitement.

See where Eddie Cicotte has returned after a protracted visit in the land of Nowhere.

Eddie has just won his fourth straight and if he wins a couple

more the fans will begin to wonder the sporting editors with queries in regard to the pronunciation of his name.

Without casting any aspersions at Hank Severed's tower of knowledge, we'll say "Truck" Hannah spilled the beans when he heaved Hank in the think tank in the welch lining.

## Reverse English

Hannah ought to have a group picture taken of himself, reading from left to right Hannah, reading from right to left Hannah. Going and coming, Hannah, Hannah any way you read it.

Everybody in general and Fielder in particular, heaved a sigh of relief when Miller Huggins packed that new grip and scuttled for the 5:15 or whatever the number of the train that yanked the Yanks out of our midst.

So long, Hank, come again when you're as long and ruddy as much have.

The marines didn't start out with the intention of taking the town of Torrey, but as they happened to run across it on the way to Berlin they thought they might as well grab it.

## Johnson Pitches His 5th Shutout Victory of Year

"Fireball" King of Nationals Leads Hurlers of Both Major Leagues in This Line.

When Walter Johnson, the fireball king of the Nationals, blanked the Tigers yesterday, 2-0, with one safety, he hurled his fifth shutout game of the season. Johnson leads all his rivals in both major leagues in whitewashes. The victory yesterday was his tenth of the year. He has been beaten six times. In 124 2/3 innings he has been scored upon 23 times, an average of 1.62 runs per nine-inning game.

Johnson's shutouts this season have come as follows: May 1, Boston with four hits; May 11, Cleveland with five hits; May 15, Chicago with 10 hits in 13 innings; May 26, Detroit with four hits, and yesterday the Tigers with one safety.

## Four in Row for Cicotte

Eddie Cicotte, last season's winning pitcher for the world's champion White Sox, yesterday gained his fourth straight victory, defeating the Athletics, 2-1, with Scott Perry on the hurling hill. Cicotte allowed nine hits, while his mates made 10 off Perry. A double play, Felch to Schalk kept the Mackmen from tying the score in the ninth.

## Cubs and White Sox Lead

The two Chicago teams—Cubs and White Sox—were the pacemakers in the major league races during the past week. The Bruins won five straight, scoring 24 runs against only eight for the opposition. The White Sox landed five out of six, having a winning streak of five straight shattered by the Athletics. The Cardinals won four out of six, while the Browns were able to gain only one verdict in six starts.

Hubert Leonard, the left-hander of the Red Sox, pitched his team back to first place yesterday when he shut out the Indians, 2-0. He gave eight hits, but kept them widely scattered. Leonard's batting also played an important part in the victory, his two safeties putting mates in scoring positions. "Babe" Ruth failed to get a hit in four attempts.

## GEDEON OUTBATS PRATT; SISLER LEADS HITTERS

Joe Gedeon outbatted Derrill Pratt by a wide margin in the series between the Browns and Yankees which closed yesterday. Gedeon made seven hits in 20 trips to the plate for an average of .350, while Pratt hit safely six times in 22 attempts, which gave him a record of .273.

George Sisler, however, led the regulars in the five games with an average of .353. Frank Baker, who did not get a hit until the ninth inning of the third game, wound up with .313 average. Walter Pipp battled .313. A feature of Pipp's work was that he got six hits and three of them were triples, while the fourth was a home run.

Merridge Gets Finks Double. George Mogridge got two doubles yesterday, but one of them was a fluke. In the sixth inning, he hit a high fly to Tobin. Johnny got under the hit, but lost it in the sun and it fell safe. The pitcher doubled again in the seventh, but against Shocker he fanned twice.

## MUNICIPAL RESULTS

ATHLETIC LEAGUE.  
Southern A. C. 1, Columbia A. C. 0.

Stag A. C. 13, Moons 1.

SOUTH SIDE LEAGUE.  
Alpha Brass 4, Kohlmanns 1.

Arcadians 10, Marvills 5.

Apollos 7, Eckhardt's 5.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE.  
Cardinals 10, Wabash 3.

Hermanns 3, Wabash 2.

MERCANTILE LEAGUE.  
Welsbachs 11, Ben Millers 6.

Donnelly Stars 2, Wagners 0.

Boekers 17, Eisenhelms 1.

ROYALTY LEAGUE.  
Bob Walters 7, St. Engelberts 0.

Hoty Trinity 9, St. Augustines 0 (forfeit).

EMPIRE LEAGUE.  
Hy-Tex 7, Centrals 3.

Bodens 11, Nationals 2.

Premierstars 12, Inlands 10.

Bodens 5, Wabash 2.

## COUNTRY CLUB MAY NOT SEND TEAM TO TRANSMISSISSIPPI

New District Champion Plans to Go to Pittsburg to Attend Invitation Event.

## BUSINESS BALKS OTHERS

Hard Matches Expected in Semi-Finals of Forest Park Golf Club Championship.

## By John E. Wray.

St. Louis Country Club, known for years as the local "golf trust," because of the number of men it annually sent to important city and state tournaments, this year may not be represented in the best golfing feature annually held west of the Mississippi River, the transmississippi tournament.

Stuart Stickney of the Double C, winner of the St. Louis district title for the fourth time, last week stated that he did not expect to attend either the Kansas City event next Monday or the State championship at Excelsior Springs, July 10, but that he had about concluded arrangements to go to Pittsburg to play in an invitation event there.

Everett Edmunds, another Country Club player, prominent in State and national golfing affairs, said that he did not think business affairs would permit him to be represented. W. Arthur Stickney has not been on his game this season. If the Country Club is represented at all it will, therefore, be by second-string men.

## Only Two Entries Thus Far

The only entries to the T-M from this city made public thus far are those of Manion and Jess Carleton; who never overlook a Missouri event of any description.

Clarence Wolff, the city champion and perhaps the most dangerous of the young players of the city, had not been able to see his way clear to entering the Transmississippi, Saturday.

Frank Lynch said that he expected to enter. It is also probable that the 17-year-old star Richard Bockenkamp, of the Municipal Links, will attend. Chris Kautsky is still debating whether to go or not.

At present the St. Louis representation at Hillcrest is expected to be smaller than usual, as the T-M's annual gathering.

## Semi-Finals at Forest Park

Play in the annual spring championship of the Forest Park Golf Association has narrowed to four candidates who will meet this week in the semi-final round. Bockenkamp, a youthful prodigy who is developing into a star, is one of the favorites. E. J. Snowden will oppose M. J. Critchton and Frank Lynch will face L. I. Johnson.

The final round will determine the winner. Bockenkamp is favored to win this honor and then will come the tug of war. Lynch is a more experienced player and his 76-round at Midland Valley showed his merit. Being beaten in 76 is something of a feat, in itself.

To reach the semi-finals Chicheton yesterday defeated W. Kassman 3 up and 2 to play; Lynch won from George Koob 2 and 1; Hamel eliminated Roy Hartnett 2 and 1. Bockenkamp had previously disposed of D. R. Read 2 and 1.

## Country Club Plans Benefit

An invitation handicap golf tournament, the proceeds of which will be turned over to the St. Louis Comfort Committee of the Navy League, is announced by the St. Louis Country Club. The event will take place on the club's links June 22. Each club of the local district will be invited to send two players.

Prizes will be donated by S. C. Davis. One prize will be for the best net score, two prizes for the best two scores combined and four prizes for the best foursome net score. Handicaps are to be based on par instead of bogey for the respective courses.

Country Club is considered the best course in the local district from the standpoint of scientific golf construction.

## Oklahoma City Gets Game

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., June 10.—Oklahoma City was awarded the game played at Omaha May 23 and won by Omaha in the ninth inning, according to a decision by E. W. Dickerson, president of the Western League, yesterday. Dickerson found that Omaha used Player Williams as a pinch hitter when he was under suspension. Williams' hit brought in the winning run. The game was played before the present Oklahoma City team was transferred from Hutchinson, Kan.

## PROSPERITY

A smart roll front style.

## Idle COLLARS

have exclusively—

Linsend Unbreakable Buttonholes

GEORGE P. IDE & CO., 1001 N. W. 10th St., N. Y.

## HENDRICKS' CREW HAS WON 6 OF 10 ON FOREIGN SOIL

Cardinals Have Edge Over Eastern Clubs, While They Dropped Two to Pirates.

## OPPOSE GIANTS TODAY

Red Ames Is Down to Face Old Teammates in Final, Opposed by Jeff Tesreau.

## NEW YORK, June 10.—

Only one game out of the first division, Jack Hendricks and his batting Cardinals are preparing for another rush this week like the one of last, when they won four games and lost two in New York and Brooklyn. Two of the victories came at the expense of the league champion Giants. After today's game they go to Philadelphia for a four-game series with the tottering Phillies, and if they play the game they have shown here Hendricks believes they can easily lead the second division and perhaps edge into the first by the week-end.

The Cardinals' fighting has been a revelation to New York fans, who had expected because of the three straight victories gained by the Giants in St. Louis on the last Western trip that the Cards would be easy picking. Instead, they found a bunch of snappy, aggressive players, handicapped by weakness in the outfield and at second base, but always working hard at every stage of the game.

The two victories in three starts for St. Louis came as a shock, but the New York critics are willing to admit their team was outplayed and they are not so sure the Cards won't make it three out of four today for the Giant pitching staff is giving McGraw much concern just now.

## Have Won Six Out of Ten

Since leaving home the Cards have lost two out of three in Pittsburgh, won three out of four in Brooklyn and won two out of three here, making their standing for the trip six won and four lost. Hendricks is well satisfied with the showing.

The Cards' manager tried hard to get Johnny Walters out of the lineup, but his emissary reached Johnny he found that the Trojan had agreed to go to France for the Government, so that he could not be sent to the field had to be passed up. Jack has other irons in the fire, but there is nothing that can be made public yet.

Young Clifford Heathcote surprised the metropolitan fans by his fine playing in Saturday's doubleheader. He got his chance when Jack Smith was put out of the first game by Lord Byron, and proceeded to give as good an exhibition of outfielding as any in the league has shown in a long time. He robbed Kauff of a sure triple by a wonderful capture in the second game, taking the ball over his shoulder almost at once.

Ames Is Down to Pitch. Red Ames will probably be the Cards' box man today, and the veteran has been well reared up since Wednesday when he pitched the last game against Brooklyn. He likes to beat his old teammates, the Giants. McGraw will probably start Jeff Tesreau, who twirled a few innings of Thursday's game.

## MOUND CITY OARSMEN

## WIN EVENT ON RIVER

The Mound City six-oared crew was the winner over Central and Baden at the annual revival day regatta of the Baden Rowing Club held in the river yesterday. The race was for two miles downstream and was for the John Schiff trophy. Only three crews competed.

Harold Kruger of Honolulu broke his own world's record for 40-year back stroke in 23:25. His former record was 24.

## 3 ST. JOE PLAYERS CALLED

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 10.—Pitcher Luschen of the St. Joseph Western League team has been called immediately for service in the National Army. Third Baseman Snod and Outfielder Kirkham will leave June 24 to go to one of the army camps, it was announced last night.

## TWILIGHT GAMES IN I. L.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 9.—Twilight baseball will be inaugurated here starting some time this week, according to a statement yesterday by George F. Johnson, owner of the local International League team.

## RECORDS ARE BETTERED

ALAMEDA, Cal., June 10.—Francis Cowells of San Francisco, swimming a mile yesterday in 28 m. 55 s. 4 a. In open tidal water here, broke the record of 31m. 19 s. 5 a., made at New York on Sept. 2, 1916, by Claire Gellan.

## BRAVES BEAT CAMP TEAM

NEWPORT, R. I., June 10.—The Boston Nationals defeated the team representing the second naval district here yesterday, 5 to 1. Schultz held the Braves to three hits but erratic fielding behind him allowed the major leaguers to win. Score by innings:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
Boston . . . . . 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1  
Newport . . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

Batteries: Boston—Upman, Canavan and Tragesser. Newport—Schultz and Murphy.

## WRAY'S COLUMN

### Title Fights Permitted in England

WHILE Governors of U. S. commonwealths have clamped the lid on all title boxing contests, in England they still conduct "championships as usual." The difference lies in the fact that in England all the title battles are between men who have enlisted in the service.

Thus, the most recent championship fight took place at the National Sporting Club of London, a short time ago, between Sergt. Jimmy Wilde and Private Heasman. The contest was set for 15 rounds, but 53 seconds after the second round had begun, Heasman extended his hand in token of defeat, just as the towel was thrown into the ring. Heasman had been flogged on three occasions.

Perhaps a world's championship battle between Private Jess Willard and Private Fred Fulton would be looked upon with more favor than the attempt of these two BIG hunks to fight as civilians.

Extremes May Meet. JESS WILLARD, when asked why he had failed to go into the service after wiring the President his willingness to aid, is said to have replied that he was refused because of his immense size. This was denied by recruiting officers.

However, perhaps the recruiting department would see things differently if Jess pulled Jimmy Wilde's "try, try again" stunt. Because of his size, Wilde was refused on THREE different occasions, before he finally was taken in. He eventually was accepted, in spite of weight regulations. How far below regulation Jimmy was is shown by his fight with Heasman. He scaled 193 1/2 pounds for that bout!

Think it over, Jess.

### "Another Ty Cobb" Was Right

ANNUALLY "New Ty Cobbs" are born in the spring, flourish through the free rub training junket and expire in the pitiless ordeal of the major league campaign. Seldom a year comes around in which some player is not alluded to as "another Ty Cobb," "another Wagner" or "Lafayette, perhaps."

The fact that in 20 years there has been only ONE Wagner, ONE Lafol, ONE Cobb and ONE Speaker indicates the futility of overrating beginners.

—with one and only one exception.

### \$30,000 IS RAISED FOR RED CROSS AT BENEFIT GOLF MATCH IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, June 10.—All records for Red Cross funds raised at a golf match were broken yesterday at the Lake Shore Country Club with records of \$30,000. The match ended all square, Chick Evans, national champion, and James Barnes, Western open champion, were pitted against Jack Hutchinson, Patriotic open champion, and Bob McDonald of Indian Hill Club, Chicago. Hutchinson equaled the course record of 69, set by him last on Friday, while Evans broke the record by two strokes took 72, scoring two 2s for a record of 34 on the second nine. McDonald took 74 strokes and Barnes, who was unfamiliar with the championship links, required 76.

With Julius Rosenwald as auctioneer, the game was stopped momentarily at the second tee, while the four balls used to play the first hole were purchased by the Lake Shore club for \$11,000. Similar auctions took place from tee to tee.

### ELMER MILLER SPIKED

Elmer Miller, the Yankees' center fielder, was spiked by George Sisler in the seventh inning of yesterday's matinee and forced to leave the game. Miller singled to right and Demmitt attempted to throw him out at first. Sisler stepped on the bag and Miller's toe at the same time. Armando Marsans, former Brownie, finished the game in Miller's place.

### R. MOULT AND HEINECKE WIN FINALS IN DOUBLES

Robert Moul and Alfred Heinecke defeated Leo Moul and Ed Wohlberg in the doubles finals of the Carondelet Park elimination tournament yesterday. The scores were 4-2, 4-3, 6-3, 1-6, 6-1. The winning duo had previously beaten Elyester and Burak, 2-6, 4-2, 6-2. As a result, the former will be the first doubles team and L. Moul and Wohlberg the second doubles team to represent Carondelet Park in the interclub tournaments scheduled to begin June 15. Play in the singles and doubles of the women's tournament was started yesterday.

### Dredges Beats Justies

Det Dredges won the O'Fallon Park tennis championship yesterday when he defeated Fred Justies, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4.

### Pipp Gets First Homer

Walter Pipp, the big first sacker of the Yankees got a toe hold on one of Galla's twisters in the second inning of yesterday's matinee and sent it into the right field bleachers for a home run. It was Pipp's first circuit clout of the season. Fortunately, the bases were unoccupied.

## SMALL ENTRY FOR WOMEN'S CENTRAL STATES TOURNEY

Mrs. Adelaide Yeager Only Out-of-Town Player of Consequence Here to Compete.

## FIRST MATCH AT 3 P. M.

Misses Gould and Armetin Strongest Local Entries in Today's Matches.

Promoters of the first Women's Central States Tennis Championship, which opens today at 3 p. m. on the courts of the Triple A. at Forest Park, were greatly disappointed at the small entry received up to 9 o'clock this morning. Only eight entries had been received for the singles and four in the doubles, with Mrs. Adelaide Yeager of Los Angeles the only out-of-town player of prominence here to compete for the title.

St. Louis women explain the failure of a larger number to enter on the ground of war and Red Cross and war work, which has so occupied their time as to prevent practice.

The event is a patriotic affair, and the entry fees are to go to the Red Cross.

## Mrs. Yeager Favored

Unless later entries change the character of the match, the event seems to lie between Mrs. Yeager and Misses Gould, Haase and Armetin of St. Louis, as far as the singles is concerned. Mrs. Yeager, the favorite, in the past has won the State and Kansas City and sectional titles.

In the doubles Miss Gould and Mrs. Yeager have been paired and they should not lose a set in the entire tournament, unless they ease up in their play or take too long becoming acquainted with each other's style.

Following were the entries received up to 10 a. m. today:

## SINGLES

Mrs. Adelaide Yeager, Miss Margaret Haase, Miss Corrine Gould, Miss N. Armetin, Mrs. S. H. Adams, Mrs. A. Fink, Mrs. C. Baker, Miss C. Pinnagan.

## DOUBLES

Miss Adelaide and Genevieve Dubuque, Miss Louise Leasing, Miss M. Kronstein, Mrs. S. H. Adams and partner.

## Final Round Reached

The St. Louis Park Club's tournament reached the final round yesterday, when S. H. Maul beat Grunwald, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3. C. Maul disposed of Charley Borne, 6-2, 6-3, 6-1, in the other semifinal match. In the doubles on semifinal match was played, Borne and L. C. Maul defeated Stahl and Grunwald, 6-1, 6-4, 7-5.



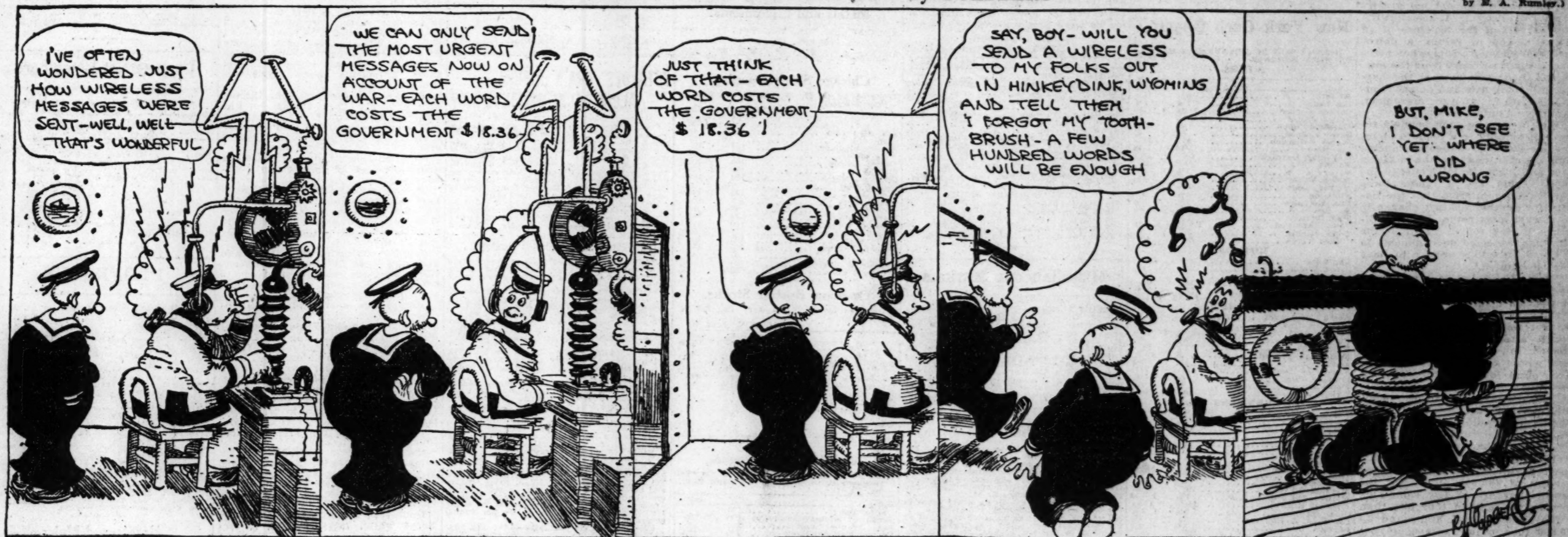
## Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out



A Case of Heredity.  
"Who understands me?"  
"That is not to be wondered at, child. Your mother was a telephone girl before she married, and your father was a train announcer."  
—Louisville Courier-Journal.



## MIKE AND IKE—THEY LOOK ALIKE—By GOLDBERG



## "SAY, POP!"—UNCLE SI HAD A KICK COMING—By PAYNE



## VOLUNTEER VIC

By LEMEN



## PENNY ANTE—The Big Winner Stalling Off a "Touch"

By JEAN KNOTT

